

# **Coordinated Care Initiative**

# HEALTH PLAN QUALITY AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

January 2017

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#### **Executive Summary**

Welfare and Institutions Code Section 14182.17(e)(1)(C) requires the Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) to submit a written report to the Legislature, effective January 10, 2014 and for each subsequent year of the Duals Demonstration Project, known as Cal MediConnect, which is authorized under Section 14132.275. Cal MediConnect is one component of the Coordinated Care Initiative (CCI) that serves dual-eligible beneficiaries, who are eligible for Medi-Cal and Medicare. Cal MediConnect combines the full continuum of acute, primary, institutional, behavioral health, and home and community-based Medicare and Medi-Cal services into a single benefit package. Cal MediConnect is delivered through an organized service delivery system administered by Medicare-Medicaid Plans (MMPs).

This report describes the degree to which MMPs in counties participating in Cal MediConnect have fulfilled quality requirements as set forth in the MMP contract (three-way contract). The three-way contract template can be found at: <a href="http://www.calduals.org/implementation/cci-documents/cci-fact-sheets/contracts-mous/">http://www.calduals.org/implementation/cci-documents/cci-fact-sheets/contracts-mous/</a>.

The initial January 10, 2014 reporting date was based on an initial estimated CCI implementation date of January 1, 2013. However, participating counties and DHCS needed additional time to prepare for enrollment and implementation; therefore, the counties had delayed and staggered implementation dates throughout 2014 and early 2015. Due to these delays, as well as to account for a data lag, DHCS had to modify this report's due date to January 10, 2016. DHCS informed the Legislature of the adjusted timeline in June of 2015.

This is the second annual Health Plan Quality and Compliance Report. Updates from the prior report are italicized for ease of review.

#### **Background**

# The Financial Alignment Initiative – Partnerships to Provide Better Care

In July 2011, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) announced the opportunity for states and CMS to better coordinate care for Medicare-Medicaid enrollees (Duals) under the Financial Alignment Initiative through two different demonstration models:

- Managed fee-for-service in which a state and CMS can enter into an agreement by which the state would be eligible to benefit from savings resulting from initiatives designed to improve quality and reduce costs for both Medicare and Medicaid.
- 2. **Capitated model** in which a state and CMS can contract with health plans (three-way contract) that receive a prospective, blended payment to provide

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enrolled Duals with coordinated care.

The Financial Alignment Initiative is designed to better align the financial incentives of Medicare and Medicaid to provide Duals with a better health care experience. All state demonstrations under the Financial Alignment Incentive are evaluated to assess their impact on the beneficiary's care experience, quality, coordination, and costs. California chose and is testing the capitated model.

#### **Coordinated Care Initiative**

In January 2012, Governor Brown announced the CCI with the goals of enhancing health outcomes and beneficiary satisfaction for low-income seniors and persons with disabilities (SPDs), including Duals, while achieving substantial savings from rebalancing service delivery away from institutional care and into the home and community. Working in partnership with the Legislature and stakeholders, the Governor enacted the CCI though Senate Bill (SB) 1008 (Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review, Chapter 33, Statutes of 2012), SB 1036 (Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review, Chapter 45, Statutes of 2012), and SB 94 (Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review, Chapter 37, Statutes of 2013).

The three major components of the CCI are:

- A three-year Duals Demonstration Project called Cal MediConnect (California's Financial Alignment Demonstration) that combines the full continuum of acute, primary, institutional, and mild to moderate mental health care services, along with home and community-based services (HCBS), into a single benefit package for Duals, delivered through an organized service delivery system comprised of MMPs:
- 2. Mandatory Medi-Cal managed care enrollment for Duals; and
- The inclusion of the Long Term Services and Supports (LTSS) as a Medi-Cal managed care benefit for SPDs and other beneficiaries who are eligible for Medi-Cal only, as well as for beneficiaries who are Duals and who are not enrolled in Cal MediConnect.

Enrollment in the CCI began on April 1, 2014, as described in the implementation schedule titled, "CCI Enrollment Timeline by Population and County," which can be found at the following link: <a href="http://www.calduals.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/11/CCI-enrollment-by-County-11.20.14.pdf">http://www.calduals.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/11/CCI-enrollment-by-County-11.20.14.pdf</a>.

#### Cal MediConnect

Through Cal MediConnect, Duals have access to better, more coordinated care, in addition to dental, vision, and non-emergency transportation services. DHCS and CMS contract with MMPs that oversee and are accountable for the delivery of covered Medicare and Medicaid services for Duals in seven counties: Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Mateo and Santa Clara.

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MMPs are responsible for providing a comprehensive assessment of Duals' medical, behavioral health, LTSS, functional, and social needs. Duals and their caregivers work with an interdisciplinary care team (ICT) to develop person-centered, individualized care plans (ICPs). Cal MediConnect is designed to offer opportunities for Duals to self-direct services, be involved in care planning, and live independently in the community. Cal MediConnect includes beneficiary protections that ensure high-quality care is delivered. CMS and DHCS have established a number of quality measures relating to beneficiary overall experience, care coordination, and fostering and supporting community living, among many others.

#### **Memorandum of Understanding and the Three-Way Contract**

DHCS executed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with CMS on March 27, 2013. The MOU provides federal authority and outlines the parameters for implementing Cal MediConnect.

Many of the specific requirements are outlined in the three-way contracts between the State, CMS, and the MMPs in each CCI county. These three-way contracts require the MMPs to offer quality, accessible care and to improve care coordination among medical care, behavioral health, and LTSS for eligible Duals. DHCS and CMS developed a three-way contract for each participating MMP, including a contracting process that ensures a coordinated program operation, enforcement, monitoring, and oversight. The three-way contract includes provisions for CMS and DHCS to evaluate the performance of the primary-contracted MMPs and sub-contracted plans. MMPs are held accountable for ensuring that sub-contracted plans meet all applicable laws and requirements.

The three-way contract and MOU can be found at: <a href="http://www.calduals.org/implementation/cci-documents/cci-fact-sheets/contracts-mous/">http://www.calduals.org/implementation/cci-documents/cci-fact-sheets/contracts-mous/</a>.

## **Quality Monitoring and Quality Withholds**

MMPs are subject to monitoring and evaluation as part of their participation in Cal MediConnect. CMS and DHCS jointly monitor the MMPs' performance on a broad set of metrics. Each MMP is required to report data for quality metrics selected by CMS and DHCS for ongoing monitoring during the demonstration period. There are 85 metrics listed in the MOU that form the quality monitoring efforts of Cal MediConnect. These metrics are similar to those for other states that have approved MOUs for Dual integration efforts. The quality metrics selected are derived largely from standard measurement sets including the Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS), the Health Outcomes Survey (HOS), and Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) as well as measurement sets used to evaluate quality in Special Needs Plans (SNPs). In addition, DHCS identified a selected set of metrics to evaluate LTSS quality.

The Medicare and Medi-Cal programs withhold a certain percentage of estimated capitation rates for each MMP (one, two, and three percent in the first, second, and third years, respectively), which are tied to specific quality withhold measures. If the MMP

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meets specified performance targets, it will receive quality payments equal to the percentage deducted from the rates for enrolled Duals. All of the metrics selected for the quality withhold are part of the larger set of metrics to be used for ongoing health plan monitoring.

In Year 1 (April 2014 – December 2015), the quality withhold was equal to one percentage point based on ten performance measures. These measures (see Table 1 below) focused on key structure and process measures including the proportion of initial health assessments completed within the specified timeframe, evidence of the establishment of a beneficiary governance board, and evidence of appropriate access to services, among others.

The quality withholds *increased* to two percentage points in Year 2 (January – December 2016) and *will* increase *to* three percentage points in Year 3 (January – December 2017). These quality withholds *are* based on ten different quality measures. The measures (see Table 2 below) are focused more on process and outcomes with a clinical focus. The three-way contract includes more details about the quality withhold measures, including performance standards.

Each year, DHCS collaborates with CMS, using the data reported by MMPs to CMS's contractor, to determine whether or not MMPs met the threshold for each quality measure.

Table 1: Year One Quality Withhold Measures

Measure	Description	Measure Steward/ Data Source	CMS Core Measure	State Specified Measure
Risk assessments	Percent of members with initial assessments completed within 90 days of enrollment	CMS/State-defined process measure	Х	
Behavioral health shared accountability process measure		State-defined measure		Х
Phase A (9/1/13 – 12/31/13)	Phase A: Policies and procedures attached to an MOU with county behavioral health department(s) around assessments, referrals, coordinated care planning and information sharing			
Phase B (1/1/14 – 12/31/14)	Phase B: Percent of demonstration enrollees receiving Medi-Cal specialty mental health and/or Drug Medi-Cal services receiving coordinated care plan as indicated by having an individual care plan			

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Measure	Description	Measure Steward/ Data Source	CMS Core Measure	State Specified Measure
	that includes the signature of the primary behavioral health provider			
Consumer governance board	Establishment of consumer advisory board or inclusion of consumers on governance board consistent with contract requirements	CMS/State-defined measure	Х	Х
Customer Service	Percent of best possible score the health plan earned on how easy it is to get information and help when needed	Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ)/ CAHPS	X	X
Access to care	Percent of respondents who always or usually were able to access care quickly when they needed it	AHRQ/CAHPS	Х	Х
Interaction with care team	Percentage of members who have a care coordinator and at least one care team contact	State-defined measure		Х
Ensuring physical access to buildings, services and equipment	Documentation of an established work plan and identification of the individual responsible for physical access compliance	State-defined measure		Х
Documentation of care goals	Number of members with at least one documented discussion of care goals in the individualized care plan	State-defined measure		Х

Table 2: Years Two and Three Quality Withhold Measures

Measure	Description	Measure Steward/ Data Source	CMS Core Measure	State Specified Measure
Follow-up after hospitalization for mental illness	Percent of discharges for members six years of age and older who were hospitalized for treatment of selected mental health disorders and who had an outpatient visit, an intensive outpatient encounter or partial hospitalization with a mental health practitioner	National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA)/ HEDIS	X	
Screening for clinical depression and follow-up	Percent of patients ages 18 years and older screened for clinical depression using a standardized tool and follow-up plan documented	CMS	X	
Part D medication adherence for oral diabetes medications	Percent of health plan members with a prescription for oral diabetes medication who fill their prescription often enough to cover 80 percent or more of the time	CMS  Prescription Drug Event (PDE) data	X	

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Measure	Description	Measure Steward/ Data Source	CMS Core Measure	State Specified Measure
	they are supposed to be taking the medication			
Reducing the risk of falling	Percent of members with a problem falling, walking or balancing who discussed it with their doctor and got	NCQA/HEDIS HOS	X	
	treatment for it during the year	поз		
Plan all-cause readmissions	Percent of members discharged from a hospital stay who were readmitted to a hospital within 30 days, either from the same condition as their recent hospital stay or for a different reason	NCQA/HEDIS	Х	
Controlling blood pressure	Percentage of members 18-85 years of age who had a diagnosis of hypertension and whose blood pressure was adequately controlled (<140/90) during the measurement year	NCQA/HEDIS	X	
Annual flu vaccine	Percent of plan members who got a vaccine (flu shot) prior to flu season	AHRQ/CAHPS Survey data	Х	
Behavioral health shared accountability outcome measure	Reduction in emergency room use for seriously mentally ill and substance use disorder enrollees (greater reduction in Demonstration Year Three)	State-defined measure		X
Interaction with care team	Percentage of members who have a care coordinator and at least one care team contact	State-defined measure		X
Documentation of care goals	Number of members with at least one documented discussion of care goals in the individualized care plan	State-defined measure		X
Encounter data*	Encounter data submitted accurately and completely in compliance with contract requirements	CMS/State- defined measure	Х	Х

<sup>\*</sup>The encounter data measure originally was targeted to be implemented as a Year 1 quality withhold measure, but instead has been moved to a measure for Years 2 and 3.

#### California Evaluation Design Plan

CMS contracted with Research Triangle Institute (RTI) International to monitor the implementation of demonstrations under the Financial Alignment Initiative and to evaluate the impact on beneficiary experience, quality, utilization, and cost. The evaluation includes an aggregate evaluation and state-specific evaluations.

The goals of the evaluation are to monitor demonstration implementation, evaluate the impact of the demonstration on beneficiary experience, monitor unintended consequences, and monitor and evaluate the demonstration's impact on a range of outcomes for the eligible population as a whole and for subpopulations (e.g., people with mental illness and/or substance use disorders, LTSS recipients, etc.). To achieve

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these goals, RTI International is collecting qualitative and quantitative data from the State each quarter; analyzing Medicare and Medi-Cal enrollment and claims data; conducting site visits, beneficiary focus groups, and key informant interviews; and incorporating relevant findings from any beneficiary surveys conducted by other entities. Information from monitoring and evaluation activities will be provided to CMS and DHCS in annual reports, followed by a final evaluation report. The California Evaluation Design Plan can be found at: <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination/Medicare-and-Medicaid-Coordination/Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination-Office/FinancialAlignmentInitiative/Downloads/CAEvalPlan.pdf">https://www.cms.gov/Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination-Medicaid-Coordination-Medicaid-Coordination-Medicaid-Coordination-Office/FinancialAlignmentInitiative/Downloads/CAEvalPlan.pdf</a>.

#### **Cal MediConnect Reporting Requirements**

# Medicare-Medicaid Capitated Financial Alignment Model Reporting Requirements and California Specific Reporting Requirements

In November 2013, CMS published the "Medicare-Medicaid Capitated Financial Alignment Model Reporting Requirements," which contains the quality evaluation measures that all states participating in *the* Financial Alignment Initiative are required to report. These core measures address the full range of services and benefits for Cal MediConnect, including medical, pharmacy, LTSS, and behavioral health, as well as care coordination and consumer satisfaction. The "Medicare-Medicaid Capitated Financial Alignment Model Reporting Requirements" can be found on the CMS website at: <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination/Medicare-and-Medicaid-Coordination/Medicare-and-Medicaid-Coordination/Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination-Medicaid-Coordination-Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination

<u>Office/FinancialAlignmentInitiative/Downloads/FinalCY2015CoreReportingRequirements121415.pdf.</u>

In addition to these core reporting requirements, there is a separate reporting appendix for state-specific measures that have been developed with much stakeholder input over the course of the planning and implementation phases of Cal MediConnect. This appendix can be found at: <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination-Medicare-and-Medicaid-Coordination/Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination-Medicare-and-Medicaid-Coordination-Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination-Office/FinancialAlignmentInitiative/Downloads/FinalCY2015ReportingAppendixCA.pdf">https://www.cms.gov/Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination-Medicaid-Coo

The core and state-specific measures are included in Table 3 below.

Table 3: Quality Measures under Cal MediConnect

Measure	Description	Measure Steward/ Data Source	CMS Core Measure	State Specified Measure
Antidepressant medication	Percent of members 18 years of age and	NCQA/HEDIS	Χ	
	older who were diagnosed with a new			
	episode of major depression and treated			
	with antidepressant medication, and who			

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Measure	Description	Measure	CMS Core	State
Measure	Description	Steward/	Measure	Specified
		Data Source		Measure
	remained on an antidepressant			
luitiation and announced of	medication treatment	NCOA/HEDIC	V	
3 3	Percent of adolescent and adult members with a new episode of AOD dependence who received the following:	NCQA/HEDIS	X	
	<ul> <li>Initiation of AOD treatment: Percentage of members who initiate treatment through an inpatient AOD admission, outpatient visit, intensive outpatient encounter or partial hospitalization within 14 days of the diagnosis</li> <li>Engagement of AOD treatment: Percentage of members who initiated treatment and who had two or more additional services with a diagnosis of AOD within 30 days of the initiation visit</li> </ul>			
Follow-up after hospitalization for mental illness	Percent of discharges for members six years of age and older who were hospitalized for treatment of selected mental health disorders and who had an outpatient visit, an intensive outpatient encounter or partial hospitalization with a mental health practitioner	NCQA/HEDIS	X	
Screening for clinical depression and follow-up	Percent of patients ages 18 years and older screened for clinical depression using a standardized tool and follow-up plan documented	CMS	Х	
Care transition record transmitted to health care professional	discharged from an inpatient facility to		X	
Medication reconciliation after discharge from inpatient facility	Percent of patients 65 years or older discharged from any inpatient facility and seen within 60 days following discharge by the physician providing on-going care who had a reconciliation of the discharge medications with the current medication list in the medical record documented	NCQA/HEDIS	X	
CAHPS, various settings including health plan plus supplemental items/questions, including: • Experience of Care and	Depends on survey	AHRQ/CAHPS	X	

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Measure	Description	Measure Steward/ Data Source	CMS Core Measure	State Specified Measure
Health Outcomes for Behavioral Health (ECHO)  • Home health  • Nursing home  • People with mobility impairments  • Cultural competence  • Patient centered medical home				
Part D call center – Pharmacy hold time	Average time spent on hold when pharmacists call the drug plan's pharmacy help desk	CMS Call Center data	X	
Part D call center – Foreign language interpreter and Teletypewriter/Telecommunic ations Device for the Deaf (TTY/TDD) availability	Percent of the time that TTY/TDD services and foreign language interpretation were available when needed by members who called the drug plan's customer service phone number		Х	
Part D appeals auto-forward	How often the drug plan did not meet Medicare's deadlines for timely appeals decisions  This measure is defined as the rate of cases auto-forwarded to the Independent Review Entity (IRE) because decision timeframes for coverage determinations or redeterminations were exceeded by the drug plan. This is calculated as: [(Total number of cases auto-forwarded to the IRE) / (Average Medicare Part D enrollment)] * 10,000	IRE	X	
Part D appeals upheld	How often an independent reviewer agrees with the drug plan's decision to deny or say no to a member's appeal This measure is defined as the percent of IRE confirmations of upholding the drug plans' decisions. This is calculated as: [(Number of cases upheld) / (Total number of cases reviewed)] * 100	IRE	X	
Part D complaints about the drug plan	How many complaints Medicare received about the drug plan  For each contract, this rate is calculated as: [(Total number of complaints logged into the Medicare Complaints Tracking Module (CTM) for the drug plan regarding any issues) / (Average contract enrollment)] * 1,000 * 30 / (Number of	CMS CTM data	Х	

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Measure	Description	Measure Steward/ Data Source	CMS Core Measure	State Specified Measure
	days in period)			
Part D beneficiary access and performance problems	To check on whether members are having problems getting access to care and to be sure that drug plans are following all of Medicare's rules, Medicare conducts audits and other types of reviews	CMS Administrative data	Х	
	Medicare gives the drug plan a lower score (from 0 to 100) when it finds problems			
	The score combines how severe the problems were, how many there were, and how much they affect drug plan members directly. A higher score is better, as it means Medicare found fewer problems			
Part D Medicare Plan Finder (MPF) accuracy	Accuracy of how the MPF data match the PDE data	CMS PDE data, MPF Pricing Files, Health Plan Management System-approved formulary extracts, and data from First DataBank and Medispan	X	
Part D high risk medication	Percent of the drug plan members who get prescriptions for certain drugs with a high risk of serious side effects, when there may be safer drug choices	CMS PDE data	Х	
Part D diabetes treatment	Percentage of Medicare Part D beneficiaries who were dispensed a medication for diabetes and a medication for hypertension who were receiving an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEI) or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) medication which are recommended for people with diabetes	CMS PDE data	Х	
Part D medication adherence for oral diabetes medications	Percent of drug plan members with a prescription for oral diabetes medication who fill their prescription often enough to cover 80 percent or more of the time they are supposed to be taking the medication	CMS PDE data	X	
Part D medication adherence for hypertension (ACEI or ARB)	Percent of drug plan members with a prescription for a blood pressure medication who fill their prescription often enough to cover 80 percent or more of the		Х	

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Measure	Description	Measure	CMS Core	State
		Steward/	Measure	Specified
		Data Source		Measure
	time they are supposed to be taking the			
Part D medication adherence	medication  Percent of drug plan members with a	CMS	Х	
for cholesterol (statins)	prescription for a cholesterol medication (a statin drug) who fill their prescription often		^	
	enough to cover 80 percent or more of the time they are supposed to be taking the medication			
Health plan makes timely	Percent of health plan members who got a	IRE	Х	
decisions about appeals	timely response when they made a written appeal to the health plan about a decision to refuse payment or coverage			
Reviewing appeals decisions		IRE	Х	
appears assessed	agrees with the health plan's decision to deny or say no to a member's appeal		,,	
Call center – Foreign language interpreter and	Percent of the time that the TTY/TDD services and foreign language	CMS	Χ	
TTY/TDD availability	interpretation were available when needed	call center data		
	by members who called the health plan's customer service phone number			
High risk residents with		National Quality	Х	
pressure ulcers (long-stay)	nursing facility with an annual, quarterly, significant change or significant correction MDS assessment during the selected quarter (three-month period) who were	Forum (NQF)	, ,	
	identified as high risk and who have one or more Stage 2-4 pressure ulcer(s)			
Risk assessments	Percent of members with initial	CMS/State-defined process measure	Х	
Individualized care plans	Percent of members with care plans by	CMS/State-defined	Χ	
·	specified timeframe	process measure		
Risk stratification based on LTSS or other factors	Percent of risk stratifications using behavioral health/LTSS data/indicators	CMS/State-defined process measure	Χ	
Discharge follow-up	Percent of members with specified	CMS/State-defined	Х	
3	timeframe between discharge to first follow-up visit	process measure		
Self-direction	Percent of care coordinators that have	CMS/State-defined	Χ	
	undergone State-based training for supporting self-direction under the Demonstration	process measure		
Care for older adults – Medication review	Percent of plan members whose doctor or clinical pharmacist has reviewed a list of everything they take (prescription and non-prescription drugs, vitamins, herbal remedies, other supplements) at least once a year	NCQA/HEDIS	X	

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Measure	Description	Measure	CMS Core	State
		Steward/	Measure	Specified
		Data Source		Measure
Care for older adults –	Percent of plan members whose doctor	NCQA/HEDIS	X	
Functional status assessment				
	<ul> <li>Functional status assessment to see how well they are doing</li> <li>Activities of daily living (such as dressing, eating, and bathing)</li> </ul>			
Care for older adults – Pain screening		NCQA/HEDIS	Х	
Diabetes care – Eye exam		NCQA/HEDIS	Х	
Diabetes care – Kidney disease monitoring	Percent of plan members with diabetes who had a kidney function test during the year	NCQA/HEDIS	Х	
Diabetes care – Blood sugar controlled	Percent of plan members with diabetes who had an A-1-C lab test during the year that showed their average blood sugar is under control	NCQA/HEDIS	Х	
Rheumatoid arthritis management	Percent of plan members with rheumatoid arthritis who got one or more prescription(s) for an anti-rheumatic drug	NCQA/HEDIS	Х	
Reducing the risk of falling	Percent of members with a problem falling, walking or balancing who	NCQA/HEDIS HOS	Х	
Plan all-cause readmissions		NCQA/HEDIS	X	
Controlling blood pressure		NCQA/HEDIS	X	
Comprehensive medication review (CMR)	Percent of beneficiaries who received a CMR out of those who were offered a CMR	Pharmacy Quality Alliance (PQA)	X	
Complaints about the health plan	How many complaints Medicare received about the health plan	CMS CTM data	Х	
	Rate of complaints about the health plan per 1,000 members. For each contract, this rate is calculated as: [(Total number of all complaints logged into the CTM) / (average contract enrollment)] * 1,000 * 30 / (number of days in period)	;		

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Measure	Description	Measure	CMS Core	State
		Steward/ Data Source	Measure	Specified Measure
Beneficiary access and performance problems	To check on whether members are having problems getting access to care and to be sure that plans are following all of Medicare's rules, Medicare conducts audits and other types of reviews.  Medicare gives the plan a lower score (from zero to 100) when it finds problems. The score combines how severe the problems were, how many there were, and how much they affect plan members directly. A higher score is better, as it means Medicare found fewer problems	CMS Beneficiary database	X	
Members choosing to leave health plan	Percent of health plan members who chose to leave health plan in current year	CMS	X	
Getting information from drug plan	Percent of the best possible score that the plan earned on how easy it is for members to get information from their drug plan about prescription drug coverage and cost:  • In the last six months, how often did your health plan's customer service give you the information or help you needed about prescription drugs?  • In the last six months, how often did your plan's customer service staff treat you with courtesy and respect when you asked for information or help about prescription drugs?  • In the last six months, how often did your health plan give you all the information you needed about the prescription medications are covered?  • In the last six months, how often did your health plan give you all the information you needed about how much you would have to pay for your prescription		X	
Rating of drug plan	medicine? Percent of the best possible score that the drug plan earned from members who rated the drug plan for its coverage of prescription drugs	AHRQ/CAHPS	X	
	<ul> <li>Using any number from zero to ten, where zero is the worst prescription drug plan possible and ten is the best prescription drug plan possible, what number would you use to rate your health plan for coverage of prescription drugs?</li> </ul>			

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Measure	Description	Measure	CMS Core	State
		Steward/ Data Source	Measure	Specified Measure
Getting needed prescription drugs	Percent of best possible score that the plan earned on how easy it is for members to get the prescription drugs they need using the plan • In the last six months, how often was it easy to use your health plan to get the medicines your doctor prescribed? • In the last six months, how often was it easy to use your health plan to fill a prescription at a local pharmacy?	AHRQ/CAHPS	X	
Getting needed care		AHRQ/CAHPS	X	
Getting appointments and care quickly		AHRQ/CAHPS	X	
Overall rating of health care quality	Percent of best possible score the plan earned from plan members who rated the overall health care received  Using any number from zero to ten, where zero is the worst health care possible and ten is the best health care possible, what number would you use to rate all your health care in the last six months?		X	
Overall rating of health plan	Percent of best possible score the plan earned from plan members who rated the overall plan. Using any number from zero to ten, where zero is the worst health plan possible and ten is the best health plan possible, what number would you use to rate your health	AHRQ/CAHPS	X	

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Measure	Description	Measure	CMS Core	State
		Steward/ Data Source	Measure	Specified Measure
	plan?			
Breast cancer screening	Percent of female plan members aged 40- 69 who had a mammogram during the past two years	NCQA/HEDIS	Х	
Colorectal cancer screening	Percent of plan members aged 50-75 who had appropriate screening for colon cancer	NCQA/HEDIS	Х	
Cardiovascular care – Cholesterol screening	Percent of plan members with heart disease who have had a test for —bad (LDL) cholesterol within the past year	NCQA/HEDIS	Х	
Diabetes care – Cholesterol screening	Percent of plan members with diabetes who have had a test for bad (LDL) cholesterol within the past year	NCQA/HEDIS	X	
Annual flu vaccine	Percent of plan members who got a vaccine (flu shot) prior to flu season	AHRQ/CAHPS Survey data	Х	
Improving or maintaining mental health	Percent of all plan members whose mental health was the same or better than expected after two years	CMS HOS	Х	
Monitoring physical activity	Percent of senior plan members who discussed exercise with their doctor and were advised to start, increase or maintain their physical activity during the year	HEDIS/HOS	Х	
Access to primary care doctor visits	Percent of all plan members who saw their primary care doctor during the year	HEDIS	Х	
Access to specialists	Proportion of respondents who report that it is always easy to get appointment with specialists	AHRQ/CAHPS	Х	
Getting care quickly	Composite of access to urgent care	AHRQ/CAHPS	Х	
Being examined on the examination table	Percent of respondents who report always being examined on the examination table	AHRQ/CAHPS	Х	
Help with transportation	Composite of getting needed help with transportation	AHRQ/CAHPS	Х	
Health status/function status	Percent of members who report their health as excellent	AHRQ/CAHPS	Х	
Behavioral health shared accountability process measure  Phase A (9/1/13 – 12/31/13)	Phase A: Policies and procedures attached to an MOU with county behavioral health department(s) around assessments, referrals, coordinated care planning and information sharing	State-defined measures		X
Phase B (1/1/14 – 12/31/14)	Phase B: Percent of demonstration enrollees receiving Medi-Cal specialty mental health and/or Drug Medi-Cal services receiving a coordinated care plan as indicated by having an individual care plan that includes the evidence of			

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Measure	Description	Measure Steward/	CMS Core Measure	State Specified
		Data Source	modoui o	Measure
	collaboration with the primary behavioral health provider			
Behavioral health shared accountability outcome measure	Reduction in emergency room (ER) use for seriously mentally ill and substance use disorder enrollees (greater reduction in Demonstration Year Three)	State-defined measure		X
The number of critical incident and abuse reports for members receiving LTSS	Enrollee protections	State-defined measure		Х
Members with an individual care plan completed	Care coordination	CMS/State-defined measure	Х	Х
Low risk members with an ICP within 30 working days after the completion of the Health Risk Assessment (HRA)	Care coordination	CMS/State-defined measure	Χ	X
High risk members with an ICP within 30 days after the completion of the HRA	Care coordination	CMS/State-defined measure	Х	Х
	Care coordination	CMS/State-defined measure	Х	Х
ER utilization rates	Utilization measure, potentially revised to reflect avoidable ER visits	State-defined measure		Х
In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) utilization	Utilization measure	State-defined measure		Х
Readmissions of short-and long-stay nursing facility residents after hospitalization for diabetes, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease or any medical diagnosis	Utilization measure	State-defined measure		X
Unmet need in LTSS	Unmet need in activities of daily living/instrumental activities of daily living and IHSS functional level	State-defined measure		Х
· ·	Ability to identify case manager or contact case manager DHCS will work with CMS and will publish details as they become available	State-defined measure		X
Satisfaction with IHSS case manager, home workers, personal care	Satisfaction with case manager, home workers, personal care	State-defined measure		Х
Encounter data	Encounter data submitted accurately and completely in compliance with contract requirements	CMS/State-defined measure	Х	Х
	Establishment of consumer advisory board or inclusion of consumers on governance board consistent with contract requirements	CMS/State-defined measure	Х	Х

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Measure		Measure Steward/ Data Source	CMS Core Measure	State Specified Measure
Customer service	Percent of best possible score the plan earned on how easy it is to get information and help when needed	AHRQ/CAHPS	Х	Х
Access to care	Percent of respondents who always or usually were able to access care quickly when they needed it	AHRQ/CAHPS	Х	Х

Similar to the quality withhold reporting, MMPs have been reporting on the metrics listed in Table 3; a subset of these reporting metrics are included in a recently released Cal MediConnect Performance Dashboard, which can be found at <a href="http://www.calduals.org/enrollment-information/enrollment-data/cal-mediconnect-performance-dashboard/">http://www.calduals.org/enrollment-information/enrollment-data/cal-mediconnect-performance-dashboard/</a>. This dashboard will be released quarterly with additional measures being added as data becomes available and based on stakeholder feedback. Throughout the implementation phase of Cal MediConnect, CMS and DHCS collectively have monitored this data and provided clarifying and technical guidance to MMPs, as necessary, to ensure that all MMPs are interpreting the reporting requirements correctly and consistently.

In addition to the metrics in Table 3, per section 2.16.4.1.3.1 of the three-way contract, MMPs are also required to submit all HEDIS, HOS, and CAHPS data, as well as all other measures listed in Table 3. HEDIS, HOS and CAHPS data must be reported consistent with Medicare requirements. All existing Medicare Part D metrics will be collected as well. DHCS will provide additional details, including technical specifications, in annual guidance for the upcoming reporting year.

#### **Quality Improvement Project Requirements and Activities**

Quality Improvement Project (QIP) requirements can be found in section 2.16.4.3 of the three-way contract. In addition, sections 2.16.4.8 and 2.16.4.3.1.2.1 specify that MMPs are required to conduct a "Chronic Care Improvement Program" (CCIP) as well as a QIP following the Plan-Do-Study-Act (PDSA) methodology. MMPs are following all of the Medicare requirements for both of these efforts.

The Health Plan Management System CCIP Module serves as the means for MMPs to submit and report on their CCIPs to CMS and the State. The CCIP and QIP modules allow MMPs to report on the CCIP and QIP throughout the entire life cycle of the CCIP and QIP as defined below:

Plan: Describes the processes, specifications, and outcome objectives used to
establish the CCIP. The Plan section of the CCIP is only submitted once (in the
fall of the MMP's first operational year). Once approved by both CMS and the
State, MMPs begin implementation of the CCIP, including collecting data that will

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subsequently be used in the Annual Update, which includes the "Do, Study, and Act" sections.

- Annual Update consists of the Do, Study, and Act sections and is completed annually, beginning the first year of CCIP implementation and each year thereafter for the duration of the project:
  - Do: Describes how the CCIP is conducted, the progress of the implementation, and the data collection plan.
  - Study: Describes and analyzes findings against the benchmark(s) or goal(s), as determined by the MMP, and identifies trends over several PDSA cycles that can be considered for the "Act" stage.
  - Act: Summarizes the action plan(s) based on findings and describes the differences between the established benchmarks and the actual outcomes, providing information regarding any changes based on actions performed to improve processes and outcomes, including a short description of actions performed.

The topic for the CCIP is "Decreasing Cardiovascular Disease" and the topic for the QIP is "Reducing All-Cause Hospital Readmissions." The CCIP and QIP requirements can be found here:

http://www.thescanfoundation.org/sites/default/files/field\_research\_medicare\_medical\_polling\_results\_2\_12-7-15.pdf.

In early 2015, all of the MMPs that had enrollment in 2014 were required to submit their planning documents for both of these projects. These deliverables were template documents that each MMP was required to complete to describe the specific clinical foci and expected outcomes, relevance to the MMP's population, anticipated outcomes, the population identification process, evidence-based medicine protocols referenced, the MMP's care coordination approach, outcome measures and interventions, and communication sources including the ICT and patients. CMS and DHCS collectively reviewed these deliverables and after several resubmissions, all deliverables were approved.

Since the planning documents were submitted in early 2015, MMPs have been conducting the Do-Study-Act portions of the methodology, by testing their interventions, studying the results, and making changes to interventions, when appropriate, to better achieve their expected outcomes. *At the end of each calendar year*, MMPs submit their annual updates to their initial planning documents, describing the actions taken throughout the year and what modifications, if any, were implemented to meet their expected outcomes.

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#### **Performance Improvement Projects**

In addition to the CCIP and QIP, in 2016, DHCS began Performance Improvement Projects (PIP) on the topic of improving care coordination with a focus on the integration of the LTSS programs, as required by the three-way contract requirements. This was formerly referred to as the statewide collaborative.

The rapid-cycle PIP process requires the submission of five modules. DHCS's External Quality Review Organization (EQRO) has conducted module-specific trainings and technical assistance calls to guide MMPs through the process. MMPs must submit and pass Module 1 (PIP initiation) and Module 2 (SMART Aim Data Collection) prior to submitting Module 3 (Intervention Determination). The EQRO will review module submissions and provide feedback to MMPs, offering multiple opportunities to fine-tune Modules 1 through 3. Module 4 is Intervention Testing, utilizing PDSA cycles. This is the longest phase of the five modules. Module 5 concludes the PIP process by summarizing the project. MMPs will have opportunities for technical assistance with both DHCS and the EQRO throughout the entire PIP process.

# 2015 Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems Results

CMS has a longstanding commitment to measuring and reporting consumer experience and satisfaction. Under the Medicare-Medicaid Financial Alignment initiative, CMS is measuring consumer experience in multiple ways, including through beneficiary surveys such as the CAHPS survey.

Under the capitated financial alignment model, MMPs are required to annually conduct the Medicare Advantage - Prescription Drug (MA-PD) CAHPS survey. The MA-PD CAHPS survey is designed to measure important aspects of an individual's health care experience, including the accessibility to and quality of services. MMPs are also required to include ten additional questions as part of their annual survey in order to assist with RTI International's independent evaluation of the Financial Alignment Initiative. These supplemental questions delve further into areas of greater focus under the demonstrations, including care coordination, behavioral health, and home and community-based services.

Highlights of the survey findings include:

- The early results validate that the capitated financial alignment model demonstrations are serving individuals with a range of needs.
- A majority of enrollees that received care coordination expressed satisfaction with the assistance they received.
- Enrollees generally reported good access to care but were less positive about the length of time to get services.

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The full survey report can be found at:

https://www.cms.gov/Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination/Medicare-and-Medicaid-Coordination/Medicare-Medicaid-Coordination-Office/FinancialAlignmentInitiative/Downloads/FAICAHPSResultsApr2016.pdf.

#### Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set Data

DHCS anticipates receipt of data regarding the Medicare HEDIS measures that MMPs are required to submit to CMS in the summer of 2017. Once this data is received and analyzed, DHCS will include the details of this analysis in a future version of this report.

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