



Medi-Cal Access to Care Quarterly Monitoring Report #7 2013 Quarter 2



BENEFICIARY PARTICIPATION

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Medi-Cal FFS Beneficiary Participation Trends

Introduction

Compared with those covered by private insurance, the Medi-Cal program provides health care coverage to a fairly heterogeneous and disadvantaged population. The Medi-Cal population is comprised of individuals with unique demographic characteristics, clinical needs, and benefit packages, which are reflective of complex eligibility and administrative rules.

Historically, Medi-Cal eligibility was subject to categorical restrictions that limited enrollment to the elderly, persons with disabilities, members of families with dependent children, pregnant women and children, certain women with breast or cervical cancer, and uninsured individuals with tuberculosis. To qualify, an individual's income and resources had to meet specific thresholds. While many of Medi-Cal's initial eligibility pathways were tied to receipt of cash assistance under programs such as Aid to Families with Dependent Children, or the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program, changes in recent years have shifted eligibility determination to an income-based approach.

Highlights

FFS participation for full scope beneficiaries increased 4.4% from the third quarter of 2012 to the second quarter of 2013, from 1,143,775 to 1,193,735 average monthly eligibles.

The largest increase in FFS participation occurred among children transitioned from the Healthy Families program (49.4%).*

English is the primary language for 48.4% of beneficiaries; 47.9% of beneficiaries reported Spanish as their primary language.

Hispanics represent 62.4% of the total FFS Medi-Cal Only population.

The range of benefits offered by the Medi-Cal program also varies among groups. For example, some groups may gain access to Medi-Cal services only after experiencing an acute care hospital admission, in which case individuals are not eligible for Medi-Cal at the time of admission, but gain it retroactively. Other groups, such as undocumented immigrants, are only entitled to a limited scope of health care services.

Understanding the unique complexities of the Medi-Cal subpopulations is crucial for administrators to develop suitable policies and processes that will ensure appropriate access to care for all beneficiaries.

Population characteristics such as age and health care needs must be carefully evaluated when considering health system capacity and service use, since each subpopulation will present different clinical needs and thus require specific services and provider types. In addition, how the population is distributed throughout the state geographically relative to providers is also vitally important. Figure BP-1 shows the most prevalent clinical conditions affecting various Medi-Cal subpopulations.

*A multi-phase transition of children from the Healthy Families program into Medi-Cal occurred throughout 2013. Some of these children temporarily entered FFS, but were subsequently required to enroll in managed care health plans in accordance with program policy.

Figure BP-1. Top Reasons Medi-Cal FFS Beneficiaries Seek Care by Age and Aid Category

Aid Category	Adults (21+ years)	Aid Category	Children (0–21 years)
Aged (65+ years)	Essential hypertension Diabetes mellitus with and without complication Disorders of lipid metabolism Lower respiratory diseases Chest pain Deficiency and other Anemia Cardiac Dysrhythmias	Blind/Disabled	Rehabilitative care; fitting of prostheses Developmental disorders Paralysis Upper respiratory infections Other congenital anomalies Nutrition, endocrine, and other metabolic disorders Epilepsy
Blind/Disabled	Essential hypertension Spondylosis; intervertebral disc disorders; other back problems Diabetes mellitus without complications Lower respiratory diseases Non traumatic joint disease Abdominal pain	Foster Care	Upper respiratory infections Blindness and vision defects Attention-deficit conduct and disruptive behavior Medical exams and evaluations Asthma Developmental disorders
Families	Pregnancy-related conditions Medical exams, evaluations, and screening for suspected conditions Abdominal pain Spondylosis; intervertebral disc disorders; other back problems Contraceptive and procreative management Upper respiratory diseases	Families	Upper and lower respiratory infections Otitis media and related conditions Acute bronchitis Blindness and vision defects Liveborn infant care Disorders of the teeth and jaw
Other	Pregnancy-related conditions Medical exams, evaluations, and screening for suspected conditions Breast cancer Contraception and procreative management Diabetes Essential hypertension	Other	Upper and lower respiratory infections Liveborn infant care Hemolytic and perinatal jaundice Other perinatal conditions Otitis media and related conditions Normal pregnancy and delivery Nutritional, endocrine, and metabolic disorders
Undocumented	Pregnancy-related conditions Medical exams, evaluations and screening for suspected conditions Abdominal pain Injuries and conditions due to external causes Contraceptive and procreative management Chest Pain	Undocumented	Liveborn infant care Normal pregnancy and delivery Hemolytic and perinatal jaundice Other perinatal conditions Complications of pregnancy and birth Abdominal pain

The degree of responsibility for ensuring access to care may vary depending on the subpopulation and type of coverage afforded. For example, approximately 38% of the beneficiaries participating in Medi-Cal's traditional FFS system and not eligible for Medicare are undocumented aliens who are entitled only to pregnancy-related care and emergency services. For these beneficiaries, DHCS is responsible for ensuring access to prenatal care, obstetrical, and emergency department services only. The remaining beneficiaries participating in Medi-Cal's FFS system who are not eligible for Medicare qualify for full-scope services. Roughly one-third of this population is enrolled in Family aid categories, and less than 10% is enrolled in Blind/Disabled aid categories.

The distribution of beneficiaries enrolled in FFS and managed care was approximately fifty-fifty between 2004 and 2007. Since 2008, managed care has become the predominant health care delivery model, accounting for 63.6% of all Medi-Cal beneficiaries as of July 1, 2012.

Between January 2011–January 2012, there was a net shift of over one-half million beneficiaries of the Medi-Cal population from FFS to the managed care delivery model. Two developments are primarily responsible for the shift in participation between the two health care delivery models:

1. Under the terms of California's Section 1115 "Bridge to Reform" waiver, beneficiaries enrolled in Seniors and Persons with Disabilities (SPDs) aid categories were required to enroll in managed care programs. Approximately 300,000 SPDs were shifted into managed care plans from June 2011–May 2012.
2. An expansion in the number of counties that transitioned from the FFS to the managed care model occurred between January 2011–January 2012. Ventura, Mendocino, and Marin Counties shifted a total of nearly 150,000 Medi-Cal beneficiaries from the FFS to the managed care model.

Healthy Families Transition

On January 1, 2013, DHCS began the first of four phases in 2013 to transition approximately 860,000 children from the Healthy Families Program into Medi-Cal. To ensure minimal disruption to coverage, DHCS assigned certain children presumptive eligibility for Medi-Cal benefits under the FFS program until the date of their annual eligibility review for Medi-Cal. These children with presumptive eligibility under the FFS program are classified under the Other aid category in this report, which was a significant factor in the overall increase in FFS participation in the second quarter of 2013.

Methods

The access monitoring activities that DHCS has undertaken and described here are directed at beneficiaries participating in Medi-Cal's FFS delivery system only and exclude beneficiaries eligible for both Medicare and Medi-Cal. In addition, only those beneficiaries who become "certified" by meeting their monthly share of cost are included in the analysis.

Beneficiary participation summaries were derived from the Medi-Cal Eligibility System Monthly Extract File (MMEF). This data source provides information on a monthly basis regarding beneficiaries' length of participation, aid category under which they are eligible for services, and demographic data, including age, gender, race/ethnicity, and primary language spoken. In addition, the MMEF file contains geographic variables, which allow examination of the data by county, metropolitan designation, or Medical Service Study Area (MSSA).

In this report, Medi-Cal participation in the FFS health care delivery system was measured as "Member Months," representing the number of months a beneficiary has been in the Medi-Cal FFS delivery system during the reporting period. Average quarterly member months were calculated for all Medi-Cal beneficiaries included in the selection criteria. To reveal potential differences in participation based on specific health care needs, beneficiaries participating in Medi-Cal's FFS system and not eligible for Medicare were grouped into homogeneous subpopulations based on one of six eligibility categories: Blind/Disabled, Families, Aged, Foster Care, Undocumented, and Other. See [Appendix B](#) for more detailed information on aid categories and codes.

Additional criteria include whether beneficiaries receive full or restricted scope of Medi-Cal services, and their age group (0–17, 18–65, 65+ years old). Statistics reflecting the gender, race/ethnicity, and primary language spoken among beneficiaries are also presented since these factors have been known to influence health service use. Furthermore, geographic variations in Medi-Cal enrollees were explored stratifying beneficiaries by county and metropolitan designation.¹

Change in participation in the FFS health care delivery system was evaluated by calculating the difference in the number of Medi-Cal beneficiaries (average member months) across quarters, as a percentage of total beneficiaries participating from the third quarter of 2012 to the second quarter of 2013. Additional comparisons were made between the current quarter being studied and the previous quarter.

¹ Metropolitan designations were identified using ERS Rural-Urban Continuum Codes. The Rural-Urban Continuum Codes are calculated by examining the size of a county and its proximity to a metropolitan area. Rural-Urban Continuum Codes form a classification scheme that distinguishes metropolitan (metro) counties by the population size of their metro area, and nonmetropolitan (nonmetro) counties by degree of urbanization and adjacency to a metro area or areas.

Results

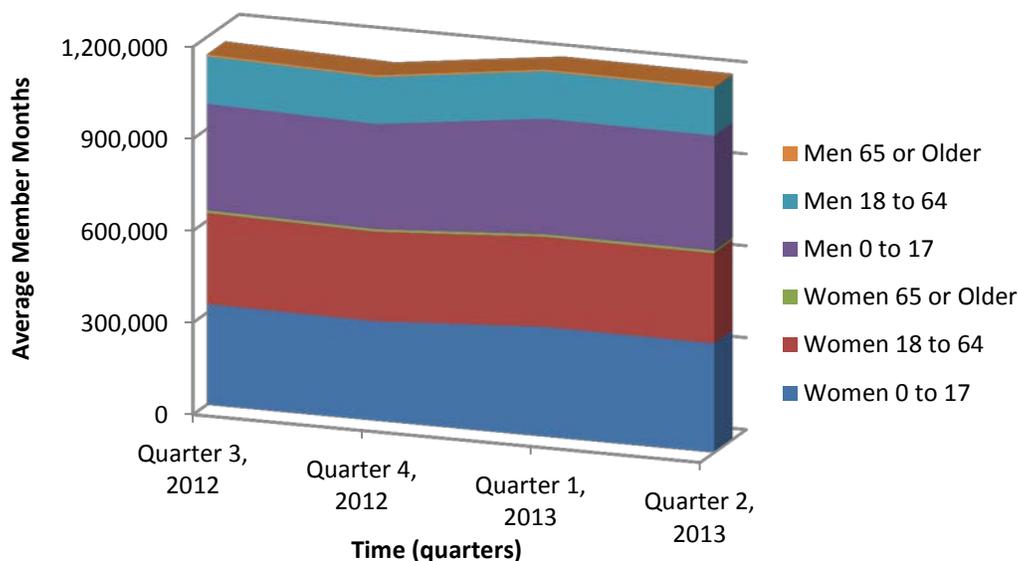
Medi-Cal Full Scope Beneficiaries by Gender and Age

Participation in the FFS health care delivery system for Medi-Cal beneficiaries who were eligible for full scope services increased 4.4% from the third quarter of 2012 to the second quarter of 2013, from 1,143,775 to 1,193,735 average monthly eligibles (see Table BP-5). Children’s increased participation was primarily responsible for the overall increase, with an 8.0% increase from the third quarter of 2012 to the second quarter of 2013. This increase is due to the transition of children from the Healthy Families program into Medi-Cal that began January 1, 2013.

Overall FFS participation for full scope beneficiaries increased 4.4% from the third quarter of 2012 to the second quarter of 2013.

FFS program participation decreased slightly (-0.3%) between the most recent quarter of the study period and the previous quarter. For people age 65 and older, FFS participation increased during the last quarter (5.9%), a significant development when compared with the change over the entire study period (0.9%) (see Table BP-5).

Figure BP-2. Average Monthly Eligibles, Full Scope FFS Beneficiaries, by Gender and Age Group, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013



Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

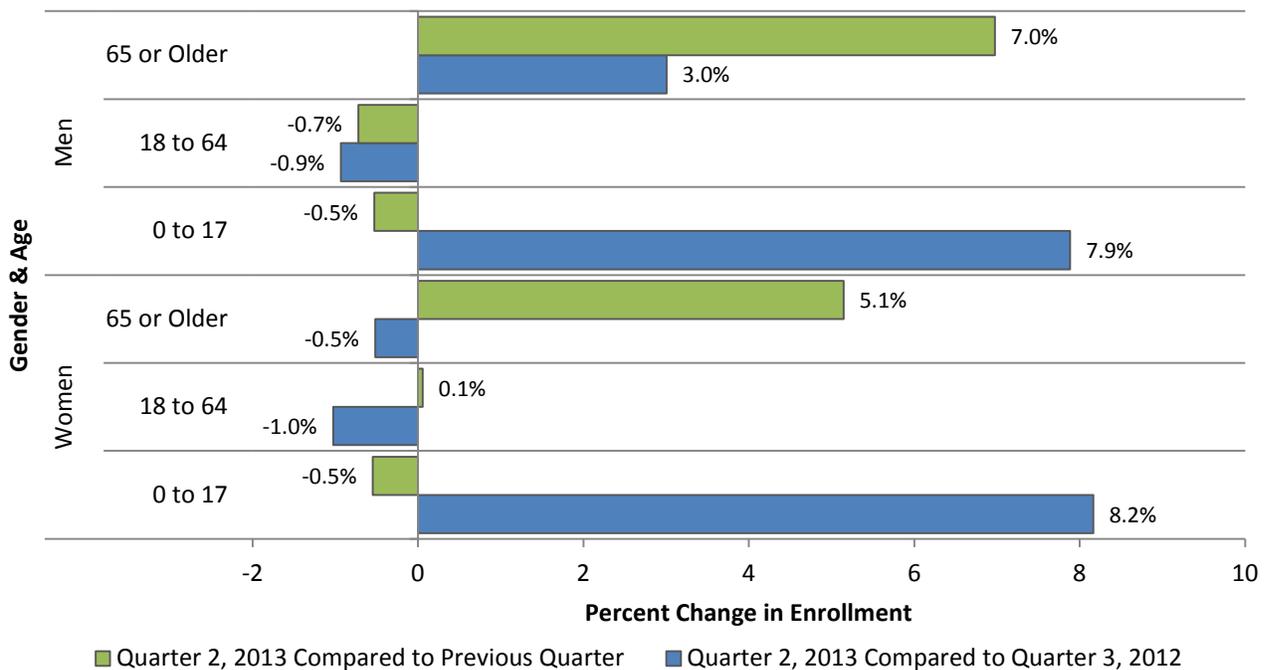
In Figure BP-3, the largest increase in FFS participation from the third quarter of 2012 to the second quarter of 2013 was among females age 0-17 (8.2%) and males age 0-17 (7.9%). Among young adults age 18–64, females experienced a larger decrease (-1.0%) in FFS participation than males (-0.9%) across this same 12-month study period.

A large number of full scope beneficiaries participating in the FFS health care delivery system are age 0-17, comprising 59% of the population in the third quarter of 2012 and 61% in the second quarter of 2013.

Among adults age 65 or older, there were significant increases in participation among both women (5.1%) and men (7.0%) from the previous quarter to the second quarter of 2013.

Increased FFS participation was observed among both males (7.0%) and females (5.1%) over the age of 65 when comparing the second quarter of 2013 with the previous quarter. When examining the 12-month study period, FFS participation declined among women over the age of 65 (-0.5%) and increased among men of that age group (3.0%).

Figure BP-3. Change in FFS Participation among Full Scope Beneficiaries, by Gender and Age, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013



Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

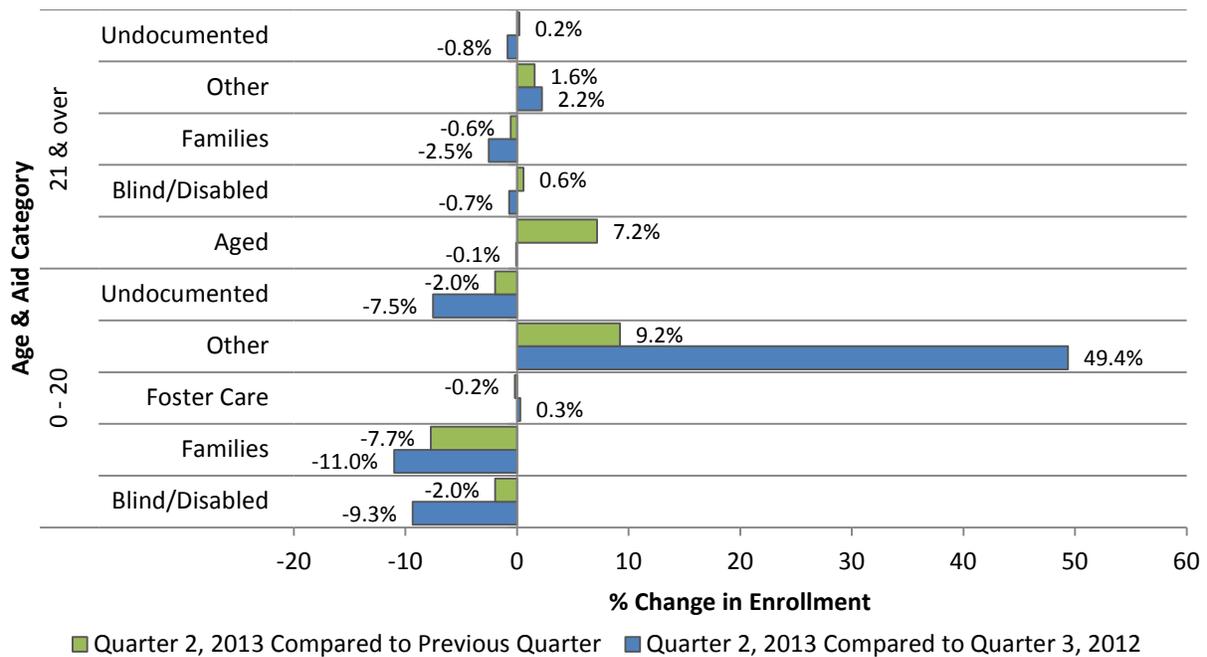
Medi-Cal Beneficiaries by Age and Aid Category

When comparing participation changes from the third quarter of 2012 to the second quarter of 2013, increases in FFS participation were observed among both adults and children in the Other aid category. A sharp increase in FFS participation was observed among children in the Other aid category (49.4%), primarily due to the transition of children from the Healthy Families program into Medi-Cal starting January 1, 2013.

The largest increase in FFS participation occurred among children age 0-20 in the Other aid category (49.4%).

The largest decline in FFS participation in this reporting period occurred for children in the Families (-11.0%) aid category, with smaller declines observed for children in the Blind/Disabled (-9.3%) and Undocumented (-7.5%) aid categories, and adult beneficiaries in the Families (-2.5%) aid category.

Figure BP-4. Change in FFS Participation among All Beneficiaries, by Age and Aid Category, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013



Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Evaluating FFS participation across the last two quarters in the study period revealed significant declines for children in the Families (-7.7%) aid category and modest declines for children in the Blind/Disabled (-2.0%), and Undocumented (-2.0%) aid categories. Changes for adults were negligible except for a 7.2% increase in the Aged aid category.

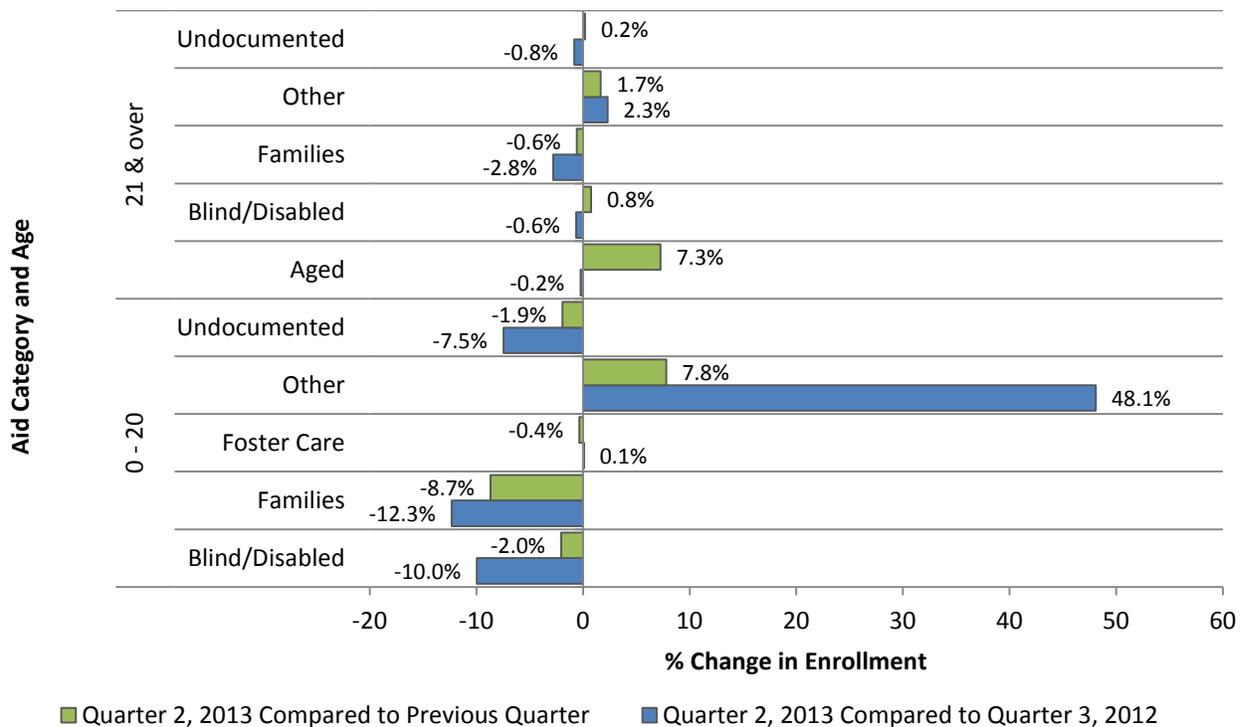
Medi-Cal Beneficiary Participation in Metropolitan and Non-Metropolitan Counties

Overall, FFS participation increased 1.6% from the third quarter of 2012 to the second quarter of 2013 among beneficiaries residing in metropolitan counties and increased 4.6% in non-metropolitan counties (see Table BP-8 and Table BP-9 in [Appendix A](#)). However, FFS participation differed among some of the different subpopulations evaluated in both metropolitan and non-metropolitan counties.

In metropolitan areas, a large increase in FFS participation was observed among children in the Other aid category (48.1%).

For beneficiaries residing in metropolitan counties, decreases in participation occurred among adults in the Aged (-0.2%), Blind/Disabled (-0.6%), Undocumented (-0.8%), and Families (-2.8%) aid categories. More significant decreases occurred among metropolitan children in the Families (-12.3%), Blind/Disabled (-10.0%), and Undocumented (-7.5%) aid categories. A sharp increase was observed for children in the Other (48.1%) aid category, with modest increases among adults in the Other (2.3%) aid category.

Figure BP-5. Change in FFS Participation among Medi-Cal Beneficiaries in Metropolitan Counties, by Age and Aid Category, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013

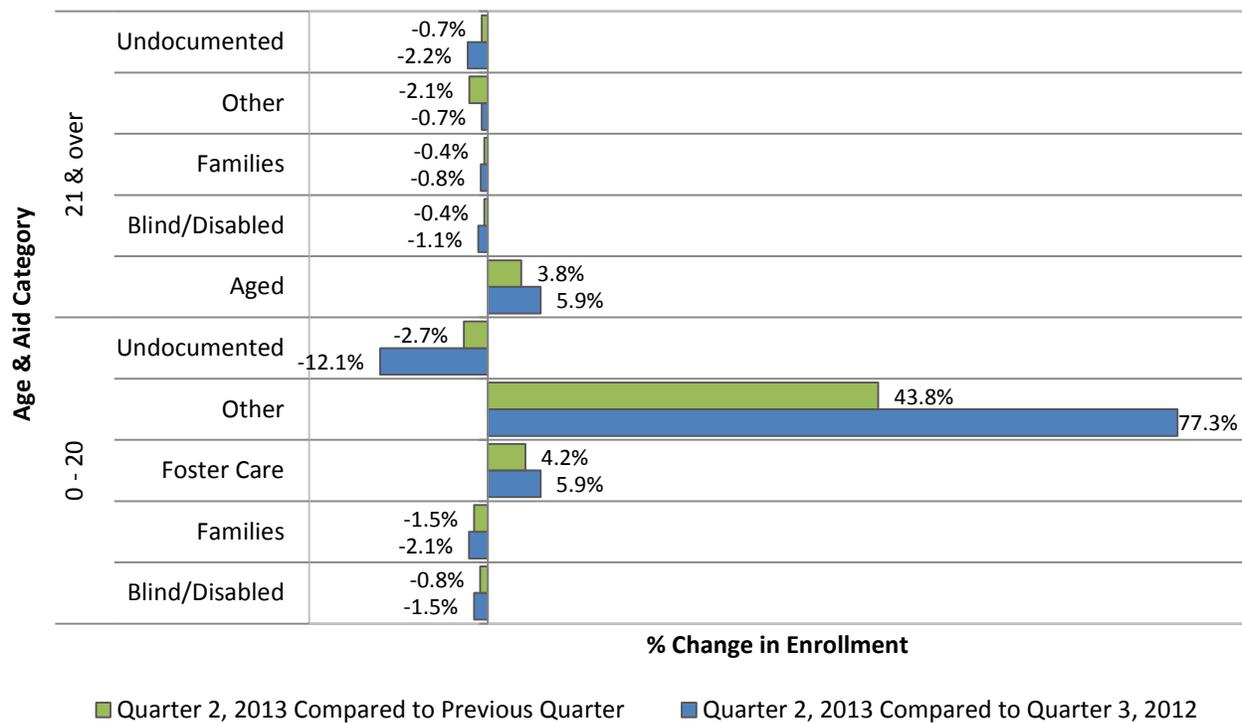


Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

FFS beneficiaries in non-metropolitan counties generally experienced similar patterns in FFS participation as metropolitan areas. For example, FFS participation for children enrolled in Undocumented aid codes and residing in non-metropolitan areas of the state declined 12.1%, while FFS participation for those residing in metropolitan areas declined 7.5%. Meanwhile, the largest increase in non-metropolitan areas occurred among children in the Other aid category, with a 77.3% increase over the 12-month study period and a 43.8% increase between the second quarter of 2013 and the previous quarter.

The most significant difference between metropolitan and non-metropolitan counties was the pattern of overall decline in FFS participation for non-metropolitan adults, with the exception of an increase of adults enrolled in the Aged aid category (5.9%). Declines in FFS participation for children were more moderate in non-metropolitan areas, especially among those enrolled in the Families (-2.1%) and Blind/Disabled (-1.5%) aid categories. Finally, increases in participation among children enrolled in the Foster Care aid category were more significant for non-metropolitan areas (5.9%) compared with metropolitan areas (0.1%).

Figure BP-6. Change in FFS Participation among Medi-Cal Beneficiaries in Non-Metropolitan Counties, by Age and Aid Category, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013

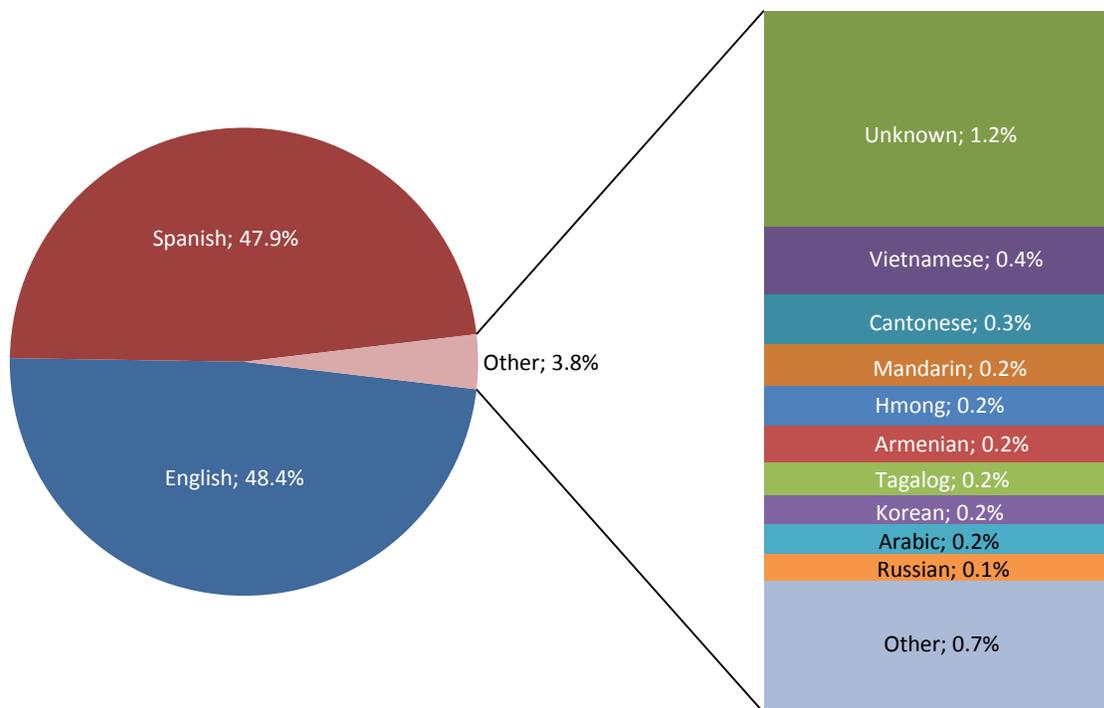


Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Distribution of Medi-Cal Only FFS Beneficiaries by Primary Language Spoken

As displayed in Figure BP-7, English was self-reported as the primary language spoken by 48.4% of beneficiaries participating in FFS and eligible for Medi-Cal only for the second quarter of 2013. Spanish was the primary language used by 47.9% of the beneficiaries participating in FFS and eligible for Medi-Cal only. The remaining 3.8% of beneficiaries spoke a variety of primary languages, including Vietnamese, Cantonese, Mandarin, Hmong, Armenian, Tagalog, Korean, Arabic, and Russian.

Figure BP-7. Distribution of FFS Medi-Cal Only Beneficiaries, by Primary Language Spoken, June 2013

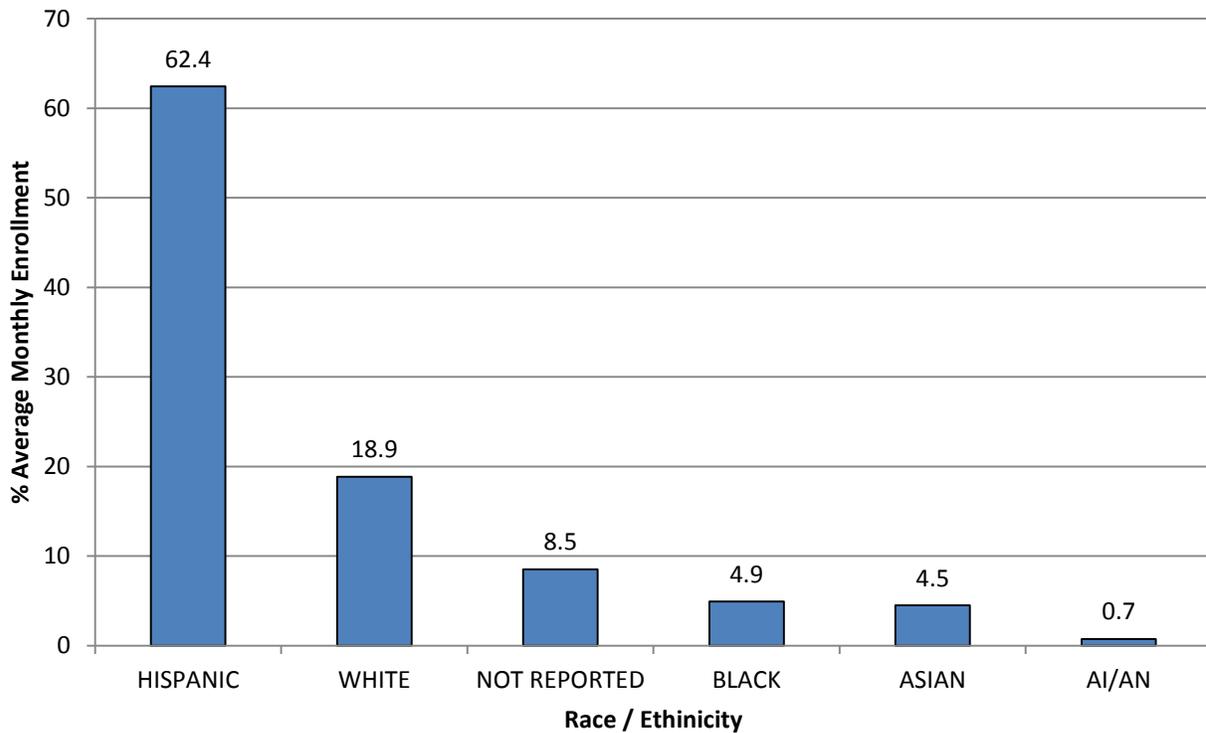


Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF, June 2013 file (reflecting a 4-month reporting lag).

Distribution of Medi-Cal Only FFS Beneficiaries by Race/Ethnicity

As displayed in Figure BP-8, Hispanics represented 62.4% of the total population participating in FFS and eligible for Medi-Cal only for the second quarter of 2013. Whites accounted for 18.9% of all FFS Medi-Cal beneficiaries, while African American and Asian beneficiaries represented a much smaller portion of the overall population (4.9% and 4.5%, respectively). An additional 8.5% of the FFS Medi-Cal population reported no race/ethnic data.

Figure BP-8. Distribution of FFS Beneficiaries, by Race/Ethnicity, June 2013



Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF, June 2013 file. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Distribution of Medi-Cal Only FFS Beneficiaries by County

As shown in Figure BP-9 and Figure BP-10, when comparing participation changes for all FFS beneficiaries across the entire 12-month study period, large variations were observed by county. A majority of counties (50 out of 58 total counties) saw an increase in FFS participation, with the counties of San Mateo (28.3%), and Mendocino (16.3%) representing the greatest increases. Only eight counties experienced a decline in participation, with Solano County experiencing the largest decrease (-3.2%). Six counties experienced less than one percent point change in either direction.

Only eight counties in California experienced decreases in FFS participation.

Some differences were noted when evaluating participation for full-scope beneficiaries. Similar patterns were observed in Figure BP-10, although the degree of change was more pronounced, with a 68.8% increase in San Mateo County over the four quarters under study (see Table BP-2). The change in participation is most likely due to the transition of children from the Healthy Families program into Medi-Cal that started in January 2013. The data include children as they temporarily enter FFS, but are subsequently enrolled in managed care according to program policy. Participation rates are expected to stabilize by the end of 2013.

Figure BP-9. Comparison of FFS Participation by All Medi-Cal Only Beneficiaries, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013

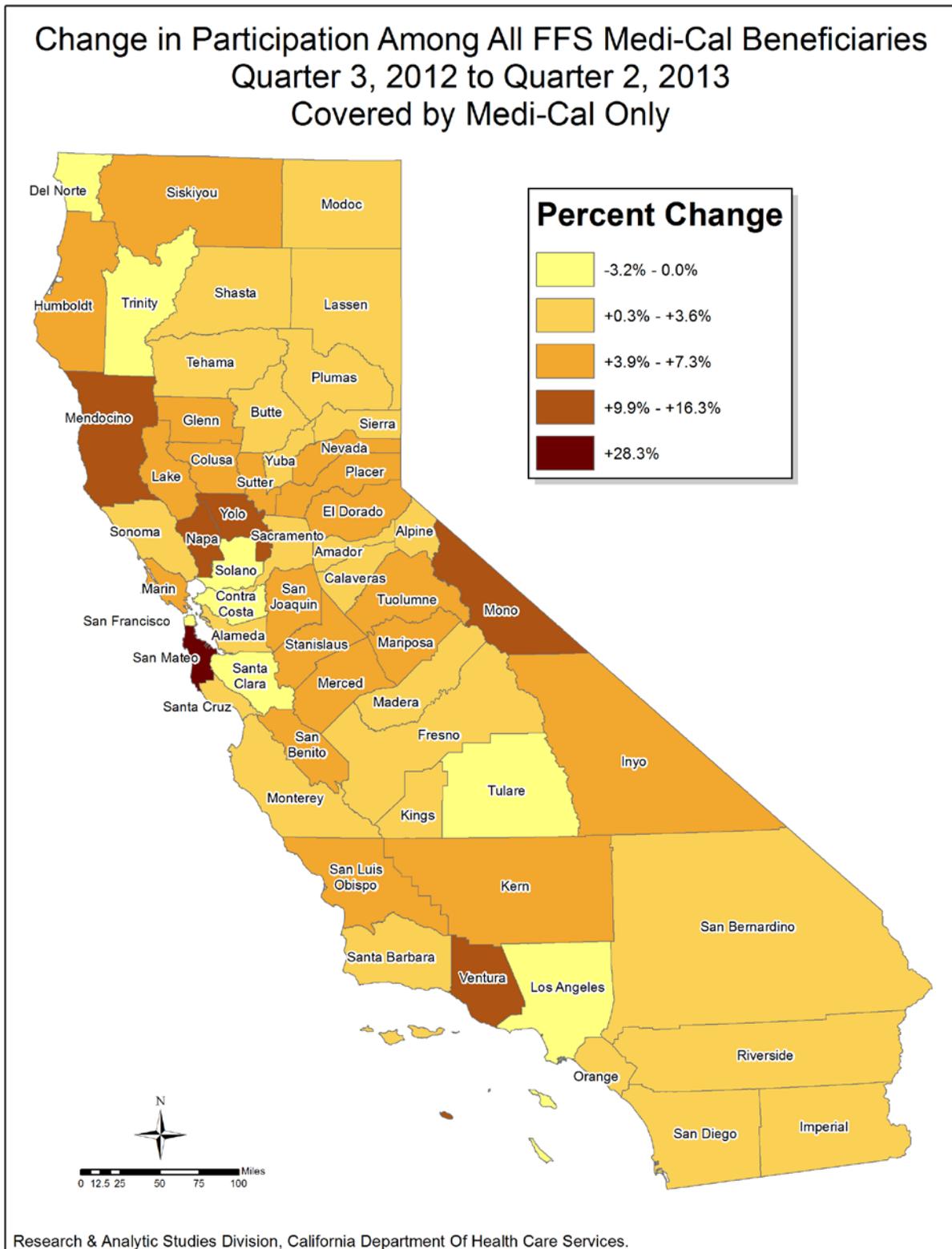
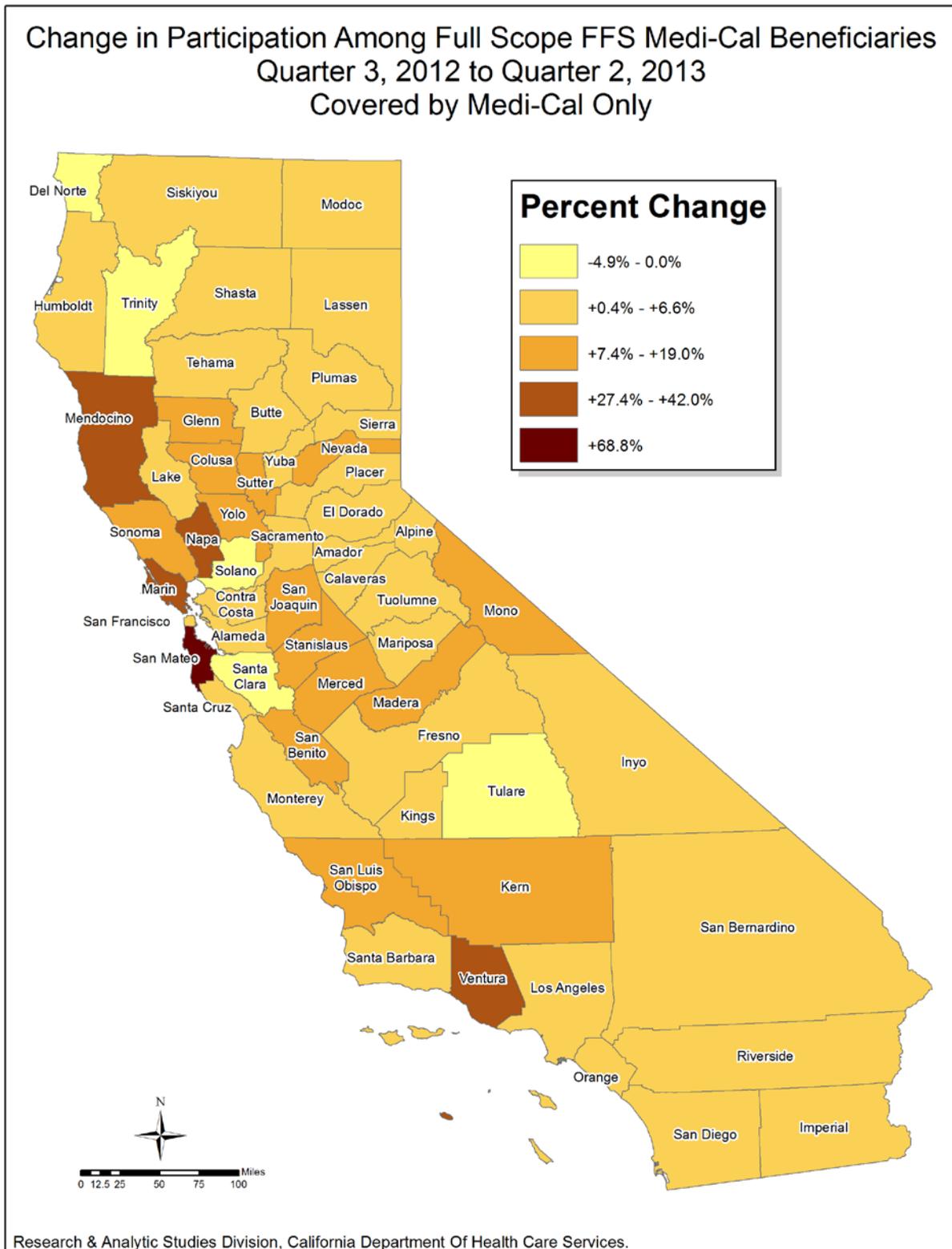


Figure BP-10. Comparison of FFS Participation by Full-Scope Medi-Cal Only Beneficiaries, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013



Conclusions—Beneficiary Participation

1. Beneficiaries eligible for Medi-Cal only and participating in the FFS system are a culturally and ethnically diverse population. The majority describe themselves as Hispanic. About half speak Spanish as their primary language.
2. Overall, the number of FFS beneficiaries eligible for Medi-Cal only and entitled to full scope benefits declined 0.3% between the first quarter of 2013 and the second quarter of 2013, and increased 4.4% when comparing FFS participation from the third quarter of 2012 to the second quarter of 2013.
3. Decreases in FFS participation among Medi-Cal only beneficiaries were observed in the Aged, Blind/Disabled, Families, and Undocumented aid categories.
4. Increases in FFS participation mainly affected those enrolled in the Other aid categories. The sharp increase among children age 0-20 in the Other aid category was due to the transition of children from the Healthy Families program into Medi-Cal that started in January 2013. The data include children as they temporarily enter FFS, but are subsequently enrolled in managed care according to program policy. Participation rates are expected to stabilize by the end of 2013.
5. Participation trends for Medi-Cal's FFS population were somewhat different in metropolitan and non-metropolitan counties. The most significant difference was the pattern of overall decline in FFS participation for non-metropolitan adults, with the exception of increases in the Aged aid category. Declines in FFS participation for children were more moderate in non-metropolitan areas, especially among those enrolled in the Families and Blind/Disabled aid categories.
6. A majority of counties saw an increase in FFS participation, with San Mateo County representing the greatest increase. Only eight counties experienced a decline in FFS participation. Six counties experienced less than one percent point change in either direction over the 12-month study period.

Appendix A—County and Statewide Tables

Table BP-1. Average Monthly FFS Eligibles , All FFS Medi-Cal Only by County, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013

County	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
	2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
Alameda	52,121	51,457	51,843	52,779	1.3	1.8
Alpine	147	155	153	152	3.4	-0.7
Amador	3,637	3,586	3,623	3,693	1.5	1.9
Butte	41,227	40,902	41,210	42,143	2.2	2.3
Calaveras	5,596	5,517	5,624	5,747	2.7	2.2
Colusa	3,937	3,879	4,045	4,226	7.3	4.5
Contra Costa	33,106	32,658	33,843	33,057	-0.1	-2.3
Del Norte	6,567	6,420	6,426	6,469	-1.5	0.7
El Dorado	15,573	15,476	15,768	16,186	3.9	2.7
Fresno	57,202	57,243	58,251	58,446	2.2	0.3
Glenn	6,113	6,087	6,362	6,559	7.3	3.1
Humboldt	21,610	21,539	21,780	22,651	4.8	4.0
Imperial	46,644	46,762	46,905	47,674	2.2	1.6
Inyo	2,901	2,872	2,862	3,027	4.3	5.8
Kern	58,530	57,619	59,189	60,851	4.0	2.8
Kings	7,653	7,657	7,827	7,814	2.1	-0.2
Lake	13,759	13,811	13,964	14,376	4.5	3.0
Lassen	3,971	3,938	3,988	4,084	2.8	2.4
Los Angeles	566,931	552,108	583,243	564,586	-0.4	-3.2
Madera	11,585	11,617	12,217	11,861	2.4	-2.9
Marin	5,682	5,567	5,812	6,000	5.6	3.2
Mariposa	2,240	2,253	2,286	2,341	4.5	2.4
Mendocino	3,159	3,146	3,308	3,675	16.3	11.1
Merced	13,183	12,859	13,730	13,800	4.7	0.5
Modoc	1,557	1,565	1,543	1,598	2.6	3.6
Mono	1,288	1,276	1,329	1,443	12.0	8.6
Monterey	23,122	23,066	24,834	23,518	1.7	-5.3
Napa	3,008	2,994	3,209	3,345	11.2	4.2
Nevada	9,146	9,145	9,332	9,767	6.8	4.7
Orange	85,231	83,623	86,604	85,523	0.3	-1.2
Placer	24,868	24,803	25,297	26,172	5.2	3.5
Plumas	2,439	2,477	2,493	2,528	3.6	1.4
Riverside	92,523	89,970	92,676	95,419	3.1	3.0
Sacramento	55,099	55,072	55,446	55,653	1.0	0.4
San Benito	8,866	8,871	9,130	9,471	6.8	3.7
San Bernardino	116,359	113,295	115,013	117,159	0.7	1.9

County	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
	2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
San Diego	99,945	98,456	98,988	102,241	2.3	3.3
San Francisco	21,249	20,941	21,213	21,110	-0.7	-0.5
San Joaquin	34,912	35,084	38,313	36,346	4.1	-5.1
San Luis Obispo	5,486	5,413	5,844	5,739	4.6	-1.8
San Mateo	18,013	17,902	18,664	23,117	28.3	23.9
Santa Barbara	18,011	17,660	19,230	18,108	0.5	-5.8
Santa Clara	63,773	64,013	63,641	62,632	-1.8	-1.6
Santa Cruz	7,716	7,736	8,301	7,855	1.8	-5.4
Shasta	32,482	31,898	32,132	32,997	1.6	2.7
Sierra	357	354	376	370	3.6	-1.6
Siskiyou	8,416	8,446	8,709	8,924	6.0	2.5
Solano	10,041	9,792	10,409	9,724	-3.2	-6.6
Sonoma	11,284	10,952	11,823	11,533	2.2	-2.5
Stanislaus	36,722	36,871	42,406	39,063	6.4	-7.9
Sutter	19,601	19,470	19,961	20,891	6.6	4.7
Tehama	14,401	14,206	14,406	14,786	2.7	2.6
Trinity	2,188	2,141	2,124	2,156	-1.5	1.5
Tulare	35,908	35,164	35,976	35,029	-2.4	-2.6
Tuolumne	6,349	6,341	6,501	6,722	5.9	3.4
Ventura	24,271	23,853	26,117	26,929	11.0	3.1
Yolo	4,895	4,817	5,356	5,381	9.9	0.5
Yuba	17,238	16,986	17,304	17,676	2.5	2.1

Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files, July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Table BP-2. Average Monthly FFS Eligibles, Full Scope Medi-Cal Only by County, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013

County	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
	2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
Alameda	31,233	30,934	31,528	32,753	4.9	3.9
Alpine	147	155	153	151	2.7	-1.3
Amador	3,541	3,499	3,534	3,605	1.8	2.0
Butte	39,976	39,697	40,021	40,954	2.4	2.3
Calaveras	5,445	5,369	5,477	5,612	3.1	2.5
Colusa	3,502	3,471	3,644	3,841	9.7	5.4
Contra Costa	19,073	18,865	20,213	19,615	2.8	-3.0
Del Norte	6,408	6,269	6,279	6,320	-1.4	0.7
El Dorado	14,543	14,482	14,765	15,180	4.4	2.8
Fresno	28,298	28,583	29,537	30,176	6.6	2.2
Glenn	5,523	5,508	5,777	5,978	8.2	3.5
Humboldt	21,016	20,955	21,209	22,078	5.1	4.1
Imperial	45,708	45,849	46,009	46,805	2.4	1.7
Inyo	2,574	2,560	2,553	2,719	5.6	6.5
Kern	35,344	34,815	36,310	38,003	7.5	4.7
Kings	4,552	4,593	4,718	4,729	3.9	0.2
Lake	13,125	13,182	13,324	13,739	4.7	3.1
Lassen	3,843	3,806	3,867	3,966	3.2	2.6
Los Angeles	255,369	248,425	281,539	261,514	2.4	-7.1
Madera	4,664	4,812	5,368	5,086	9.0	-5.3
Marin	1,171	1,127	1,368	1,553	32.6	13.5
Mariposa	2,187	2,212	2,234	2,282	4.3	2.1
Mendocino	1,457	1,472	1,654	2,018	38.5	22.0
Merced	5,257	5,067	5,863	5,946	13.1	1.4
Modoc	1,481	1,494	1,471	1,531	3.4	4.1
Mono	1,051	1,060	1,116	1,231	17.1	10.3
Monterey	5,714	6,052	7,009	5,734	0.4	-18.2
Napa	1,168	1,211	1,475	1,658	42.0	12.4
Nevada	8,822	8,853	9,039	9,486	7.5	4.9
Orange	29,163	27,992	31,252	30,400	4.2	-2.7
Placer	23,708	23,648	24,152	25,042	5.6	3.7
Plumas	2,381	2,420	2,436	2,473	3.9	1.5
Riverside	64,226	61,958	65,011	67,758	5.5	4.2
Sacramento	40,893	40,983	41,433	41,823	2.3	0.9
San Benito	7,796	7,828	8,053	8,383	7.5	4.1

County	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
	2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
San Bernardino	83,818	81,186	83,051	85,419	1.9	2.9
San Diego	74,796	73,797	74,505	78,168	4.5	4.9
San Francisco	11,897	11,701	12,053	12,047	1.3	0.0
San Joaquin	20,782	21,157	24,405	22,615	8.8	-7.3
San Luis Obispo	2,721	2,698	3,106	3,055	12.3	-1.6
San Mateo	6,357	6,190	6,936	10,733	68.8	54.7
Santa Barbara	5,611	5,516	6,900	5,786	3.1	-16.1
Santa Clara	30,324	30,563	30,221	29,614	-2.3	-2.0
Santa Cruz	2,978	3,076	3,554	3,167	6.3	-10.9
Shasta	32,104	31,510	31,732	32,608	1.6	2.8
Sierra	351	348	369	364	3.7	-1.4
Siskiyou	8,247	8,282	8,546	8,766	6.3	2.6
Solano	5,364	5,115	5,722	5,102	-4.9	-10.8
Sonoma	5,301	5,057	5,900	5,729	8.1	-2.9
Stanislaus	26,518	26,676	32,193	28,967	9.2	-10.0
Sutter	18,028	17,966	18,434	19,361	7.4	5.0
Tehama	13,478	13,302	13,520	13,922	3.3	3.0
Trinity	2,172	2,127	2,109	2,142	-1.4	1.6
Tulare	17,072	16,531	17,237	16,349	-4.2	-5.2
Tuolumne	6,297	6,281	6,443	6,661	5.8	3.4
Ventura	10,074	9,916	11,868	12,831	27.4	8.1
Yolo	2,892	2,835	3,363	3,441	19.0	2.3
Yuba	16,235	16,006	16,324	16,742	3.1	2.6

Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Table BP-3. Average Monthly FFS Eligibles, Full Scope Medi-Cal Only Children Age 0-17 by County, Quarter 3, 2012-Quarter 2, 2013

County	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
	2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
Alameda	17,420	17,304	18,053	18,845	8.2	4.4
Alpine	83	84	84	83	0.0	-1.2
Amador	1,859	1,867	1,918	2,016	8.4	5.1
Butte	20,835	20,692	21,013	21,943	5.3	4.4
Calaveras	2,853	2,800	2,870	3,037	6.4	5.8
Colusa	2,338	2,309	2,462	2,698	15.4	9.6
Contra Costa	10,914	10,947	12,428	11,832	8.4	-4.8
Del Norte	3,292	3,223	3,238	3,338	1.4	3.1
El Dorado	8,125	8,099	8,386	8,921	9.8	6.4
Fresno	16,812	17,080	17,992	18,840	12.1	4.7
Glenn	3,444	3,448	3,687	3,880	12.7	5.2
Humboldt	10,967	11,007	11,317	12,170	11.0	7.5
Imperial	25,976	26,144	26,431	27,361	5.3	3.5
Inyo	1,514	1,525	1,528	1,671	10.4	9.4
Kern	22,771	22,527	23,942	25,358	11.4	5.9
Kings	2,985	3,047	3,158	3,199	7.2	1.3
Lake	6,835	6,877	7,015	7,388	8.1	5.3
Lassen	2,057	2,038	2,072	2,176	5.8	5.0
Los Angeles	154,444	150,110	181,313	160,876	4.2	-11.3
Madera	3,031	3,149	3,599	3,404	12.3	-5.4
Marin	764	740	929	1,115	45.9	20.0
Mariposa	1,164	1,170	1,187	1,252	7.6	5.5
Mendocino	816	855	1,006	1,366	67.4	35.8
Merced	3,293	3,145	3,864	4,081	23.9	5.6
Modoc	799	799	779	843	5.5	8.2
Mono	711	728	771	878	23.5	13.9
Monterey	3,835	3,958	4,729	3,728	-2.8	-21.2
Napa	724	740	955	1,143	57.9	19.7
Nevada	4,674	4,702	4,890	5,316	13.7	8.7
Orange	19,025	17,854	20,757	20,061	5.4	-3.4
Placer	13,870	13,898	14,418	15,209	9.7	5.5
Plumas	1,271	1,302	1,307	1,361	7.1	4.1
Riverside	41,495	40,171	43,277	45,431	9.5	5.0
Sacramento	24,004	24,280	25,019	25,174	4.9	0.6
San Benito	4,968	5,016	5,194	5,546	11.6	6.8

County	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
	2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
San Bernardino	50,161	48,555	51,032	52,916	5.5	3.7
San Diego	46,685	46,266	48,021	51,364	10.0	7.0
San Francisco	5,334	5,364	5,775	5,673	6.4	-1.8
San Joaquin	12,978	13,190	15,620	14,605	12.5	-6.5
San Luis Obispo	1,588	1,557	1,918	1,937	22.0	1.0
San Mateo	4,032	4,002	4,641	7,469	85.2	60.9
Santa Barbara	3,709	3,581	4,771	3,760	1.4	-21.2
Santa Clara	17,280	17,594	18,238	17,752	2.7	-2.7
Santa Cruz	1,698	1,810	2,180	1,873	10.3	-14.1
Shasta	16,740	16,430	16,714	17,672	5.6	5.7
Sierra	173	164	179	185	6.9	3.4
Siskiyou	4,270	4,305	4,484	4,677	9.5	4.3
Solano	3,160	3,005	3,594	2,991	-5.3	-16.8
Sonoma	3,292	3,142	3,868	3,784	14.9	-2.2
Stanislaus	15,201	15,292	19,178	17,397	14.4	-9.3
Sutter	10,798	10,739	11,117	11,919	10.4	7.2
Tehama	7,835	7,782	8,001	8,354	6.6	4.4
Trinity	1,066	1,050	1,064	1,095	2.7	2.9
Tulare	10,622	10,172	10,683	9,990	-5.9	-6.5
Tuolumne	3,251	3,250	3,353	3,565	9.7	6.3
Ventura	6,499	6,320	8,134	9,183	41.3	12.9
Yolo	1,869	1,812	2,224	2,340	25.2	5.2
Yuba	9,179	9,061	9,302	9,690	5.6	4.2

Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Table BP-4. Average Monthly FFS Eligibles, Medi-Cal Only Women Age 18–64 by County, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013

County	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
	2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
Alameda	19,627	19,339	19,325	19,475	-0.8	0.8
Alpine	35	37	38	37	5.7	-2.6
Amador	1,103	1,075	1,067	1,052	-4.6	-1.4
Butte	12,131	12,066	12,045	12,062	-0.6	0.1
Calaveras	1,647	1,619	1,637	1,614	-2.0	-1.4
Colusa	1,001	986	995	961	-4.0	-3.4
Contra Costa	12,195	12,045	11,894	11,810	-3.2	-0.7
Del Norte	1,918	1,870	1,870	1,840	-4.1	-1.6
El Dorado	4,434	4,363	4,341	4,263	-3.9	-1.8
Fresno	21,887	21,792	21,773	21,500	-1.8	-1.3
Glenn	1,631	1,616	1,642	1,643	0.7	0.1
Humboldt	6,368	6,321	6,289	6,268	-1.6	-0.3
Imperial	13,579	13,526	13,455	13,385	-1.4	-0.5
Inyo	814	790	786	799	-1.8	1.7
Kern	19,793	19,436	19,503	19,696	-0.5	1.0
Kings	2,543	2,504	2,520	2,508	-1.4	-0.5
Lake	4,050	4,066	4,077	4,095	1.1	0.4
Lassen	1,155	1,141	1,153	1,144	-1.0	-0.8
Los Angeles	229,000	223,457	223,841	225,425	-1.6	0.7
Madera	4,555	4,533	4,602	4,519	-0.8	-1.8
Marin	2,704	2,658	2,682	2,678	-1.0	-0.1
Mariposa	635	640	654	653	2.8	-0.2
Mendocino	1,245	1,205	1,227	1,241	-0.3	1.1
Merced	5,319	5,195	5,274	5,224	-1.8	-0.9
Modoc	443	451	452	443	0.0	-2.0
Mono	334	317	328	334	0.0	1.8
Monterey	10,444	10,467	10,947	10,739	2.8	-1.9
Napa	1,336	1,308	1,334	1,281	-4.1	-4.0
Nevada	2,742	2,736	2,741	2,752	0.4	0.4
Orange	39,566	39,343	39,451	39,306	-0.7	-0.4
Placer	6,771	6,682	6,637	6,679	-1.4	0.6
Plumas	729	731	731	714	-2.1	-2.3
Riverside	31,053	30,296	30,070	30,455	-1.9	1.3
Sacramento	18,087	17,941	17,745	17,817	-1.5	0.4
San Benito	2,422	2,404	2,465	2,456	1.4	-0.4
San Bernardino	39,604	38,677	38,171	38,401	-3.0	0.6
San Diego	33,964	33,257	32,376	32,289	-4.9	-0.3
San Francisco	8,537	8,363	8,331	8,235	-3.5	-1.2
San Joaquin	11,935	12,000	12,432	11,893	-0.4	-4.3

County	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
	2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
San Luis Obispo	2,236	2,225	2,261	2,201	-1.6	-2.7
San Mateo	7,549	7,476	7,549	8,401	11.3	11.3
Santa Barbara	8,317	8,283	8,503	8,492	2.1	-0.1
Santa Clara	25,501	25,463	25,023	24,759	-2.9	-1.1
Santa Cruz	3,667	3,613	3,713	3,622	-1.2	-2.5
Shasta	9,564	9,388	9,348	9,318	-2.6	-0.3
Sierra	106	113	116	110	3.8	-5.2
Siskiyou	2,479	2,476	2,521	2,544	2.6	0.9
Solano	3,932	3,885	3,915	3,891	-1.0	-0.6
Sonoma	4,867	4,769	4,849	4,722	-3.0	-2.6
Stanislaus	12,046	12,093	13,210	12,263	1.8	-7.2
Sutter	5,155	5,085	5,133	5,209	1.0	1.5
Tehama	3,989	3,887	3,862	3,901	-2.2	1.0
Trinity	665	647	624	625	-6.0	0.2
Tulare	13,377	13,227	13,449	13,418	0.3	-0.2
Tuolumne	1,920	1,905	1,952	1,962	2.2	0.5
Ventura	10,418	10,299	10,551	10,461	0.4	-0.9
Yolo	1,766	1,763	1,853	1,791	1.4	-3.3
Yuba	4,831	4,743	4,776	4,777	-1.1	0.0

Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Table BP-5. Average Monthly FFS Eligibles with Full Scope by Gender and Age, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013

Gender	Age Category	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
		2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
Women	0 to 17	329,094	324,236	357,924	355,970	8.2	-0.5
	18 to 64	297,636	292,764	294,413	294,586	-1.0	0.1
	65 or Older	8,153	7,944	7,714	8,111	-0.5	5.1
Men	0 to 17	348,295	343,844	377,757	375,762	7.9	-0.5
	18 to 64	155,342	153,147	155,013	153,893	-0.9	-0.7
	65 or Older	5,255	5,104	5,060	5,413	3.0	7.0
All	0 to 17	677,389	668,080	735,681	731,732	8.0	-0.5
	18 to 64	452,978	445,911	449,426	448,479	-1.0	-0.2
	65 or Older	13,408	13,048	12,774	13,524	0.9	5.9
Total		1,143,775	1,127,039	1,197,881	1,193,735	4.4	-0.3

Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Table BP-6. Average Monthly FFS Eligibles with Restricted Scope by Gender and Age, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013

Gender	Age Category	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
		2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
Women	0 to 17	58,306	56,090	54,350	52,999	-9.1	-2.5
	18 to 64	402,085	395,832	395,698	395,569	-1.6	0.0
	65 or Older	11,078	11,069	11,091	11,163	0.8	0.6
Men	0 to 17	59,706	57,659	56,118	54,868	-8.1	-2.2
	18 to 64	219,313	216,485	218,174	219,068	-0.1	0.4
	65 or Older	5,573	5,608	5,645	5,718	2.6	1.3
All	0 to 17	118,012	113,749	110,468	107,867	-8.6	-2.4
	18 to 64	621,398	612,317	613,872	614,637	-1.1	0.1
	65 or Older	16,651	16,677	16,736	16,881	1.4	0.9
Total		756,061	742,743	741,076	739,385	-2.2	-0.2

Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Table BP-7. Average Monthly All FFS Eligibles by Age and Aid Category, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013

Age	Aid Category	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
		2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
0 - 20	Blind/Disabled	39,860	37,920	36,855	36,136	-9.3	-2.0
	Families	412,216	410,240	397,567	366,813	-11.0	-7.7
	Foster Care	97,594	98,025	98,073	97,892	0.3	-0.2
	Other	209,685	202,023	286,775	313,222	49.4	9.2
	Undocumented	154,284	149,168	145,527	142,688	-7.5	-2.0
21 & over	Aged	10,933	10,492	10,194	10,925	-0.1	7.2
	Blind/Disabled	97,495	95,617	96,249	96,799	-0.7	0.6
	Families	214,518	211,287	210,256	209,062	-2.5	-0.6
	Other	61,361	61,310	61,764	62,729	2.2	1.6
	Undocumented	601,777	593,576	595,550	596,696	-0.8	0.2
Total		1,899,723	1,869,658	1,938,810	1,932,962	1.7	-0.3

Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Table BP-8. Average Monthly FFS Eligibles in Metropolitan Counties by Age and Aid Category, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013

Age	Aid Category	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
		2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
0 - 20	Blind/Disabled	36,953	35,035	33,969	33,274	-10.0	-2.0
	Families	359,828	357,976	345,476	315,517	-12.3	-8.7
	Foster Care	94,102	94,501	94,524	94,193	0.1	-0.4
	Other	200,457	192,816	275,394	296,858	48.1	7.8
	Undocumented	152,536	147,521	143,947	141,150	-7.5	-1.9
21 & over	Aged	10,647	10,202	9,902	10,622	-0.2	7.3
	Blind/Disabled	81,429	79,621	80,293	80,904	-0.6	0.8
	Families	187,519	184,480	183,360	182,267	-2.8	-0.6
	Other	59,685	59,661	60,065	61,065	2.3	1.7
	Undocumented	596,796	588,693	590,649	591,827	-0.8	0.2
Total		1,779,952	1,750,506	1,817,579	1,807,677	1.6	-0.5

Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Table BP-9. Average Monthly FFS Eligibles in Non-Metropolitan Counties by Age and Aid Category, Quarter 3, 2012–Quarter 2, 2013

Age	Aid Category	Average Member Months				Percent Change	
		2012 Quarter 3	2012 Quarter 4	2013 Quarter 1	2013 Quarter 2	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Quarter 3, 2012	Quarter 2, 2013 Compared to Previous Quarter
0 - 20	Blind/Disabled	2,906	2,885	2,886	2,862	-1.5	-0.8
	Families	52,388	52,265	52,091	51,296	-2.1	-1.5
	Foster Care	3,492	3,524	3,549	3,699	5.9	4.2
	Other	9,228	9,208	11,380	16,364	77.3	43.8
	Undocumented	1,749	1,647	1,580	1,538	-12.1	-2.7
21 & over	Aged	286	290	292	303	5.9	3.8
	Blind/Disabled	16,066	15,996	15,955	15,896	-1.1	-0.4
	Families	26,999	26,806	26,895	26,795	-0.8	-0.4
	Other	1,675	1,649	1,699	1,664	-0.7	-2.1
	Undocumented	4,981	4,882	4,901	4,869	-2.2	-0.7
Total		119,770	119,152	121,228	125,286	4.6	3.3

Source: Prepared by DHCS Research and Analytic Studies Division using data from the MEDS System MMEF files July 2012–June 2013. Data reflects a 4-month reporting lag.

Appendix B—Medi-Cal Aid Codes

Aid codes are assigned to each Medi-Cal beneficiary based on how they become eligible for Medi-Cal services. Factors such as age, income, or disability status are some of the criteria used to assess an individual's eligibility for program services. There are over 170 different aid codes that enable DHCS to gain an understanding of how beneficiaries might use Medi-Cal program services.

The aid code categories used for this analysis were intended to group beneficiaries with similar ages, disability status, and benefit scope into groups that might place similar demands on program services. However, some aid categories represent a heterogeneous population that might use Medi-Cal services in quite different ways.

For example, beneficiaries in the Families aid category are mostly comprised of no- or low-income young adults with children who have routine health care needs. However, this aid category also includes families who earn incomes above the Medi-Cal limit, but have a "Medically Needy" individual with one or more serious conditions requiring medical treatment exceeding the family's income. This subpopulation would place stronger demands on program services than others in the Families aid category. Likewise, the Other aid category is comprised of a diverse population, such as individuals in the Breast and Cancer Cervical Treatment Program who have access to a restricted scope of benefits, long-term care recipients, and the medically indigent, among other populations. See table below.

A more detailed breakdown of aid codes within each category can be found at the Medi-Cal website:

http://files.medi-cal.ca.gov/pubsdoco/publications/masters-mtp/part1/aidcodes_z01c00.doc

Detail Aid Category	Rolled up Aid Category	Aid Codes
BCCTP	Other	OL, OM, ON, OP, OR, OT, OU, OV, OW, OX, OY
Inmates	Other	F1, F2, F3, F4, G1, G2, G3, G4
Hurricane Katrina Evacuees	Other	65
MI - Adoption or Foster Care	Foster Care	03, 04, 06, 45, 46, 4A, 4K, 4M, 5K
MI – Adult	Other	81, 86, 87
MI - Child	Other	82, 83, 5E, 7T, 8U, 8V, 8W
MI - LTC	Other	53
MN - Aged	Aged	14, 17, 1D, 1H, 1X, 1Y
MN - Blind	Blind/Disabled	24, 27, 2D, 2H
MN - Disabled	Blind/Disabled	64, 67, 6D, 6H, 6S, 6V, 6W, 6X, 6Y, 8G
MN - Families	Families	34, 37, 39, 54, 59, 3D, 3N, 5X, 6J, 6R, 7J
MN - LTC	Other	13, 23, 63
Other	Other	01, 02, 08, 44, 47, 51, 52, 56, 57, 71, 72, 73, 76, 79, 80, 0A, 2A, 2V, 4V, 5V, 6G, 7A, 7F, 7G, 7H, 7M, 7N, 7P, 7R, 7V, 8E, 8P, 8R
PA - Adoption or Foster Care	Foster Care	03,07, 40, 42, 43, 49, 77, 78, 4C, 4F, 4G, 4H, 4L, 4N, 4S, 4T, 4W
PA - Aged	Aged	10, 16, 18, 1E
PA - Blind	Blind/Disabled	20, 26, 28, 2E, 6A
PA - Disabled	Blind/Disabled	36, 60, 66, 68, 6C, 6E, 6N, 6P
PA - Families	Families	30, 32, 33, 35, 38, 3A, 3C, 3E, 3G, 3H, 3L, 3M, 3P, 3R, 3U, 3W
Undocumented	Undocumented	07, 48, 49, 55, 58, 69, 70, 74, 75, 1U, 3T, 3V, 5F, 5G, 5J, 5N, 5R, 5T, 5W, 6U, 7C, 7K, 8N, 8T, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6, D7, D8, D9, 5H, 5M, 5Y