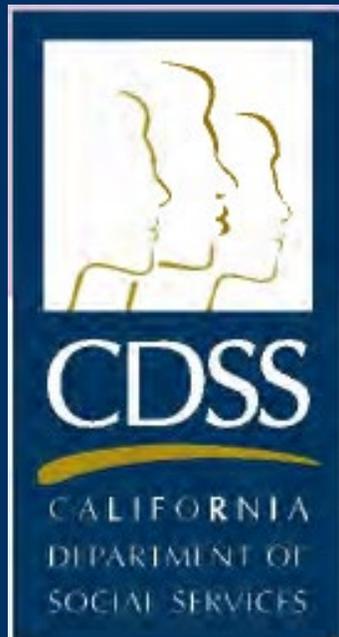


Child Care and Development Division

Prop 64 Advisory Meeting
November 10th, 2022
10:00am – 2:00pm



Agenda

- Brief History on Child Care and Development new division
- Prop 64 Allocation and Funding
 - Emergency Bridge Child Care
 - General Child Care
 - Alternative Payment Program
- Implementation
- Outreach
- Questions



A woman with long dark hair, wearing a black blazer over a teal top, is smiling warmly at a young child with blonde hair. They are sitting at a wooden table with various items, including a green toy and some papers. The background is a bright, out-of-focus indoor setting with large windows.

Early Childhood Development Act of 2020 (SB 98)

The state's system of early learning and care must become more integrated and coordinated to achieve its goals of promoting a high-quality, affordable, early childhood system designed to comprehensively and effectively serve children and families.

Social determinants of health, adverse childhood experiences, quality learning and care for children, and economic and other supports for the needs of families are critical determinants of life outcomes for children, and California's system of early learning and care must address inequities and disproportionalities.

(SB 98, 2020 pt 1.7, 10202a, 10202b)

Programs Transferred to CDSS

- Alternative Payment Programs (CAPP)
- Migrant Alternative Payment Programs
- CalWORKs Stages 2 and 3
- General Child Care and Development Programs (CCTR)
- Migrant Child Care and Development Programs
- Child care and development services for children with severe disabilities
- Administration of CCDF
- The Child and Adult Care Food Program
- Workforce Development Grants Program
- The California Head Start State Collaboration Office
- Resource and Referral agencies
- Local child care and development planning councils
- The CCIP & other child care quality improvement projects
- CDMIS and other related data systems
- Any MOUs and partnerships related to the previously listed programs, services and systems

A child is reading a colorful children's book in Russian. The book features illustrations of a yellow truck carrying red blocks, a green tractor, and sheep in a field. The text on the pages is in Cyrillic. The background is a blurred image of a child's face.

Child Care & Development Division

“The mission of the CCDD is to build, strengthen, and maintain an equitable, comprehensive, quality, and affordable child care and development system for the children and families in our state...”

Prop 64 Funding and Allocation

General Description: CDSS uses Prop 64 (YEPEITA) funds received from DHCS to increase available funding for CAPPs, CCTRAs, and the Emergency Child Care Bridge Program.

- CAPPs, CCTRAs, and the Bridge program promote early access to quality child care, which directly impacts future school retention and education and may lead the prevention of substance abuse.

Who are our contractors: COEs, LEAs, Counties, Non-profits, etc.

Prop 64 Funding

FY 2021-22 Funding total: \$274,093,000

- General Child Care (CCTR): \$96,508,000
- Alternative Payment Program (CAPP): \$173,835,000
- Emergency Child Care Bridge Program (ECCB): \$3,750,000

FY 2022-23 Funding total: \$292,325,000

- General Child Care (CCTR): \$114,740,000
- Alternative Payment Program (CAPP): \$173,835,000
- Emergency Child Care Bridge Program (ECCB):
\$3,750,000

Emergency Child Care Bridge Program (Voucher-based)

The goals of the Bridge Program are to:

- Increase the number of foster children successfully placed in home-based family care settings,
- Increase placement stability,
- Increase capacity of child care providers to meet the needs of foster children in their care, and
- Maximize funding to support the child care needs of eligible families.

[County Fiscal Letter NO 21/22-70](#)

[Bridge Program Website](#)



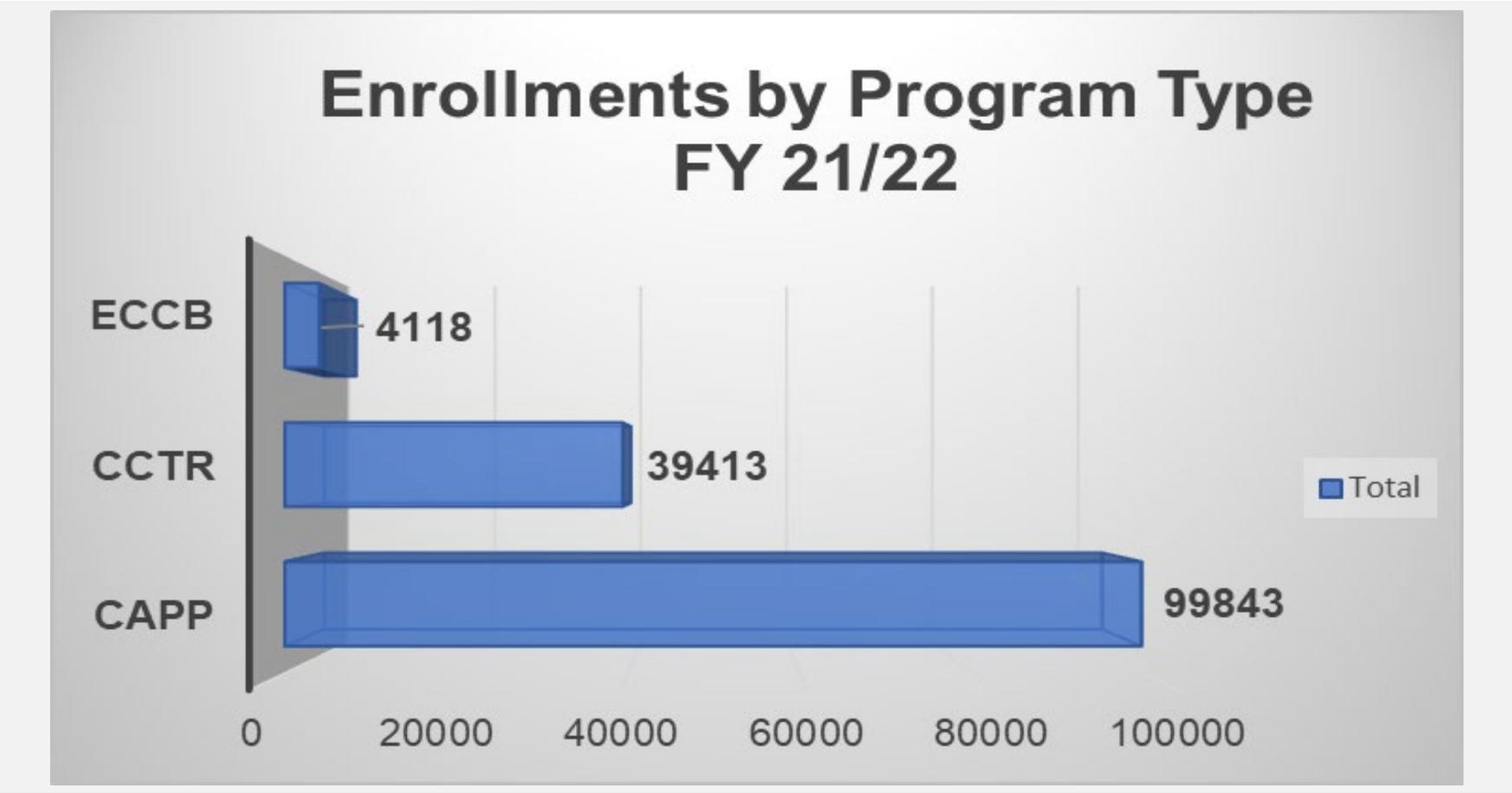
CCTR: General Child Care (Direct Service)

- General Child Care and Development Programs are state and federally funded programs that use centers and family child care home networks operated or administered by either public or private agencies or local educational agencies.
- These contractors provide families comprehensive, coordinated, and cost effective system of child care and development services for children from infancy to 13 years of age and older children with exceptional needs as well.
- [Program Requirements](#)



CAPP: Alternative Payment (Voucher-based)

- Alternative payment programs use federal and state funding to provide vouchers for eligible low-income families.
- APP agencies help families enrolled in CalWORKs Child Care or CAPP arrange child care services and makes payment for those services directly to the child care provider selected by the family.
- Program Requirements



Enrollments by Program: Fiscal Year 2021-22

Overall enrollment data – Prop 64 funds support these enrollments

Implementation

FY 22-23

- CCTR RFA will be released in the winter
- CCB 22-24 released with augmentation

FY 21-22

- CCTR RFA awarded May 2022
- CCB 21-17 released with augmentation in December





Outreach

- Child Care Bulletins
CCBs
- Contractor Meetings
- Association Meetings

Questions





Thank You!

Visit: Child Care & Development Division:
<https://cdss.ca.gov/inforesources/child-care-and-development>