Each day when you clean your baby's teeth and gums:

- Lay baby's head on your lap and gently push back the lips.
- Look at the front and back of all upper teeth, then all lower teeth.
- If you see chalky white, brown or black spots on the teeth, take baby to the dentist.

![Image of baby teeth]

**Baby Teeth Are Important!**
- To Chew
- To Talk
- To Smile
- To Feel Good
- To Be Healthy
- To Save Room For Adult Teeth

**Prevent Tooth Decay in Babies and Toddlers**

**Do you want this?**

- **Tooth Decay**
- **Unhealthy Child**

- **Healthy Teeth and Gums**
- **Healthy Child**

**What Should You Do?**

Take your child to a dentist by age 1. To find a dentist:

- Ask your child's doctor for a referral
- Ask a friend, relative, or coworker
- If you have Medi-Cal, contact Denti-Cal at 1-800-322-6384 or [www.denti-cal.ca.gov](http://www.denti-cal.ca.gov)
- Contact the California Dental Association at 1-800-CDA-SMILE (232-7645) or [www.cda.org/PublicResources/FindaDentist](http://www.cda.org/PublicResources/FindaDentist)
- Contact Child Health & Disability Prevention (CHDP) Program at your health department [www.dhcs.ca.gov/services/chdp](http://www.dhcs.ca.gov/services/chdp)

Developed by California Child Health & Disability Prevention (CHDP) Program Oral Health Subcommittee
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What Is Tooth Decay (Cavities)?

It is a disease that is caused by germs in the mouth.

Can start when first tooth appears (white line on tooth near gums)

Leads to pain, infection and can destroy teeth

How Does Tooth Decay Happen?

Germs + Sugar = Acid → Tooth Decay

Germs eat sugar, then make acid. Acid attacks the tooth.

GERMS

Tooth decay germs can be passed from your mouth to your child’s mouth.

Do not share:
- Cups
- Straws
- Spoons/Forks
- Toothbrushes

Do not “clean” pacifier with your mouth.

SUGAR

When sugar stays on teeth, tooth decay can start, especially if your child:
- Falls asleep with the bottle
- Sips from a bottle or cup all day

Sugar hides in:
- Milk/Formula
- Juice
- Sweet drinks
- Cookies, Crackers, Chips
- Cereal
- Soda
- Medicine

What Can You Do To Protect Baby Teeth?

Take care of your own teeth:
- Brush morning and before bed and floss daily
- Visit your dentist twice a year
- Limit sweet, sticky foods, sodas and sugary drinks
- Chew sugarless gum with “xylitol” after meals/snacks

Fluoride Toothpaste (pea size)

Take care of baby’s teeth:
- Put only breast milk or formula in bottle
- Stop bottle by age one
- Take baby to dentist by age one, then every 6 months
- Ask doctor about fluoride varnish and drops/tablets

Fluoride Toothpaste (rice grain size)

6 Months - Start Using a Cup

No Bottle in Bed

Have a healthy smile!