CalAIM Population Health Management Advisory Group Meeting

April 26th, 2023



Public Health Emergency (PHE) Unwinding

- » The COVID-19 PHE will end soon and millions of Medi-Cal beneficiaries may lose their coverage.
- **>> Top Goal of DHCS:** Minimize beneficiary burden and promote continuity of coverage for our beneficiaries.

» How you can help:

- Become a DHCS Coverage Ambassador
- Download the Outreach Toolkit on the DHCS Coverage Ambassador webpage
- Join the DHCS Coverage Ambassador mailing list to receive updated toolkits as they become available

DHCS PHE Unwind Communications Strategy

- Phase One: Encourage Beneficiaries to Update Contact Information
 - Launch immediately
 - Multi-channel communication campaign to encourage beneficiaries to update contact information with county offices.
 - Flyers in provider/clinic offices, social media, call scripts, website banners
- Phase Two: Watch for Renewal Packets in the mail. Remember to update your contact information!
 - Launch 60 days prior to COVID-19 PHE termination.
 - Remind beneficiaries to watch for renewal packets in the mail and update contact information with county office if they have not done so yet.

Today's Agenda

- **Reimagining the Population Needs Assessment: Vision and Current State** (10 minutes)
- **Panel Discussion on Value of Collaboration Within Existing Efforts** (30 minutes)
- **DHCS' Proposed Approach and Discussion With PHM Advisory Group** (40 minutes)
- Next Steps (2 minutes)

Re-imagining the Population Needs Assessment: An Opportunity for Stronger Collaboration





- DHCS launched the Population Health Management (PHM) Program in January 2023 as a cornerstone of Cal-AIM.
- To support the success of the PHM Program and broader transformation efforts, DHCS is emphasizing the importance of re-designing MCP requirements for developing a Population Needs Assessment (PNA).
 - The PNA has historically been the mechanism that MCPs use to identify the priority health and social needs of their members, including health disparities.
- » Today, we'll present DHCS' vision and proposed approach for the redesigned PNA and solicit your feedback.

DHCS' Vision

DHCS is reimagining a PNA that will:



Promote deeper understanding of member needs, particularly social drivers of health (SDOH)



Advance upstream interventions that look beyond the four walls of health care



Deepen relationships between MCPs, public health and other local stakeholders



Reduce community fatigue



Strengthen a focus on equity by integrating more diverse sources of data



Support public health's response to emerging trends, especially in areas where MCPs can intervene by providing coverage, education, and outreach

To achieve this vision, DHCS proposes a central requirement for MCPs to collaborate with Local Health Departments (LHDs).

Existing MCP Requirements

MCPs must meet DHCS and NCQA requirements to assess the needs of their populations.

DHCS' PNA Requirements

- » For over 20 years, DHCS has required MCPs to conduct regular assessments of their membership.
- These requirements were developed to ensure that MCPs meet state and federal requirements on:
 - Cultural and linguistic needs
 - Health education needs
 - Performance metric standards
 - Data collection standards
- » Under the most recent requirements (APL-19-011), the **PNA is an annual assessment**.

NCQA Requirements

- » All California MCPs are required to obtain full Health Plan Accreditation and Health Equity Accreditation with NCQA by January 1, 2026.
- » As part of Health Plan Accreditation, NCQA requires every plan to develop a PHM Strategy that describes how the health plan will meet the needs of its members.
- » To inform the PHM Strategy, health plans must conduct an annual population assessment of member needs and characteristics.

Note: NCQA does not use the acronym PNA

Existing Public Health and Hospital Requirements

- » Public health entities and non-profit hospitals have a long history of assessing community needs to motivate local action.
- » These assessments are referred to as "Community Health Assessments (CHAs)" or "Community Health Needs Assessments (CHNAs)".
- » CHAs and CHNAs are accompanied by "**Community Health Implementation Plans (CHIPs)**."

Existing Public Health and Hospital Requirements

Because of their similar requirements and overlapping populations of focus, some LHDs and nonprofit hospitals collaborate on their assessments.

Public Health Requirements:

- Part of voluntary accreditation by Public Health Accreditation Board (at least every 5 years); some LHDs conduct <u>every 3 years</u>)
- The 2022 Budget Act requires LHJs to submit a "public health plan" informed by a CHA/CHIP to California Department of Public Health (CDPH), by December 30, 2023, and by July 1 every 3 years thereafter.

Nonprofit Hospital Requirements:

 State and federal requirements to complete a CHNA and accompanying implementation plan/community benefits plan <u>every 3 years</u>

Although CHA/CHNAs vary, they often:

- » Have robust governance structures that include CBOs, academic institutions, and other community leaders and stakeholders.
- » Implement documented best practices to gather wide community input.
- » Collect diverse data sources—including quantitative and qualitative data on various indicators (e.g., public health and prevention metrics, SDOH data, health disparity/equity measures)

An Opportunity for Alignment

Given the overlaps among work being carried out across sectors, there is an opportunity to more closely align assessment processes.

Sector	Medi-Cal MCPs	Local Health Depts	Non-profit Hospital
Requirement	PNA/PHM Strategy	CHA/CHIP	CHNA/CHIP/Community Benefit Plan
Authority	• MCP contract + guidance	 PHAB voluntary accreditation standards 	 Federal: ACA, S. 501(r)(3) of IRS Code
	 NCQA requirements 	CA: CA Budget Act of 2022	 CA Health and Safety Code S. 127350
Timeline	 DHCS: Currently annual– proposed move to multi- year NCQA: Annual 	 At least every 5 years (some LHDs conduct every 3 years) 	• Every 3 years
Jurisdiction	MCP member population	County	 Community served by hospital
Data	 Broad parameters and encouraged to use diverse data sources 		
Stakeholders	 Broad parameters and broad stakeholders input encouraged 		

Panel Discussion on Value of Collaboration Within Existing Efforts



Panel Discussion: Community Health Assessment Collaboratives

Today, we are joined by guest speakers for a panel discussion on existing areas of collaboration between California stakeholders on population assessments.

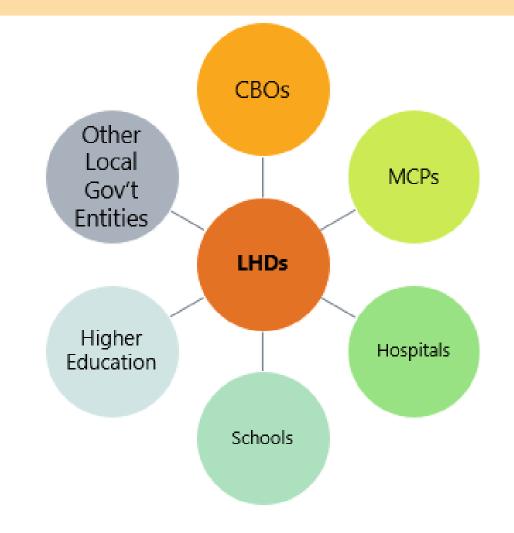
Name	Title	Organization	
Peter Shih	Senior Manager of Delivery System Planning	San Mateo County Health, CHEAC Representative	SAN MATEO COUNTY HEALTH All together better.
Esperanza Macias	Director of Policy & Communications; San Francisco Health Improvement Partnership (SFHIP) Co-Chair	Instituto Familiar de la Raza	Instituto Familiar de la Raza, Inc.
Alexander Mitra	Director of Community Health & Volunteer Services; SFHIP Co-Chair	Dignity Health	Sthip
Nishtha Patel	Special Programs Manager III, Health Services	Inland Empire Health Plan	Inland Empire Health Plan 13

DHCS' Proposed Approach and Discussion With PHM Advisory Group



DHCS proposes that starting in 2024, MCPs will fulfill their PNA requirement to DHCS by participating meaningfully in the collaborative CHA/CHIP processes already led by county LHDs.

- The proposed MCP CHA/CHIP participation requirement will apply wherever MCPs serve members.
 - Where multiple MCPs serve the Medi-Cal population in a single county, all MCPs will be expected to participate in the single LHD CHA/CHIP process for that county.
 - When an MCP has contracts in several counties, that MCP will participate in LHD CHA/CHIP processes for each county it serves.



The County LHD, in most cases, will serve as the anchor to align and integrate MCPs and other local partner assessments with County CHA/CHIP process within existing LHD CHA/CHIP timelines.

DHCS' Supporting Rationale

- >> LHD assessments are focused on the overall population and environment of a county or city, not limited to people enrolled in Medi-Cal.
- » LHDs' CHAs/CHIPs often already have robust governance structures, gather community wide-input, and leverage diverse data sources.

Supporting the anchors is key. DHCS recognizes as anchors, LHDs themselves are likely to need additional support to continue to grow their CHAs/CHIPs and to integrate MCPs.

Meaningful MCP participation could entail:

- Providing MCP data on a de-identified basis (e.g., aggregated claims and encounter data, Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS), and/or Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers & Systems (CAHPS) survey data)
- >> Participating or leading the **CHA/CHIP steering committee/decision-making body**
- >> Participating in or leading one or more **CHA/CHIP** work groups
- » Exploring how to *meaningfully engage with tribal partners* in CHA/CHIP processes via MCP tribal liaisons
- Providing staff support to core activities including project management and coordination, data analytics, stakeholder engagement, and writing and publishing of the CHA/CHIP report
- » Providing *funding* to support convenings, project management, and/or analytics
- » Collaborating with LHDs and other local leadership to develop *joint action plans* to address public health issues when MCPs have a role to contribute

Future-state MCP deliverables will include:

PNA

- » MCPs' PNA requirement will be met through the publication of the LHD CHA/CHIP itself in each county it serves.
- » MCPs will be expected to publish all LHD CHAs/CHIPs in their areas of operation on their website along with a brief description of how they participated in the CHA/CHIP process.

PHM Strategy

» MCPs will develop and *annually* update a *brief* PHM Strategy that is informed by their PNA and leverages components of NCQA's PHM Strategy deliverable.

Note on NCQA:

Although DHCS' proposed approach does not modify NCQA requirements, it seeks to **reduce duplication** and **promote alignment** with NCQA while also ensuring that policy priorities specific to Medi-Cal PHM are addressed.

2023 PHM Strategy (pre-cursor to 2024 deliverable) will include:

- >> One SMART goal that involves collaboration with LHDs in counties where MCP operates (aligned with CQS Clinical Focus Areas & Bold Goals)
- » Description of how a MCP has started/will start to participate in LHD CHA/CHIP process
- » Attestation that a MCP has completed or will complete NCQA's PHM strategy and population assessment

Discussion

>> What are the *benefits* of the proposed approach?

- » Recognizing that collaboration will take time and effort, the proposed approach attempts to mitigate some of the *challenges* involved. What else can be done?
- » Beyond MCPs, LHDs, and non-profit hospitals, what should the role of **other** entities be in the proposed approach?

Next Steps



Next Steps & Upcoming Guidance

» April/May:

- Concept paper detailing proposed approach for the modified PNA and new PHM Strategy deliverable for stakeholder review and feedback. See next slide for more details.
- A new, high-level APL on the PNA/PHM Strategy will supersede APL 19-011.

» Q2

 Detailed 2023 PHM Strategy deliverable guidance will be published in PHM Policy Guide.

» Q3

• 2023 PHM Strategy deliverable is due for MCPs.

By end of year, more detailed guidance will be issued in the PHM Policy Guide.

Public Comment

