DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

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March 1, 2000

MEDI-CAL ELIGIBILITY PROCEDURES MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219

TO: All Holders of the Medi-Cal Eligibility Procedures Manual

ARTICLE 8G--MEDICAL FAMILY BUDGET UNIT (MFBU) DETERMINATIONS FOR THE SECTION 1931(b) PROGRAM

Enclosed is a new procedures section, Article 8G, which describes the MFBU rules and forms for the Section 1931(b) program as outlined in All County Welfare Directors Letters (ACWDL) Nos. 98-43, 99-02, 99-02E, 99-20, 99-32, 99-42, and 99-56. Many of these letters have been corrected and should no longer be used. Please refer to Manual Letter No. 218 dated January 26, 2000 which transmits the Medi-Cal Eligibility Procedures 5S for information on Section 1931(b) general program requirements. Updates to the Transitional Medi-Cal and Four Month Continuing Programs (5B) which was transmitted in Manual Letter No. 217 on January 14, 2000, and the March 1, 2000, changes in the definition of the unemployed parent (5C) will be forthcoming. On March 1, 2000, income limits for Section 1931(b) applicants and for some recipients will change. These procedures provide information on basic MFBU composition which will not change, but they do not contain the new income limits. The income changes are described in ACWDLs 99-54 and 00-04 will be in the Procedures, Article 9 when published.

Filing Instructions:

Remove Pages:	Insert Pages:
Article 8 Procedures Table of Contents Page PTC-9	Article 8 Procedures Table of Contents Page PTC-9
Article 8 Table of Contents Page TC-1 and TC-2	Article 8 Table of Contents Page TC-1 and TC-2
None	Article 8G Pages 8G-1 through 8G-47

If you have any questions, please contact Margie Buzdas at (916) 657-0726 or Erin Lynch at (916) 654-5769.

Sincerely,

Original signed by

Angeline Mrva, Chief Medi-Cal Eligibility Branch

Enclosures

Article 8	RESPONSIBLE RELATIVES AND UNIT	DETERMINATION
8A	MFBU DETERMINATIONS	
8B	MFBU DETERMINATION, FAMILY MEI BOARD AND CARE (B&C)	MBER IN LONG-TERM CARE (LTC) OR
8C	PERSONS UNDER AGE 21 LIVING AV	VAY FROM PARENT'S HOME
80	MFBU DETERMINATION - CARETAKE	R RELATIVE
8E	QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS	
8F	<u>SNEEDE</u> V. <u>KIZER</u>	
8G	MFBU DETERMINATIONS FOR THE S	ECTION 1931(b) PROGRAM

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219 DATE: MARCH 1, 2000 PAGE: PTC-9

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Article	<u>8</u>	 RESPO	ONSIBL	E RELATIVES AND UNIT DETERMINATION
	8A	 MFBU	DETER	MINATIONS
		1.	MFBU	CHART
	8B			MINATION, FAMILY MEMBER IN LONG-TERM CARE (LTC) OR CARE (B&C)
	8C	 PERSO	ONS UN	DER AGE 21 LIVING AWAY FROM PARENT'S HOME
	8D	 MFBU	DETER	MINATION - CARETAKER RELATIVE
	8E	 QUES	TIONS A	AND ANSWERS
	8F	 SNEED	DE V. KI	<u>ZER</u>
		1.	Overvi	ew
		2.	Effectiv	ve Date
		3.	Linkag	e to the Medi-Cal Program
		4.	Respo	nsible Relative Determination
		5.	Mini-B	udget Units
		6.	Income	e and Property Allocations
		7 .	Mainte	nance Need and Property Limits
		8.	Proper	ty Determination
		9.	Income	e Determination
		10.	Change	es in MFBU Rules for Certain Sneede and Non-Sneede Cases
		11.	Federa	l Poverty Level Programs
		12.	Lack of	f Cooperation or Loss of Contact
		13.	Impact	on Other Lawsuits/Programs
		14.	Examp	les
			A.	Property

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219 DATE: MARCH 1, 2000 PAGE: ARTICLE 8, TC-1

1.

Stepparent Household With Separate & Mutual Children

- 2. Children With Property
- 3. Unmarried Couple With Separate and Mutual Children
- B. Property and Income
 - 4. Unmarried Couple With Mutual Children
- C. Income
 - Spouses and Mutual Child With Income
 - 6. Stepparent Household With Mutual and Separate Children
 - 7. Child With Income
 - 8. Stepparent Household With In-Kind Income
 - 9. Stepparent Household and the Percent Programs
 - Stepparent Household When Only the Separate Child(ren) of One Parent Wishes Medi-Cal
 - 11. Stepparent Household Spouse in LTC/B&C
 - 12. Excluded Child Case Parents Cooperate
 - 13. Excluded Child Case Parents Refuse to Cooperate
 - 14. Stepparent Household With Pregnant Minor and Her Boyfriend
 - 15. Stepparent Household With Minor Mother, Minor Mother's Baby, and Minor Mother's Boyfriend
 - 16. Married Couple With Mutual Children; Unmarried Pregnant Minor and Father of the Unborn, Filing for Minor Consent
 - 17. PA/Other PA Person in Household
- Charts and Forms
- 8G -- MFBU DETERMINATIONS FOR THE SECTION 1931(b) PROGRAM
 - 1. Background
 - 2. MFBU Rules
 - 3. Sneede Requirements
 - 4. Examples
 - 5. Charts and Forms

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219 DATE: MARCH 1, 2000 PAGE: ARTICLE 8, TC-2

8G -MFBU DETERMINATIONS FOR THE SECTION 1931(b) PROGRAM

1. BACKGROUND

The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA) of 1996 (Public Law 104-193) established a new mandatory coverage group at Section 1931(b) of the Social Security Act. Section 1931(b) requires that Medi-Cal be provided to low-income families, who meet the provisions of the July 16, 1996, Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) State plan requirements for income, resources and deprivation, (subject to modification at State option). PRWORA also deleted many of the requirements for establishing deprivation based on unemployment.

Section 161 of AB 1542 (Chapter 270, Statutes of 1997) established the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program and provided that it was to be implemented January 1, 1998. This law also adopted Section 14005.30 of the Welfare and Institutions Code which provided that to the extent federal financial participation is available, the Department of Health Services shall extend eligibility for health care services under Medi-Cal to all recipients of aid under CalWORKs as well as those in the Section 1931(b) Only program.

For purposes of establishing requirements for the Section 1931(b) group, the July 16, 1996, AFDC provisions have been modified as of January 1, 1998, to the extent possible as permitted by PRWORA, in order to align the Section 1931(b) program with CalWORKs. Therefore, former AFDC rules will be referred to as the Section 1931(b) rules.

Assembly Bill (AB) 1107, Chapter 146, Statutes of 1999, expands the definition of the unemployed parent for purposes of establishing eligibility based upon deprivation of a child. Currently, if the principal wage earner works less than 100 hours per month, based upon the AFDC rules in effect July 16, 1996, or is considered unemployed under the terms of an existing federal waiver of the 100-hour rule for recipients of the Section 1931(b) Medi-Cal program, then deprivation exists for purposes of the child's eligibility. AB 1107 expands the definition of unemployment to include families with a total net nonexempt earned income of not more than 100 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL) as most recently calculated by the Federal Government. In addition, Senate Bill (SB) 708, chaptered on July 22, 1999, raises the income limits for the Section 1931(b) program to 100 percent of the FPL. The effective date for both changes is March 1, 2000. These procedures will be updated after that date.

Persons applying for Medi-Cal who are not on Public Assistance (PA) or other PA, must first be evaluated for the Section 1931(b) program prior to any other full scope Medi-Cal programs if they are otherwise eligible, e.g., meet residency, age, deprivation, income and property requirements. See the Section 5S of this Manual for more information about deprivation and implementation of the Section 1931(b) program.

2. MFBU (MEDI-CAL FAMILY BUDGET UNIT) COMPOSITION RULES

The MFBU for Section 1931(b) shall be the basic unit of persons considered in determining an individual's or family's eligibility and share of cost. Note: <u>Sneede</u> is applicable to the Section 1931(b) determination. Persons eligible for Section 1931(b) have a zero share of cost (SOC).

The following are some basic Section 1931(b) rules for the MFBU determination:

PENDING

- All persons in the family who are living in the home and who are <u>not</u> already receiving a cash grant e.g., Supplemental Security Income (SSI), CalWORKs, In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) are evaluated for Section 1931(b) in the same Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) regardless of whether or not they have linkage. Persons who are considered to be receiving Public Assistance (PA), or other PA are not in the MFBU except for those receiving Four Month Continuing and Transitional Medi-Cal benefits (see 50373 California Code of Regulations).
- If some persons in the household are receiving CalWORKs, those persons who are not eligible for CalWORKs or chose to not receive CalWORKs are considered to be eligible for Section 1931(b) without a determination. For example:
 - Persons who are sanctioned from CalWORKs such as those who do not cooperate with work, child support rules, fleeing felons, or those who have reached their time limits are eligible for Section 1931(b) benefits.
 - 2) Persons who are not eligible to receive CalWORKs benefits because they do not have satisfactory immigration status, are eligible for restricted Section 1931(b) benefits.

The only exceptions to this rule are persons with no deprivation, who do not meet the age requirements of a child (they are not under 18 or not enrolled in school and expected to graduate prior to age 19), or a non-needy caretaker relative who was not financially eligible for CalWORKs but is responsible for a child receiving CalWORKs. These individuals are not automatically eligible.

- Those persons who are in the same MFBU with other family members who are being
 evaluated for Section 1931(b), but are ineligible because they do not have linkage or who are
 not eligible after a <u>Sneede</u> determination, should be evaluated for the Medically Needy (MN),
 Medically Indigent (MI), or the Percent programs, if otherwise eligible.
- There must be at least one deprived child eligible for the MN/MI or Percent program with a zero SOC for a parent to be eligible for the Section 1931(b) program. NOTE: Beginning March 1, 2000, the definition of an unemployed parent will change. The principal wage earner who is an <u>applicant</u> for the Section 1931(b) and a PWE who is either and applicant or a recipient in the MN program may work over 100 hours if the family's net nonexempt earnings is not more than 100 percent of the FPL. Recipients of Section 1931(b) may continue to work over 100 hours if the meet the regular income and property requirements.
- An unborn may be used to increase the Section 1931(b) family size prior to the last trimester
 regardless of whether the unborn is deprived if the family is otherwise eligible, i.e., the
 mother has other deprived children or the minor mother is deprived because of her senior
 parent's unemployment, incapacity, etc.
- If the only deprived child is an unborn in the last trimester and the mother is being evaluated for Section 1931(b), the spouse or parent of the unborn is an ineligible member of the Section 1931(b) MBFU and is not eligible for Section 1931(b) until the birth of the unborn.
 He may be eligible for the MN or MI program. Continued Eligibility rules apply.

PENDING

- The stepparent may chose to apply as an essential person if his/her spouse has a deprived child and the spouse wishes to apply regardless of whether or not he/she has non-deprived children; however, he/she must be included in the Section 1931(b) MFBU regardless of whether or not he/she wishes benefits. The stepparent may opt out of Section 1931(b) if only his spouse's separate children are applying for benefits. See the special property rules requirement described under Sneede property.
- The Section 1931(b) MFBU rules for a non-parent caretaker are similar to those of the MN program. If the caretaker relative is not the parent of the child, he or she is not required to be in the MFBU unless he or she wishes to be aided. If a caretaker also lives with a spouse, the spouse may not be aided nor is the spouse's income and property counted. This is similar to the rule for the MN program. The spouse may be aided under the MN program if he or she has other linkage such as aged, blind, or disabled. See the Medi-Cal Eligibility Procedures Manual Article 8D for more information.
- An exception to Section 1931(b) MFBU rules for caretaker relatives is if the non-parent relative is the caretaker of a child and the adult parent of that child is also living in the home. This is permitted under Section 1931(b) rules even though MN rules do not permit the caretaker relative to be aided when the parent is also living in the home. If an adult parent does not have care and control of his or her child (but his or her parental rights have not been terminated) and he/she is living with a caretaker relative of the adult parent's child such as grandparent who does have care and control, all persons are included in the MFBU if the caretaker wishes to be aided. See Example N.
- The minor mother who is living in the home of her parents must be deprived to be aided under Section 1931(b) rules. The Section 1931(b) MFBU is similar to that of the MN MFBU. There are two MFBU's. The minor mother is an eligible member in the MFBU with her unborn, parents and siblings. If the minor mother has a born child or if there is a second parent of the minor's child in the home, they are in a second MFBU and the minor mother is an ineligible member.
- If the minor mother has no other siblings in the household, the senior mother must have care and control of both the minor mother and the minor mother's child if she wishes to be aided. If these conditions are not met, she is an ineligible member in the minor mother's MFBU for the Section 1931(b) program. If these conditions are met, there are two MFBUs for the Section 1931(b) program which is similar to the treatment of the minor mother and the senior mother under regular MN rules. The senior parent is in the first MFBU with the minor mother and the minor mother is an ineligible member with his/her child in the second MFBU. The senior parent's income/property is never used to determine the eligibility for the minor parent's child. If the senior parent's income/property makes the minor parent ineligible, only the infant is eligible in the second MFBU. The senior parent(s) and the minor parent may be eligible for the MN or the Percent programs if they are not eligible for Section 1931(b). NOTE: Under this scenario where the minor has care and control of herself and/or infant the senior parent's income and property is not counted when the minor reaches age 18 regardless of whether or not she is enrolled in school and expected to graduate before age 19.
- If there are siblings in the home, the senior parent, siblings, and the minor parent are in the first MFBU. The issue of care and control is not an issue due to CalWORKs mandatory inclusion rules. Sneede rules apply if the siblings or the minor has income. The minor mother is an ineligible member of the second MFBU with her infant.

PENDING

- If the deprived minor mother lives in the home with her parent(s), unmarried parent of her infant, and other siblings, the minor parent, senior parent(s), and siblings are in the first MFBU to determine eligibility. The minor mother is an ineligible member in the second MFBU with her infant or children and the second unmarried parent of her children. If the minor's child is an unborn, the unborn is in both MFBUs and may be counted in the family size prior to the last trimester. Counties may wish to review the Sneede Procedures Article 8F for minor mother examples.
- The Section 1931(b) MFBU for married minor children and their spouse living with the senior parent(s) is similar to the MFBU used for the MN program except that a minor under the MN/MI program is a person under 21. There may be three separate MFBU's depending on who wishes to be aided. Please review All County Welfare Directors Letter (ACWDL) 98-17 and 98-23.
- Persons who are eligible for Section 1931(b) may chose to be aided under certain other mandatory programs such as Pickle or a special limited benefits program such as the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary program, but they may not choose to be aided under the MN program.

3. SNEEDE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements of the <u>Sneede</u> lawsuit apply to the Section 1931(b) determination. That is, there is a mandatory exception to using the modified July 16, 1996 AFDC methodology. This exception relates to the Medi-Cal <u>Sneede</u> lawsuit which limits financial responsibility to a spouse for a spouse or a parent for a child. Such prohibitions did not exist in the AFDC program, but the Health Care Financing Administration indicated that <u>Sneede</u> must apply to the Section 1931(b) program as it does for all other Medi-Cal programs.

This means that if a family is determined ineligible for Section 1931(b) rules because of excess property or failure to meet the MBSAC income test, <u>Sneede</u> provisions apply if there is a <u>Sneede</u> class member. If only a parent is eligible for Section 1931(b) after <u>Sneede</u> is applied, there must be at least one deprived child who is eligible for another Medi-Cal program with a zero SOC for the parent to be eligible for Section 1931(b).

Generally, the same <u>Sneede</u> methodology used in the regular Medi-Cal program is followed under Section 1931(b) except for the following:

Income exceptions: Under regular <u>Sneede</u>, deductions for the aged, blind, and disabled are applicable. These deductions are not permitted in the Section 1931(b) <u>Sneede</u> determination. Under regular <u>Sneede</u>, the SOC is based on the Maintenance Need Income Level (MNIL) (or prorated amount), and a parental needs amount of \$600 (which relates to the MNIL for one) is allowed for the parent before the parent allocates to others for whom that parent is responsible. Under Section 1931(b) <u>Sneede</u>, income eligibility is based on the MBSAC (or its prorated amount). As of July 1, 1999, the parent is allowed a \$389 parental needs deduction. This amount changes when the MBSAC changes. Currently recipients are allowed a \$240 plus one-half deduction for disability and earned income. Each <u>Sneede</u> member may receive the full \$240 and one-half if applicable. This is similar to the <u>Sneede</u> rules for deductions under the MN/MI program where each <u>Sneede</u> member receives a full set of applicable deductions, e.g., the \$20 any income disregard.

PENDING

NOTE: Income limits will change beginning March 1, 2000. The new limits will raise the Section 1931(b) income limit for applicants to 100 percent of the FPL and give recipients a choice between either the present \$240 and one-half deductions and the current MBSAC limit or 100 percent of the FPL.. These changes will affect the income limits for Section 1931(b) and Sneede income limits but will not change the basic MFBU or Sneede rules. More information about Section 1931(b) income rules can be reviewed in ACWDLs 98-43, 99-37, 99-39, 99-41, 99-54, future ACWDLs and in forthcoming Procedures.

- A. Allocations from spouses or parents who have failed to qualify for Section 1931(b) due to Sneede or because of no deprivation.
 - Spouses who are <u>not</u> eligible for Section 1931(b) may deduct all of their income if they are being determined as eligible or ineligible members of the MFBU for the Medically Needy (MN) program and their income was used to make their spouse eligible for Section 1931(b). Unmarried parents are not responsible relatives and may not deduct any income. NOTE: There should not be many instances where one spouse is ineligible because spouses are in the same Mini Budget Unit (MBU) and will pass or fail the income and property test together and the stepparent can chose to be an essential person. However, they mail fail due to linkage problems except when the pregnant woman has no other deprived children, is in her last trimester, and the other parent is not eligible until the deprived child is born. Unmarried parents are in separate MBUs and only keep \$389 (parental needs), which is under the Section 1931(b) income limit. This limit will rise for applicants on March 1, 2000 to \$687 (100 percent of the FPL for one). Unmarried parents usually pass the Section 1931(b) income test unless they have separate children who are in the same budget unit and those children have income allocated from that parent.
 - A parent who is not eligible for Section 1931(b) may deduct the amount of their parental allocation to each child if that child is Section 1931(b) eligible when the parent is being determined for the other Medi-Cal programs as an eligible or ineligible member.
 - No income or <u>Sneede</u> allocation from any eligible Section 1931(b) person is carried over to family members who did not pass Section 1931(b).
 - Children who do not pass Section 1931(b) after a <u>Sneede</u> determination, or do not meet the age limitations or deprivation requirements may <u>not</u> deduct any of their income which was used in the Section 1931(b) determination because they are not responsible relatives. They must use their income again (if any), when they are determined for the MN or MI program. As noted above, no allocations from the parent in Section 1931(b) are carried over.

B. Percent Programs:

 When determining eligibility for the Percent programs for persons who did not pass Section 1931(b) or the MN/MI program with no share of cost after <u>Sneede</u> rules were applied or who have no deprivation and are being evaluated for the Percent programs, follow the regular MFBU composition and income rules as described in the Medi-Cal Procedures Manual Section 5K. Include the income from all

PENDING

responsible persons and compare the net nonexempt income to the income limit for the entire family size. Follow the usual exceptions which are:

- (1) If the stepparent is opting out of either Section 1931(b) or the MN program because only the spouse's separate children wish to be aided or,
- (2) If the unmarried father does not wish to be aided with his/her girlfriend and her separate child and the only non-deprived mutual child is his unborn.

These persons were not part of the original Section 1931(b) or MN MFBU and are not included in the family size, nor is their income counted.

C. Property exception: Under regular <u>Sneede</u>, property eligibility is based on the property limits under the regular Medi-Cal program (or a prorated amount). These property limits increase according to family size. Because <u>Sneede</u> does not apply to MFBUs with only one person, the property limits under Section 1931(b) <u>Sneede</u> are the same as under regular <u>Sneede</u>. Because property limits are different under Section 1931(b) than under other Medi-Cal programs, persons who pass

Section 1931(b) are not included in the MFBU with other family members who are not eligible for Section 1931(b) and being determined for the MN or MI program. The exception to this rule is when their children or a pregnant spouse of parent is being evaluated for the Percent programs because there are no property limits for these programs.

Note: If the husband and the husband's separate child choose not to be aided, his separate plus one-half of the community property are exempt under the Section 1931(b) program. This exemption for property occurs even though his wife is requesting benefits. This rule does not apply to income. Income from the stepparent is counted unless only the wife's separate children are applying. If the husband's separate child wants benefits, then the husband is considered a parent and the stepparent exemption does not apply. More information about Section 1931(b) property rules are described in ACWDLs 98-43, 99-02, 99-03, 99-20, will be discussed in future Procedures.

4. EXAMPLES (Assume that all are applicants unless otherwise stated and the income limits are prior to the March 1, 2000 income changes)

Example A:

Father and two children age 6 and 8 are receiving Medi-Cal through CalWORKs. Mother is not eligible for CalWORKs because she does not meet the other CalWORKs requirements such as work, citizenship or time limits. Oldest child is not eligible for CalWORKs because he is age 20.

CalWORKs

1931(b)

MN/MI

Father

Mother

20-Year-Old

Child #1

<20 Year Old>

Child #2

PENDING

SECTION NO.: 50226

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219

DATE: MARCH 1, 2000

8G-6

There is no income or property determination required for the mother because she is presumed eligible for Section 1931(b) because the other family members are receiving CalWORKs. The 20-year-old is only shown in her budget unit to be consistent with the other examples. The 20 year old is in his own budget unit for the MN/MI because he is not eligible for Section 1931(b) because he is over the age limit.

Example B:

A father and two children age 6 and 8 were receiving CalWORKs. His spouse was not eligible for CalWORKs because she did not participate in with the CalWORKs work requirements and was receiving Medi-Cal under the Section 1931(b) program. The oldest child was not eligible for CalWORKs because he is age 20. The father and the two younger children have now been terminated from CalWORKs because of an increase in earnings from employment. Reevaluate the entire family for Section 1931(b). All but the 20 year old are considered recipients.

1931(b)

MN/MI

Father

20-vear-old

Child #1 (\$) Child #2 Mom

<20-vear-old>

Mother can be considered for 1931(b) because there are no work requirements for this program. The 20-year-old is included as an ineligible member of the Section 1931(b) MFBU, but also evaluated under regular Medi-Cal in his/her own MFBU. If the rest of the family is eligible for Section 1931(b), they may continue to receive no SOC Medi-Cal under this program. Should they later be terminated for an increase in earnings, they would be eligible for Transitional Medi-Cal; however, the 20 year old would not.

Example C: (Sneede/Poverty Level Programs Apply)

If the family in Example B above were not eligible for 1931(b), those who were not eligible for 1931(b) would be evaluated under 1931(b) Sneede rules because Child #1 has income. In this case Child #1 was found to be ineligible for 1931(b) after the Sneede determination.

Step One

Step Two

1931(b)

Sneede

MBU #2

Father

MBU#1 Father

Child #1 (\$)

Child #2

Mom

Mom

Child #1 (\$)

Child #2

<20-year-old>

<20-year-old>

Assume everyone is ineligible.

Assume Father, Mom, and Child #2 are eligible, but child #1 is ineligible

If the child is not eligible under 1931(b) Sneede, he/she would be evaluated with the 20-year-old under the MN program. Sneede would apply if they have an SOC.

PENDING

SECTION NO.: 50226

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219

DATE: MARCH 1, 2000

8G-7

Step Three

Step Four

MN/MI

Sneede MN/Mi

1011.4/1011

MBU #1

MBU#2

20-year-old

Child #1(\$)

20-year-old

Child #1(\$)

Both children have a SOC

20-year-old has no SOC

Child #1 has a SOC

Step Five Poverty Level Program

All family members are included in the poverty level determination for child #1. Compare the net nonexempt income of the responsibly relatives to the poverty limit for five. If child #2 or the 20-year-old had income, their income would not be used, but the family size would remain the same.

<Father>

<Child #2>

<Mom>

Child #1(\$)

<20-year-old>

Assume Child #1 is eligible.

Example D:

Husband and wife with separate and mutual children apply for Medi-Cal. The children have no income. The wife is the principal wage earner and is employed over 100 hours; therefore, the mutual children are ineligible for Section 1931(b) because they are not deprived. This family was not terminated from CalWORKs or Section 1931(b) in the last four months; therefore, they are treated as applicants. Assume the family does applies prior to March 1, 2000; therefore, the PWE is considered employed. Since the separate children are deprived due to an absent parent, only the mutual children have no linkage.

1931(b)

MI Program

Husband

Wife

<Mutual Children>

Mutual Children

Wife's Separate Child

Husband's Separate Child

Assume family meets Section 1931(b) income and property limits. If the mutual children had an SOC in the MI program, they would be evaluated for the percent program using the responsible relative's family's income/property in the MFBU (the separate children have no income).

Example E:

If only the separate children of one parent wish to be aided, evaluate first for Section 1931(b) before evaluating under the MN/MI program. Use the Section 1931(b) parental needs allocation and compare the net nonexempt income of the MFBU to the Section 1931(b) limit for the family size of two. The wife is allowed to allocate to her spouse, separate child, and any non-deprived mutual children which reduces her total income. If the separate children have a SOC, determine eligibility for the Percent program and follow the regular Medi-Cal MFBU rules for that scenario as described in the Medi-Cal Procedures Manual 5K Page 6.

PENDING

1931(b)

<Wife> (Net income minus parental needs and allocations to spouse and children) Wife's Separate Children

Example F:

A single mother and her 5-year-old child with income apply for Medi-Cal prior to March 1, 2000. The mother has net nonexempt income of \$589 and the child has net nonexempt income of \$620. The county determines Section 1931(b) and then applies Sneede because the family is over the Section 1931(b) July 1999 limit.

<u>MFBU</u>		Sneede MBU No. 1	Sneede MBU No. 2	
Mother Child Total Limit	\$ 589 \$ 620 \$1,209 \$ 639	Mother \$389 Total \$389 Limit \$390	Child \$620 + \$200 from M Total \$820 Limit \$320	lother

The mother passes Section 1931(b) because she keeps her parental needs amount of \$389 and allocates the remainder to her child; however, the child is above the limit. The county then evaluates the child for the MN program. Since the child did not pass, he or she is evaluated for the 133 Percent program. There are no health premiums to add back.

<u>MN</u>		133 Percent Program		
Child \$6	20	Mother's Income \$	589	
Total \$6	20	Child's Income \$	620	
Limit \$6	00	Total \$	1,209	
		Limit (2) \$	1,226	

Child is eligible for the 133 Percent program. Mom is eligible for Section 1931(b) because she has a child who is eligible for Medi-Cal with no SOC.

Example G:

Married parents apply for Medi-Cal prior to March 1, 2000 for themselves, their two mutual children and the mother's two separate children, one of which is a 20-year-old child. The mother's net nonexempt income is \$300 and the father's net nonexempt income is \$589. Both are employed so there is no deprivation for their mutual children. The father chooses to be aided as an essential person. The mother's 20-year-old has unearned net nonexempt income of \$500.

Section 1931(b) MFBU	
Mother	\$ 300
Father	\$ 589
<mutual 1="" child="" no.=""></mutual>	0
<mutual 2="" child="" no.=""></mutual>	0
Mother's 10-Year-Old	0
<mother's 20-year-old=""></mother's>	\$ 500
Total	\$1,389
Limit for July 1999	\$1,208

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Since the family is over the Section 1931(b) limit and there are <u>Sneede</u> class members, <u>Sneede</u> rules apply. The Section 1931(b) <u>Sneede</u> parental needs amount at this time is \$389. The mother keeps \$300 and allocates nothing because she has less than \$389. The father keeps \$389 and allocates \$200 \div 3 = \$67 (the mother, mutual children no. 1 and no. 2).

MBU No. 1

Sneede

Mother	\$300 + \$67 from father	\$367
Father	\$389	\$389
<mutual 1="" child="" no.=""></mutual>	\$67 from father	\$ 67
<mutual 2="" child="" no.=""></mutual>	\$67 from father	\$ 67
Total		\$890
Limit		\$942

The mother and father are eligible for Section 1931(b). The mutual children in this MBU have no linkage. They are evaluated for the MI or Percent programs.

MBU No. 2 MBU No. 3 Sneede Sneede

Mother's 10-year-old = \$0 < Mother's 20-Year-Old = \$500>

Mother's 10-year-old is eligible for 1931(b)

This child is not eligible for 1931(b) due to age

The 20-year-old's income is used again because children are not responsible relatives. If a mutual child in MBU No. 1 had his or her own income, it also would be used again.

MN/MI

Mutual Child No. 1	\$ 0
Mutual Child No. 2	\$ 0
Mother's 20-Year-Old	\$ 500
Total	\$ 500
Limit	\$ 934

All the children are eligible whether deprived or not.

NOTE: If <u>Sneede</u> applies to a MN/MI budget unit and there are no parents in the MFBU because they were eligible for Section 1931(b), the child(ren) in the MBU receive a full standard of need rather than a prorated income/property limit similar to when a parent is PA or other PA.

Example H:

Unmarried parents apply for Medi-Cal (prior to March 1, 2000) for themselves and their two mutual children and the mother's two separate children, one of which is a 20-year-old child. The mother's net nonexempt income is \$300 and the father's net nonexempt income is \$589. Both are employed so there is no deprivation for their mutual children. The father may not be aided as an essential person because he is not a stepparent. The mother's 20-year-old has unearned net nonexempt income of \$500.

PENDING

Section 1931(b) MFBU

Mother	\$	300
<father></father>	\$	589
<mutual #1="" child=""></mutual>		0
<mutual #2="" child=""></mutual>		0
Mother's 10-Year-Old		0
<mother's 20-year-old=""></mother's>	\$	500
Total	\$ 1	,389
Limit for July 1999	\$1	,208

Since the family is over the Section 1931(b) limit and there are <u>Sneede</u> class members, <u>Sneede</u> rules apply. The Section 1931(b) <u>Sneede</u> parental needs amount at this time is \$389. The mother keeps \$300 and allocates nothing because she has less than \$389. The father keeps \$389 and allocates \$2,000 \div 2 = \$100 (mutual children #1 and #2).

MBU No. 1 Sneede		MBU No. 2 Sneede		MBU 3 <u>Sneede</u>		
Mother Mother's 10 Yea	\$300 ar Old 0	<father></father>	\$389 \$390	<mutual #1="" child=""> <mutual #2="" child=""></mutual></mutual>		
<mother's 20-ye<="" td=""><td>ear-old> 0</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>Total</td><td>\$200</td></mother's>	ear-old> 0		•	Total	\$200	
Total	\$300			Limit	\$471	
Limit	\$793					

The mother and her separate 10-year-old are eligible for Section 1931(b). The father, mother's 20-year-old, and the mutual children have no linkage. Evaluate them for the MN/ MI.

MN/MI MFBU

<father></father>	\$	589
Mutual Child No. 1	\$	0
Mutual Child No. 2	\$	0
Mother's 20-Year-Old	\$	500
Total	\$1	,089
Limit	\$1	,100

The mutual the children are eligible as MI's, the 20-year-old is eligible as an MN. The father is not eligible because he has no deprivation. The father's entire income is used again because he is not a responsible relative of any of the persons who are eligible for Section 1931(b).

Example I

An incapacitated married father with no income, his spouse, and their two children are terminated from CalWORKs due to the mother's unearned income. One of the children has unearned income of \$50. This family is considered recipients for the Section 1931(b) determination.

PENDING

1931(b) MFBU

Father \$ 0

Mother \$1,000 net nonexempt income
Child #1 \$ 50 net nonexempt income

Child #2 \$ 0 Total \$1,050 Limit \$ 942

Sneede Rules apply because the family is over the limit and there are Sneede class members.

Mother keeps the parental allocation of \$389 and divides the remainder of \$611 by 3 = \$203.66

MBU#1 MBU#2

Sneede

 Mother
 \$389
 (Parental Needs)
 Child #1(\$)
 \$50+203.66

 Father
 \$203.66 (Mother)
 Total
 \$253.66

 Child #2
 \$203.66 (Mother)
 Limit
 \$265

Total \$796.32 Limit \$793

None of the family members in MBU #1 are eligible. They are not eligible for Four Month Continuing Medi-Cal or the Transitional Medi-Cal programs. Evaluate them for the MN program. The mother may deduct her allocation to Child #1 who is eligible for Section 1931(b) in MBU #2.

MN MFBU

Mother \$796.34 (\$1,000 - \$203.66 allocation to Child #1)
Father 0 (No allocation is carried over from Mother)
Child #2 0 (No allocation is carried over from Mother)

Total 796.34 Limit 934.00

This MFBU is eligible for the MN program.

Example J:

A married pregnant woman with no other children in her last trimester and the unemployed father of the unborn are applying for Medi-Cal. Dad has \$700 in net non-exempt income.

Section 193	1(b) MFBU	MN Program			
Mom	\$ 0	Dad	\$	0	
Unborn	\$ 0	Total	\$	0	
<dad></dad>	\$700	MNL Limit	\$6	300	
Total	\$700				
Limit for 3	\$703				

PENDING

Mom is eligible for 1931(b). Dad is only eligible for the MN program. His income is not carried over to the MN program because he is a financially responsible relative to Mom and his income was used to make Mom eligible. Once the baby is born, he may be added to the Section 1931(b) program with no determination if there is no change in the family income. If the family income increases, a new determination is required. If the parents of the unborn were unmarried, Sneede would apply if Mom were ineligible for Section 1931(b). If Mom were then eligible, Dad could not deduct his income in the MN determination because unmarried parents are not responsible for one another. NOTE: The baby is protected from income increases until age one because of the Continued Eligibility program.

Example K

A married pregnant woman lives with her separate child, her employed spouse and their mutual child. All are requesting Medi-Cal. The spouse may be aided as an essential person (EP); however, his income is counted regardless of whether or not he wishes to be aided unless only his wife's separate child wishes to be aided.

Section 1931(b) MF	BU	Section 1931(b	Snee	ede C	Determ	ination		
Mom	\$	0	MBU #I				MBU #	2	
Unborn	\$	0					•		
Mom's Child	\$	300	Mom	\$205	.50		Mom's	Child	\$300
<mutual child=""></mutual>	\$	0.	Dad (EP)	\$389	.00		Total		\$300
Dad (EP)	\$	800	<mutual child=""></mutual>	\$205	.50		Limit		\$320
Total	\$	1,100	Unborn	\$	0				
Limit for 5	\$	1,074	Total	\$800	.00				
			Limit for 4	\$942	.00				

Sneede Rules Apply. Dad keeps \$389 and allocates the remainder to Mom and his mutual child. Mom's separate child keeps \$300 of his/her own. All are eligible for Section 1931(b). NOTE: If Mom's separate child were not eligible for Section 1931(b) after the Sneede process, he or she would be evaluated for the MN program using only his or her income. If there were a parental allocation under Sneede, it is NOT carried over. If the child is still ineligible, then he or she should be evaluated for the poverty level programs, using only Mom's full net non-exempt income and his or her own. Compare this amount to the full family size of five.

Example L

A deprived minor parent and siblings apply based on the senior parent's unemployment. The minor parent's child is deprived through absence. Senior Dad has \$2,000 per month net nonexempt unearned income. The minor mother has no income.

Section 1931(b) M	IFBU #1	Section 1931(b) MFB	U #2
Senior Mom Senior Dad	\$ 0 \$2,000	<minor mom=""> \$0 Minor Mom's Infant</minor>	\$0
Minor Mom	0	Total	\$0
Sibling #1 Sibling #2	0 0	Limit (2)	\$639
Total Limit (5)	\$2,000 \$1,074		

Only the infant is eligible for Section 1931(b). The other family members in the first MFBU should be evaluated for the MN or the Percent programs.

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Example M

The 16-year-old minor mother and her 17-year-old unemployed boyfriend who is the parent of her child live with her senior parents. The senior parents are employed. The boyfriend is unemployed. The minor mother has care and control of herself and her child. We will assume that there is no in-kind income to the boyfriend.

Section 1931(b) M	FBU #1	Section 1931(b) MFBU #2		
<senior mom=""></senior>	\$3,000	<minor mom=""></minor>	\$ 0	
<senior dad=""></senior>	\$ 50	Minor Dad	\$ 0	
Minor Mom	\$ 0	Infant	\$ 0	
Total	\$3,050	Total	\$0	
Limit (3)	\$1,074			

All the persons in MFBU No. 1 are ineligible. The minor Mom should be evaluated for the MN. She would be in her own MFBU. If she has a SOC, evaluate her for the 100 Percent program. The minor Dad and the infant are eligible for Section 1931(b).

Example N

A 26-year-old adult parent who does not have care and control of her minor child lives with her minor child and her mother (grandmother of the child). The grandmother has care and control of the minor child. All are requesting aid. Under the Section 1931(b) program, a caretaker relative with care and control of a child may be aided even if the adult parent is in the home. If the MFBU has excess income or property, modified Sneede rules apply and only the income and property of the parent is allocated to the child. If the grandmother is ineligible, he/she is not eligible under the MN program if the adult parent is being aided in Section 1931(b) with the parent's child. The MN program does not allow a caretaker to be aided if the adult parent of a minor child is living in the home.

Section 1931(b) MFBU

Grandmother	\$620
Adult Parent	\$100
Child	\$ 0
Total	\$720
Limit (3)	\$793

All are eligible for Section 1931(b).

Example O

Same example as N; however, the parent has an income of \$500 which makes the family ineligible for Section 1931(b). Apply $\underline{\text{Sneede}}$ rules:

PENDING

Section 1931(b) Sneede MBU#1		Section 1931(b) Sneede MBU #2		
Grandmother	\$620	Adult Parent	\$500	
Total	<u>\$620</u>	Child	<u>\$ 0</u>	
Limit (1)	\$390	Total	\$500	
• •		Limit for (2)	\$639	

Grandmother is not eligible for Section 1931(b) or any other MN program unless she has linkage of her own such as aged, blind, or disabled. The adult parent and child are eligible for Section 1931(b).

EXAMPLE P

A 20-year-old parent has care and control of her child, lives with her senior parents, and all are requesting Medi-Cal. There is absent parent deprivation for the child. The 20-year-old is considered an adult in the Section 1931(b) determination. The senior parents are not in the Section 1931(b) MFBU because they are not caretaker relatives of a Section 1931(b) child. The senior parents may be aided under the MN program if the 20-year-old is deprived by the senior parent's incapacity, unemployment, or they are aged, blind, or disabled; otherwise the 20-year-old is MI.

Section 1931(b) MFBU	MN MFBU
20-Year-Old Parent	Senior Dad
20-Year-Old Parent's Child	Senior Mom

If the 20-year-old and her child are not eligible for Section 1931(b), all family members may be evaluated for the MN program following the minor mother MN/MI MFBU rules since the 20 year old is still considered a child. Assume the senior parent is incapacitated.

MN MFBU #1	MN MFBU#1

Senior Dad <20-year-old Parent>
Senior Mom 20-year-old Parent's Child
20-year-old Parent

NOTE: If the senior parents had care and control of the minor child in this example, follow Example N for the Section 1931(b) determination.

EXAMPLE Q

Married couple with no mutual children. The wife has a separate child. The stepfather requests to be aided as essential person. He may not opt out because his wife wants to be aided; however, he can be an ineligible member of the MFBU if he does not want to be aided. The wife has no income. The child has net income of \$100. The stepfather has \$2,000 net nonexempt income per month.

Section 1931(b)

Stepfather	\$2,000
Mother	\$ 0
Separate Child	\$ 100
Total	\$2,100
Limit	\$ 942

PENDING

Since the family is ineligible for Section 1931(b), <u>Sneede</u> rules apply. The stepfather keeps \$389 and allocates the remainder to his wife = \$1,611. The mother has no income and allocates nothing to her child.

MBU#1	1(b) Sneede	Section 1931(b) Sn MFBU #2	eede
Stepfather	\$ 389	Separate Child	\$100
Mother	\$0 + \$1,611	Total	\$100
Total	\$2,000	Limit	\$320
Limit	\$639		

The child is eligible; however, the mother and stepfather are not eligible for Section 1931(b) and should be evaluated for the MN and county programs. The stepfather is not eligible for the MN program as an essential person. NOTE: He may only be aided as an MN if his wife is incapacitated since he has no deprived child.

MN

<stepfather></stepfather>	\$2,000
Mother	0
Total	\$2,000
Limit	934

The mother has a share of cost of \$1,066.

EXAMPLE R

Married parents with two mutual children (assume Dad is incapacitated) apply for Medi-Cal. Mom earns \$800/month and the father receives \$200/month in Social Security disability income. Child #1 (who is not in school) has earnings of \$300/month. Child #2 receives \$400/month in Social Security Disability. For purposes of determining the Section 1931 eligibility of applicants, Dad's \$200 and Child #2's \$400/month in Social Security disability payments are treated as unearned income (the \$240 and one-half deduction does not apply to applicants.) Therefore, the father's \$200 and child #2's \$400 disability income amounts result in the family having \$600 in net unearned income. Subtract the \$90 work expense deduction from Mom's earning and Child #1's earnings, leaving Mom with \$710 in net earnings and Child #1 with \$210 in net earnings. Add these two amounts together to get the family's total net earnings (\$920) and the family's total net unearned income (\$600) together to get the family's total net nonexempt income: \$1,520. Compare this to the current Section 1931 Program income limit for a family of 4: \$942.

Section 1931(b) MFBU

Mom	\$	710
Dad	\$	200
Child #1\$	Š	210
Child #2\$	\$	400
Total	\$1	,520
Limit	\$	942

As applicants, the family is ineligible because their net nonexempt income of \$1,520 exceeds the Section 1931 income limit of \$942 for the family. Sneede rules would then apply. Mom keeps the \$389 parental needs allocation and divides the remainder of \$321 by 3 = \$107. Dad's income is below the parental needs limit; therefore, he keeps the entire \$200.

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Section 1931(b) Sneede

MBU #1 MBU #2 MBU #3

Mother \$389 Child #1\$ \$210 + \$107 Child #2\$ \$400+\$107

Father \$200+ \$107 Total \$317 Total \$507
Total \$696 Limit \$265

Limit \$639

None are eligible for Section 1931(b). The family should evaluated for the MN program, regular <u>Sneede</u> if applicable, and the children for the Percent programs, if applicable. See the attached worksheets for this example.

PENDING

State of California—Health And Human Services Agency

Department of Health Services

SEC. 1931 APPLICANT PROGRAM BUDGET SHEET FOR DETERMINING APPLICANT NET NON-EXEMPT INCOME AND SECTION 1931 INCOME ELIGIBILITY

Case	Name Example	Example R.			Count	y District	County Use			
□ New App. □ Redetermination □ Change □ Retro Efig. □Correction			on	Effective Elig. Date for this budget: Mo. Yr						
Name	Name MFBU Member #1:			T	Name MFBU	/lember #6	5:			Other
Name	Name MFBU Member #2 Father				Name MFBU I	Aember #7	/:			Coverage
Name	MFBU Member #3: Ch. Id +#	1		\neg	Name MFBU I	fember #8):			
Name MFBU Member #4: Child #2			Name MFBU I	Nember #9);	•				
Name	MFBU Member #5:				Name MFBU N	lember #1	0.			
1	Enter unearned income of each MFBU member, then total for MFBU (include non-exempt disability-based income here)	Unea Incor	ne .	\$_	earned income	MFBU m	. +	Unearned income Mi \$		+
Ŀ	based meeting tiere,	\$ 4	100	\$_	20	<u>O_</u>	+	s <u>400</u>		
2	□ Educational Expense (§ 50547)	- \$	0		Exempt	ncome	(List exempt inc	come here):		
3	□ \$50 Support Received (§50554.5)	- \$_	0							
4	Remaining non-exempt unearned income	Box 4 = \$_	600							
5	Enter earnings of each MFBU member, subtract \$90 work expense deduction from each, then total remainders for MFBU	Total I Earnin	gs:	me \$_	8 00 90 wrk exp de	me \$_	mings, MFBU mber #	\$_300 - \$90 wrk exp ded	mem \$	or wrk exp ded
6	□ Dependent Care Deduction (§ 5055	3.5)	-5_	2					-	
7	Remaining Non-exempt earned Inco	ome	Box 7 = \$	20	J11	nty Use				
8	Total Remaining Income: Non-exemunearned income & Non-exempt ea income (lines 4+7)	•	s <u>15</u>	20	2					
9	a Child/Spousal Support Pymts (§ 50	554)	- \$ <u> </u>	2						H
10	Allocation to excluded children (§ 50)	558)	-\$(2						ļį
11	Allocation to PA family member (§5)	0557)	<u>+</u> s(2					,	
12	Total MFBU Net-nonexempt Income (rounded down to the nearest dollar)		= \$ <u>/</u> 5	20		<u>-</u>		•		
13	Sec. 1931 income limit for family	\$	742							
	If income from line 12 is less than limit from line 13, family is income eligible		ligible	oth	er Medi-Cal Sec. 1931 u	program nder Sn	ns; if Sneede- el eede.	ass member, eval igible class membe		
Egibility	Worker Signature	Worker I	Number		Computation	Date	County Use			

MC 176M-A -1931 Group -APPL (5/99)

PENDING

State of California-Health And Human Services Agency

Department of Health Service

SECTION 1931 (b) SNEEDE V. KIZER NET NONEXEMPT INCOME DETERMINATION	ON
AND MINI BUDGET UNIT (MBU) DETERMINATION - APPLICANT	

CASE TYPE: APPLICANT PART 1 NOTE: The only deduction applicable to the Section 1931(0) program is the deduction for Educational Expenses, as provided in Section SOS47. Tile 22, California Code of Regulations. ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEMBER ((On roll fail unborns) Person Type Spread An Occasional Code of Regulations. ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEMBER (On roll fail unborns) All Acres (Each Mebus) Person Type Spread An Occasional Occasional Code of Regulations. ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEMBER (On roll fail unborns) All Acres (Each Mebus) ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEMBER Spread An Occasional Occasional Code of Regulations. ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEMBER All Acres (Each Mebus) ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEMBER All Acres (Each Mebus) ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEMBER All Acres (Each Mebus) ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEMBER Spread An Occasional Occasional Code of Regulations. ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEMBER All Acres (Each Mebus) ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEMBER (Code of Regulations) ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEMBER (Code of Regulations) ENTER NAME OF EACH MEBU MEBU MEBU MEBU MEBU MEBU MEBU MEBU	Case Name	cample R		County Distric	County District County use		
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Person Type Private B av Child					ons.		
A. KONE LEMPT UNEARNED INCOME [EXCLUDING DISABILITY BASED INCOME] 1. Source and amount of nonexempt unearned income *: 2. Net child/spousal support received 0 3. In-kind income (IKI) 0 4. Income available from PA/other PA (see Mic 175-6, line A 4). 5. Total nonexempt unearned income (edd lines 1, 2, 3 and 4). 6. Child/spousal Support Child support is income to the child, not to the parent or caretaker relative. Divide the \$50 per morith child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who still have support payments to apply against the deduction. Divide the \$50 per morith child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who still have support payments to apply against the deduction. Divide the \$50 per morith child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who still have support payments to apply against the deduction. Divide the \$50 per morith child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who still have support payments to apply against the deduction. Divide the \$50 per morith child/spousal support advanced income intended among the person receive the income. Example: Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) of four and each person receives one-fourth of the IKI. Add an unborn's share of like unborn's share to the failer of the unborn if he is in the MFBU. Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations: Divide the \$50 per morith child/spousal support and/or IKI computations: 2. DISABILITY BASED INCOME 8. Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI) Earn Fining A. Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI)	•	FBU MEMBER		Nameher	Child #1	Child*2	Name
EXCLUDING DISABILITY BASED INCOME	Person Type		C) Caretaker	☐ Caretaker	S Child	Child	Child
2. Net child/spousal support received © 3. In-kind income (iKI) © 4. Income available from PAlother PA (see MC 1756, line A 4). 5. Total nonexempt unearned income (add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4). 5. Sources include, net income from properly, Social Security nondisability payments, etc. © Child/spousal Support Payments Received Divide the \$50 per month child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who still have support payments to apply against the deduction. © Unearned IKI Prorate the unearned IKI among the persons who receive the income. Example: Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) of four receives free housing. Use IKI for four and each person receives one-fourth of the IKI. Add an unborn's share of IKI to the pregnant woman's share. If the pregnant woman is Public Assistance (PA)/Other PA, and not in the MFBU, give the unborn's share to the father of the unborn if he is in the MFBU. Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations: By DISABILITY BASET INCOME 6. Source and amount of disability-based Income. Prin' 47c (a) a hirty benefits—fighter 55 DI - Child 42 NONEXEMPT EARNED INCOME 7. Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI). Earnings - Mother/(Child 4) 800 300						_	
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4. Income available from PA/other PA (see MC 175-6, line A 4). 5. Total nonexempt unearned income (add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4). 5. Total nonexempt unearned income (add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4). 6. Child/Spousal Support Payments Received Child support is income to the child, not to the parent or caretaker relative. Divide the \$50 per month child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who still have support payments to apply against the deduction. Prorate the unearned IKI among the persons who receive the income. Example: Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) of four receives free housing. Use IKI for four and each person receives one-fourth of the IKI, Add an unborn's share of IKI to the pregnant woman's share. If the pregnant woman is Public Assistance (PA)/Other PA, and not in the MFBU. Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations: Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations: 2. Source and amount of disability-based income. Private disability-based income. Privat	Net child/spousal support	received (1)					
(see MC 175-6, line A 4). 5. Total encexempt unearned income (add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4). 5. Total encexempt unearned income (add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4). 6. Child/Spousal Support Payments Received O Child/Spousal Support Payments Received Divide the \$50 per month child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who still have support payments to apply against the deduction. O Unearned INC Prorate the unearned INC among the persons who receive the income. Example: Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) of four receives free housing. Use IKI for four and each person receives one-fourth of the INC. Add an unborn's share of IKI to the pregnant woman's share. If the pregnant woman is Public Assistance (PA)/Other PA, and not in the MFBU, give the unborn's the father of the unborn if he is in the MFBU. Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations: Disability Basel Income Private disability based Income. Private disability based Income. Private disability benefits—fighter Source and amount of monexempt earned income (include TVC, SOI and earned IKI). Earnings — Mother/Child* Source and amount of monexempt earned income (include TVC, SOI and earned IKI). Earnings — Mother/Child*	3. In-kind income (IKI) Ø	-					
Sources include, net income from property, Social Security nondisability payments, etc. © Child/Spousal Support Payments Received O Child/Spousal Support Child support is income to the child, not to the parent or caretaker relative. Divide the \$50 per month child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who still have support payments to apply against the deduction. O Unearned IKI Prorate the unearned IKI among the persons who receive the income. Example: Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) of four and each person receives one-fourth of the IKI, Add an unborn's share of IKI to the pregnant woman's share. If the pregnant woman is Public Assistance (PA)/Other PA, and not in the MFBU. Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations: B DISABILITY BASET INCOME Source and amount of disability-based Income. Pri VAITE clies to histy benefits—figher SSDIT—Child 42 NONEREMPT EARNED INCOME Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI). Earnings—Nother/Child 4		other PA					
Child/Spousal Support Payments Received Divide the \$50 per month child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who stift have support payments to apply against the deduction. Prorate the uncarned IKI among the persons who receive the income. Example: Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) of four receives free housing. Use IKI for four and each person receives one-fourth of the IKI, Add an unborn's share of IKI to the pregnant woman's share. If the pregnant woman is Public Assistance (PAYOther PA, and not in the MFBU, give the unborn's share to the father of the unborn if he is in the MFBU. Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations: B. DISABILITY BASED INCOME 7. Source and amount of disability-based Income. Privid te disability-based Income. Privid te disability-based Income. Privid te disability-based Income. Privid te disability based Income. Privid te disability bas		income					
Divide the \$50 per month child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who stifl have support payments to apply against the deduction. Prorate the uncarned IKI among the persons who receive the income. Example: Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) of four receives free housing. Use IKI for four and each person receives one-fourth of the IKI, Add an unborn's share of IKI to the pregnant woman's share If the pregnant woman is Public Assistance (PA)/Other PA, and not in the MFBU, give the unborn's share to the father of the unborn if he is in the MFBU. Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations: B. DISABILITY BASED INCOME 6. Source and amount of disability-based income. Pri V4 te disability-based income. Pri V4 te disability-based income. Pri V4 te disability-based income. Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI). Earnings - Mother/Child* 800 300							
of four receives free housing. Use IKI for four and each person receives one-fourth of the IKI. Add an unborn's share of IKI to the pregnant woman's share. If the pregnant woman is Public Assistance (PA)/Other PA, and not in the MFBU, give the unborn's share to the father of the unborn if he is in the MFBU. Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations: B. DISABILITY, BASED INCOME 6. Source and amount of disability-based Income. Private disability benefits—fighter SSDI - Child 42 C. NONEXEMPT EARNED INCOME 7. Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI). Ear hings - Mother/Child 4 800 300		Divide the \$50 per month child/s Any unused remainder will be pre-	pousal support ded	luction by the numl	ber of persons for wh		
B. DISABILITY. BASED INCOME 6. Source and amount of disability-based Income. Private disability benefits—father 55DI-Child 12 NONEXEMPT EARNED INCOME 7. Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI). Earnings - Mother/Child 1 800 300	② Unearned IKI	of four receives free housing. Us IKI to the pregnant woman's shall	se IKI for four and e re If the pregnant	each person receiv woman is Public A	es one-fourth of the I ssistance (PA)/Othe	IKI, Add an unbori	n's share of
6. Source and amount of disability-based Income. Private disability benefits—father 55DI-Child 2 C NONEXEMPT EARNED INCOME 7. Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI). Earnings - Mother/Child 800 300	Child/Spousal support and/or	KI computations;					
6. Source and amount of disability-based Income. Private disability benefits—father 55DI-Child 2 C NONEXEMPT EARNED INCOME 7. Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI). Earnings - Mother/Child 800 300						-	
NONEXEMPT EARNED INCOME 7. Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI). Earnings - Mother/Childel 800 300			3/7 /00/00/07/97/5/5/		T		74. * 147. * 148. * 1
NONEXEMPT EARNED INCOME 7. Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI). Earnings - Mother/Childel 800 300	Private disability b SSDI - Child #2	enefits—father		200		400	
(include TWC, SDI and earned IKI). Earnings - Mother/Child#1 800 300	C NONEXEMPT EARNED IN	COME		* *			
	(include TWC, SDI and ear	ned IKI).	800		300		
	J						

MC 175-3I.2A (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 1 of 4

PENDING

Remaining nonexempt earned income (subtract line 8 from line 7)	740		210		1
10. Child care deduction	710		610		
11. Other deductions.	 	 	 		
12. Total deductions (add lines 10 and 11).			·		
13. Total net nonexempt earned income (subtract line 12 from line 9).	710		210		
D. TOTAL COUNTABLE INCOME.					
14. Total countable nonexempt unearned income (line 5).					T
15. Total countable disability-based income (line 6).	 	200		400	
16. Total countable nonexempt earned income (line 13).	710		210	100	
17. Income allocated from LTC/B&C person to family members at home (from MC 176W, Part B, or from MC 175-7, line C 2).					
18. Total countable income (add lines 14, 15, 16 and 17).	710	200	210	400	
E TOTAL NET COUNTABLE INCOME AFTER OTHER DEDUCTIONS					
19. Court-ordered child support or alimony.					
20. Income used to determine PA eligibility (MC 175-6, line B.3 or B 4).					
21. Other deductions;					
22. Total deductions (add fines 19, 20 and 21).					
Total net countable income (subtract line 22 from line 18) Enter this amount on MC 175-4 if no parent in MFBU. If parent In MFBU, continue.	710	200	210	400	
F. PARENTAL/SPOUSAL (P/S) ALLOCATION COMPUTATION (Skip if his parent in MEBU)					
の い り かんとはら 24. P/S allocation (subtract \$1 from MBSAC for one person).	389	200			
25 Total unearned in-kind income, income from PA or income allocated from LTC/B&C spouse (add lines 3, 4 and 17).	0	0			
26. Parent's total net nonexempt income (subtract line 25 from line 23)	710	200	* ************************************	print.	
Parent's net nonexempt income less P/S allocation (subtract line 24 from line 26); if negative, enter 0.	321	0			
28. Number of persons for whom Parent A is responsible (MC 175-2, Section A). DO NOT COUNT PARENT A.	3				7.5
29. Number of persons for whom Parent B is responsible (MC 175-2, Section B). DO NOT COUNT PARENT B.		3			
30. Child's natural/adoptive parent - check if Parent A and/or B (see MC 175-2).				BA BB	OA OB
31 Parent A's allocation to spouse (if any) and 2.7 natural /adopted children (divide parent A's line 26 by line 28 and enter in applicable box). Do not enter under Parent B if unmarried		107	107	107	

MC 175-31.2A (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 2 of 4

PENDING

32. Parent B's allocation to spouse (if any) and 2.7 natural /adopted children (divide parent B's line 28' by line 29 and enter in applicable box). Do not enter under Parent A if unmarried.	0				
33. Enter the lesser of either line 24 or 26.	389	0			
34. Parent's total net nonexempt income (add lines 25, 33, and 31 or 32).	389	307			
35. Child's total net nonexempt income (add lines 23, 31 and 32) enter on MC 175-4.			317	507	

PART 2	
	MBU DETERMINATION - PROPERTY AND TANDARD OF ADEQUATE CARE (MBSAC)
SECTION 1931(B) MBSAC TEST	☐ SECTION 1931(B) PROPERTY DETERMINATION
 Include unborn in the mother's MBU and property limit/MBSA If pregnant woman is PA/Other PA, include the unborn in the Do not include an excluded child Do not list MBU members in more than one MBU. If any MBU has excess property, check to see if Medi-Cal lint Property determinations: enter the allocation for each spouse Enter each person's net nonexempt income from lines 34 or 3 	kage still exists for other family members. From MC 324, line 29.

	MBU NUMBER				
Person n	ame/number	Net Nonexempt Property @Income			
· child#1		317			
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
	TOTAL	317			
MBU's	☐ Property Limit NFMBSAC	265			
(Check one) D Excess property - FAIL STINCOME inefigibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL D Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS					

MBU NUMBER			
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt Property Income		
· child #Z	507		
2.	·		
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
TOTAL	507		
MBU's O Property Limit O MBSAC	507 265		
(Check one) © Excess property - FAIL (Lincome ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL O Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS			

MC 175-31.2A (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 3 of 4

PENDING

MBU NUMBER_3_				
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt Property Income			
· Mother	389			
1. Mother 2. Father	307			
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
TOTAL	696			
MBU's ☐ Property Limit	696 639			
(Check one) ☐ Excess property - FAIL ☐ ficome ineligibility at or exceeds N ☐ Income eligible - below MBSAC - I	//BSAC - Property eligible - FAIL			

MBU NUMBER				
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt Property Income			
f,				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5. ·				
6.				
TOTAL				
MBU's				
(Check one) ☐ Excess property - FAIL ☐ Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL ☐ Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS				

	MBU NUMBER			
Person na	ame/number	Net Nonexempt D Property	① încome	
,1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
	TOTAL			
MBU's	○ Property Limit ○ MBSAC			
(Check one) Excess property - FAIL Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS				

MBU NUMBER			
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt Property Income		
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
TOTAL			
MBU's O Property Limit O MBSAC			
(Check one) © Excess property - FAIL © Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL © Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS			

MC 175-31.2A (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 4 of 4

PENDING

SECTION NO.: 50226

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219

DATE: MARCH 1, 2000

8G-22

EXAMPLE S

Pregnant minor age 17 and senior mother apply for Medi-Cal. There is no senior father in the home. The pregnant minor has care and control of herself. There are no other siblings in the household. The senior mother has net nonexempt income of \$700 per month. The minor has \$50 net nonexempt income per month.

Section 1931(b) MFBU

<Senior mother> \$700 Minor Mother \$50 <Unborn> N/A Total Income \$750 Limit \$793

Senior mother is an ineligible member since she does not have care and control of the minor. She can apply for the MN program in an MFBU by herself (similar to what would occur if the minor mother was receiving CalWORKs). When the minor turns 18, the senior mother's income and property are no longer counted in the Section 1931(b) MFBU. If the senior's income or property makes the minor mother ineligible, all could apply for the MN program since there is assumed care and control if the minor mother lives with the senior mother. If there is a SOC, the minor and her unborn should be evaluated for the Percent program.

NOTE: If the unborn was a born child and the senior mother's income made the minor mother ineligible for Section 1931(b), the born child would be evaluated using only the minor mother's income.

5. CHARTS AND FORMS

- a) Section 1931(b) Income Limits Effective July 1, 1999
- b) Section 1931(b) Sneede Prorated Income Standard and Property Levels July 1, 1998
- c) Section 1931(b) Sneede Prorated Income Standard and Property Levels July 1, 1998
- d) Section 1931(b) Sneede Prorated Income Standard and Property Levels January 1, 1998 to June 30, 1998
- e) Applicant Budget Sheet Net Non-Exempt Income [MC 176M-A -1931 Group- APPL (5/99)]
- f) Recipient Budget Sheet Net Non-Exempt Income [MC 176M-A –1931 Group RECIP (5/99)
- g) Section 1931 Program Worksheet: Applying the \$240 &1/2 Deduction to Recipient Families with Three or More Persons with Earnings [MC 176M-A –1931 Group 3+earner (5/99]
- h) Section 1931(b) <u>Sneede</u> Net Nonexempt Income Determination Applicant [MC175-3I.2A(4/99) Group]
- i) Section 1931(b) <u>Sneede</u> Net Nonexempt Income Determination Recipient [MC 175-3l.2R (4/99) 1931 Group]
- j) Property Reserve Work Sheet MC 176P (1/99)
- k) Section 1931(b) Sneede Property Work Sheet [MC 324 (9/98) 1931 Group]
- I) Vehicle Determination Work Sheet for 1931 Group [MC 176 P-V (10/98) 1931 Group]

PENDING

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Section 1931(b) Determinations: <u>Sneede v. Kizer</u> Prorated Income Standard and Property Levels - July 1, 1999 -

Person Type	1931(b) Income	Property
1 0130H 13 PO	1731(b) income	Troperty
Single Parent	\$390	\$3,000
Single Parent with Unborn	639	3,000
Married Couple -Two Adults	639	3,000
Married Couple with Unborn	793	3,150
Unmarried Couple - Each Unmarried Partner	390	3,000

II. MBU Contains Aduli(s) and Child(ren)

Allow the full non-Sneede Section 1931(b) income/property limits for the MBU based on the number of individuals in the MBU.

III. MBU Contains a Nonparent Caretaker Relative, or Child(ren) with No Parents Living in the Home, or Child(ren). Whose Barent's PA/Other PA and Not in the MFBU

Each MBU receives full non-Sneede 1931(b) income/property limit based on the number of persons in each MBU. If there is a pregnant minor in the MFBU, include the unborn in the pregnant minor's MBU.

IV MBU Contains Only Children Who Live with One or Both Parents (Not Stepparents) and They Are in the Same MFBU (Do not include a parent who is PA/other PA and not in the MFBU. Also, if there is a pregnant minor in the MFBU, her unborn is considered as another child in the pregnant minor's MBU.)

No. of Children in MBU	One Parent		Two Parents	
	Prorated Income	Prorated Property	Prorated Income	Prorated Property
1	\$ 320	\$1,500	\$ 265	\$1,050
2	529	2,100	471	1,650
3	707	2,475	645	2,070
4	860	2,760	806	2,400
5	1,007	3,000	948	2,679
6	1,138	3,215	1,084	2,925
7	1,265	3,413	1,219	3,150
8	1,393	3,600	1,361	3,360
9	1,531	3,780	1,404	3,437
10*	1,560	3,819	1,441	3,500

*NOTE:

Add \$14 for each additional child after 10 to Section 1931(b) income standards to determine prorated income standards.

No. Children in MBU

Parent(s) + No. Children in MBU

Parent(s) + Child(ren) in MBU

Parent(s) + Child(ren) in MBU

PENDING

Section 1931(b) Determinations: <u>Sneede v. Kizer</u> Prorated Income Standard and Property Levels - July 1, 1998 -

Person Type	1931(b) Income	Property
Single Parent	\$381	\$3,000
Single Parent with Unborn	624	3,000
Married Couple -Two Adults	624	3,000
Married Couple with Unborn	775	3,150
Unmarried Couple - Each Unmarried Partner	381	3,000

IL MBU Contains Adult(s) and Child(ren)

Allow the full non-Sneede Section 1931(b) income/property limits for the MBU based on the number of individuals in the MBU.

III: MBU Contains a Nonparent Caretaker Relative or Child(ren) with No Parents Living in the Home, or Child(ren): Whose Parent is PA/Other PA and Not in the MFBU

Each MBU receives full non-Sneede 1931(b) income/property limit based on the number of persons in each MBU. If there is a pregnant minor in the MFBU, include the unborn in the pregnant minor's MBU.

IV MBU Contains Only Children Who Live with One or Both Parents (Not Stepparents) and the They Arc in the Same MKBU (Ob not include a parent who is PA/other PA and not in the MFBU: Also, if there is a pregnant minor in the MFBU; her dullors is considered as another child in the pregnant minor's MBU:

No. of Children	One Parent		Two Parents -	
in MBU	Prorated Income	Prorated Property	Prorated Income	Prorated Property
1	\$ 312	\$1,500	\$ 259	\$1,050
2	517	2,100	460	1,650
3	690	2,475	630	2,070
4	840	2,760	787	2,400
5	984	3,000	926	2,679
6	1,111	3,215	1,059	2,925
7	1,236	3,413	1,191	3,150
8	1,361	3,600	. 1,330	3,360
9	1,496	3,780	1,372	3,437
10*	1,524	3,819	1,409	3,500

*NOTE:

Add \$14 for each additional child after 10 to Section 1931(b) income standards to determine prorated income standards.

No. Children in MBU

Parent(s) + No. Children in MBU

X 1931(b) Income Standard for = Prorated income Parent(s) + Child(ren) in MBU

PENDING

 	-	

Section 1931(b) Determinations: <u>Sneede v. Kizer</u> Prorated Income Standard and Property Levels - January 1, 1998 - June 30, 1998 -

e MBU Contains at Adult - May also Include a	s Unborn	
Person Type	1931(b) Income	Property
Single Parent	\$370	\$3,000
Single Parent with Unborn	607	3,000
Married Couple -Two Adults	607	3,000
Married Couple with Unborn	754	3,150
Unmarried Couple - Each Unmarried Partner	370	3,000

II. MBU Contains Adult(s) and Child(ren)

Allow the full non-Sneede Section 1931(b) income/property limits for the MBU based on the number of individuals in the MBU.

III MHE Contains act ou parent Canetaker Relatives of Child (rep) with No Parents Laving of the Flower of Child (rep) (Whose Parent is PAYON BEEN SINGLED AND NOT IN THE MERIC

Each MBU receives full non-Sneede 1931(b) income/property limit based on the number of persons in each MBU. If there is a pregnant minor in the MFBU, include the unborn in the pregnant minor's MBU.

IV. MHECONTAINS ONLY COMMEN. Was a Except Both Parents (Non-Stepparents) and E.
They Are in the Same MCB 1881 only in the Engagent who is P. Nother P.A. and inform the E.
TEFF! Allocations there is a preprint in ordinary OFERIT are important considered as another
femiliary the programs uniques. (CRE)

No. of Children	One Parent			arents
in MBU	Prorated Income	Prorated Income Prorated Property		Prorated Property
1	\$ 304	\$1,500	\$ 252	\$1,050
2	503	2,100	448	1,650
3	672	2,475	612	2,070
4	816	2,760	765	2,400
5	956	3,000	900	2,679
6	1,080	3,215	1,030	2,925
7	1,202	3,413	1,159	3,150
8	1,324	3,600	1,293	3,360
9	1,455	3,780	1,334	3,437
10*	1,482	3,819	1,370	3,500

*NOTE:

Add \$14 for each additional child after 10 to Section 1931(b) income standards to determine prorated income standards.

No. Children in MBU

Parent(s) + No. Children in MBU

X 1931(b) Income Standard for = Prorated income Parent(s) + Child(ren) in MBU

PENDING

State of California—Health And Human Services Agency

Department of Health Services

SEC. 1931 APPLICANT PROGRAM BUDGET SHEET FOR DETERMINING APPLICANT NET NON-EXEMPT INCOME AND SECTION 1931 INCOME ELIGIBILITY

Case Name				County	District	County Use						
D New App, D Redetermination D Change D Retro Elig. DCorrection			Effective Efig. Date for this budget Mo. Yr.									
Name	MFBU Member #1.			T	Name MFBU Mi	ember #6:				Other		
Name	MFBU Member #2:			7	Name MFBU M	ember #7:				Coverage		
Name	MFBU Member #3:			7	lame MFBU Mi	ember #8:						
Name	MFBU Member #4*			7	lame MFBU Me	ember #9;				į		
Name	MFBU Member #5			7	lame MFBU Me	mber #10	· ·					
1	Enter unearned income of each MFBU member, then total for MFBU (include non-exempt disability-based income here)	Total MFBU Unearned Income		\$ Une	armed income		+	Unearned income Mi Unearned income Mi	– .	, +		
		\$		S				\$	<u> </u>			
2	© Educational Expense (§ 50547)	- 2_			Exempt In	ncome (L	ist exempt inc	come here):				
3	□ \$50 Support Received (§50554.5)	- \$										
4	Remaining non-exempt unearned income	Box 4										
5	Enter earnings of each MFBU member, subtract \$90 work expense deduction from each, then total remainders for MFBU		Total MFBU Earnings:		Earnings: member		O wik exp dec			Earnings, MFBU member # \$ \$90 wrk exp ded = \$	теп \$	nings, MFBU niber # 0 wrk exp ded
6	□ Dependent Care Deduction (§ 5055	3.5)	- 5						=	=== <u>-</u>		
7	Remaining Non-exempt earned Inco		Box 7 = \$		Cour	ity Use						
8	Total Remaining Income: Non-exemunearmed income & Non-exempt ea income (lines 4+7)	•	\$									
9	 Child/Spousal Support Pyrnts (§ 50 	554)	- \$		╝							
10	Allocation to excluded children (§ 50))558)	- \$							ij		
11	□ Allocation to PA family member (§5	0557)	<u>+</u> \$									
12	Total MFBU Net-nonexempt income (rounded down to the nearest dollar)		= \$									
13	Sec. 1931 income limit for family	\$										
	If income from line 12 is less than limit from line 13, family is income eligible	o E		oth	er Medi-Cal Sec. 1931 u	program nder Sne	s; if Sneede- e eede.	dass member, eva digible dass memb				
Eligibild	ly Worker Signature	Worker I	Number		Computation	Date	County Use					

MC 176M-A - 1931 Group - APPL (5/99)

PENDING

State of Caldornia—Health And Human Services Agency

Department of Health Services

SEC. 1931 RECIPIENT PROGRAM BUDGET SHEET FOR DETERMINING RECIPIENT NET NON-EXEMPT INCOME AND SECTION 1931 INCOME ELIGIBILITY

Case	e Name			County	District	County Use		
	ew App. © Redetermination © Change © Re	tro Elig. OCorrection			re Elig. Date	Mo.	Yr.	
Name	e MFBU Member #1:		Name MF8	BU Member #6:		<u> </u>	 -	Other
Name	e MFBU Member #2:		Name MFB	BU Member #7:	 -			Coverage
Name	e MFBU Member #3:		Name MFB	IU Member #8;			~	1
Name	e MFBU Member #4.		Name MFB	U Member #9.				1
Name	MFBU Member #5:		Name MFB	U Member #10):			1
1	Enter unearned income of each MFBU member, then total for MFBU (do not include non-exempt disability-based income here)	Total MFBU Unearned Incom	ne s_		# MFBU member #_	Unearned inco	ome MF	+ BU member #
2	□ Educational Expenses (§ 50547)	- \$		Exempt Inc	come (List exen	npt income here	e):	
3	□ \$50 Support Received (§ 50554.5)	- \$						
4	Remaining non-exempt unearned income	Box 4 = \$	_					
5	Enter disability-based income (DBI) of each MFBU member, then total for MFBU	Total MFBU Disability-Based Income:	\$	of MFBU memi		DBI of MFBU		
6	\$240 deduction	- \$240				********		
7	Remaining Non-exempt disability- based income (DBI) (if deduction exceed disability based income, enter "0".)	Box 7	_		7a Unu (line 6-lir negative	sed \$240 ne 5; if enter 0)	\$ (Unused	1 \$24 0)
8	Enter earnings for up to two MFBU members, then total for MFBU (if 3 or more persons with earnings, skip lines 8 & 9 and proceed to worksheet for 3+ earners)	Total MFBU Earnings:	Earni	ings of MFBU r	nember #+	Earnings of Mf	BU men	nber #
9	☐ Unused \$240 deduction (from box 7a)	- \$	14	income, No	on-exempt disa	empt unearned ability-based arned income(to	- 1	•
10	Remaining non-exempt earned incom (or from line 12 worksheet); if deduction exceeds earned income, enter "0."	e = \$		from box 4, 7	7, & 13)			-
	exceeds earlied mounte, ciner o.		15	□ Child/Spo	ousal Support P	lymts (§ 50554)		- \$
11	50% deduction (divide amount in line 10 by	2) = \$	16	□ Allocation	to excluded ch	nildren (Sec. 50	558)	- \$
12	Dependent Care Deduction (§ 50553.		17	□ Allocatio	n to PA family r	nember (§5055	カ	<u>+</u> \$
13	Remaining Non-exempt earned incom	Box 13	9 1 Q I		J Net-nonexeπ vn to the nearest	•		= \$
			19	Sec. 1931 i	ncome limit for	family		\$
2-c-4955	If income from line 18 is less than limit from line 19, family is income eligible	O Eligible	other f	Medi-Cal pro		ele class membe de- eligible clas ede.		
Eligibili	ty Worker Signature W	orker Number	Computa	ition Date	County Use			

MC 176M-A -- 1931 Group -- RECIP (5/99)

PENDING

State of California—Health And Human Services Agency

Department of Health Senions

SECTION 1931 (b) SNEEDE V. KIZER NET NONEXEMPT INCOME DETERMINATION
AND MINI BUDGET UNIT (MBU) DETERMINATION - APPLICANT

Case Name		County Distric	t	County use				
Case Number			Effective Date Month	Effective Date Month Year				
CASE TYPE: AF	PLICANT							
PART 1								
	n applicable to the Section 1931(b) ises, as provided in Section 50547			ons.				
ENTER NAME OF EACH MI (Do not fist unborns)	FBU MEMBER	Name	Name	Name	Name	Name		
Person Type		Parent A or Caretaker Relative	O Paiera B or O Caretalier Relative	☐ child	Child	Сым		
A. NONEXEMPT UNEARNE EXCLUDING DISABILIT								
Source and amount of non	exempt unearned income ":							
2. Net child/spousal support	received. ①							
3. In-kind income (IKI) Ø			·					
4. Income available from PA/c (see MC 175-6, line A.4).	other PA							
 Total nonexempt unearned (add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4). 	încome	·						
Sources include; net income f	rom property, Social Security nonc	fisability payments,	etc.					
Child/Spousal Support Payments Received	Child support is income to the cl Divide the \$50 per month child/s Any unused remainder will be pr the deduction.	pousal support ded	tuction by the numb	per of persons for wh				
◆ Unearned IKI ■ The state of the stat	Prorate the unearned IKI among of four receives free housing. U. IKI to the pregnant woman's shar give the unborn's share to the fat	se IKI for four and e re. If the pregnant	each person receive woman is Public A	es one-fourth of the II ssistance (PA)/Other	K). Add an unbor	n's share of		
Child/Spousal support and/or I	KI computations:							
				•				
•								
					S. e. e. e. e.	384 32 44 6 32 32 32		
BY DISABILITY: BASED INCO			100	+				
Source and amount of disal	ility-based Income.							
C NONEXEMPT EARNED I	COME							
7. Source and amount of none (include TWC, SDI and ear								
3. \$90 work expense deduction								
				•				

MC 175-3I.ZA (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 1 of 4

PENDING

SECTION NO.: 50226

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219

DATE: MARCH 1, 2000

_						
9	Remaining nonexempt earned income (subtract line 8 from line 7).	_				
Γ,	0. Child care deduction.					
٦,	1. Other deductions.					
,	2. Total deductions (add lines 10 and 11).					
[3. Total net nonexempt earned income (subtract line 12 from line 9).					
o	TOTAL COUNTABLE INCOME					
Ţ	Total countable nonexempt unearned income (line 5).					
	5." Total countable disability-based income (line 6).					
1	5. Total countable nonexempt earned income (fine 13).					
	 Income allocated from LTC/B&C person to family members at home (from MC 175W, Part B, or from MC 175-7, line C.2). 					
1	3. Total countable income (add lines 14, 15, 16 and 17).					
	TOTAL NET COUNTABLE INCOME AFTER OTHER DEDUCTIONS					
15). Court-ordered child support or alimony.					
20). Income used to determine PA eligibility (MC 175-6, fine B.3 or B.4).					
21	. Other deductions:					
22	Total deductions (add lines 19, 20 and 21).					
23	Total net countable income (subtract line 22 from line 18). Enter this amount on MC 175-4 if no parent in MFBU. If parent in MFBU, continue.					
186	PARENTAL/SPOUSAL (P/S) ALLOCATION COMPUTATION (Skip if to parent in Meeu)					10
24	P/S abossion (subtract \$1 from MBSAC for one person).	-				1.5
25	Total unearned in-kind income, income from PA or income allocated from LTC/B&C spouse (add lines 3, 4 and 17).					
26	Parera's total net nonexempt income (subtract line 25 from line 23).					
27.	Parent's net nonexempt income less P/S allocation (subtract line 24 from line 26), if negative, enter 0.			1.0		
28.	Number of persons for whom Parent A is responsible (MC 175-2, Section A), DO NOT COUNT PARENT A.	·	1 17			
29.	Number of persons for whom Parent B is responsible (MC 175-2, Section B). DO NOT COUNT PARENT B.			4.5		344
30.	Child's natural/adoptive parent - check if Parent A and/or B (see MC 175-2).			OA OB	OA OB	□А □В
31.	Parent A's allocation to spouse (if any) and natural /adopted children (divide parent A's line 28' by line 28 and enter in applicable box). Do not enter under Parent B if unmarried.					

MC 175-3[.2A (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 2 of 4

PENDING

32. Parent B's allocation to spouse (if any) and natural /adopted children (divide parent B's line 28) by line 29 and enter in applicable box). Do not enter under Parent A if unmarried.			
33. Enter the lesser of either line 24 or 26.			
34. Parent's total not nonexempt income (add lines 25, 33, and 31 or 32).			
35. Child's total net nonexempt income (add lines 23, 31 and 32) enter on MC 175-4.			

PART 2	
	MBU DETERMINATION - PROPERTY AND TANDARD OF ADEQUATE CARE (MBSAC)
D SECTION 1931(B) MBSAC TEST	() SECTION 1931(B) PROPERTY DETERMINATION
INSTRUCTIONS 1. Include unborn in the mother's MBU and properly limit/MBSA if pregnant woman is PA/Other PA, include the unborn in the 2. Do not include an excluded child. 3. Do not list MBU members in more than one MBU. 4. If any MBU has excess properly, check to see if Medi-Cal lint 5. Properly determinations; enter the allocation for each spouse 6. Enter each person's net nonexempt income from lines 34 or 3.	kage still exists for other family members. from MC 324, line 29.

MBU NUMBER						
Person name/number		Net Nonexempt () Property	□ Income			
1.						
2						
3.		٠				
4.		_				
5.						
6.						
	TOTAL					
MBU's O Property L						
(Check one) ① Excess property - FAIL ① Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL ② Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS						

	MBU NUM	BER	
Person n	ame/number	Net Nonexempt O Property	[] Income
1,			
2			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
	TOTAL		
MBU's	☐ Property Limit ☐ MBSAC		
⊃ Income	ne) property - FAIL ineligibility at or exceeds eligible - below MBSAC -		

MC 175-31.2A (4/99) 1931 Group

SECTION NO.: 50226

Page 3 of 4

PENDING

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219

DATE: MARCH 1, 2000

MBU NUMBER					
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt Property				
1.					
2					
3.					
4.					
5.	-				
6.					
TOTAL					
MBU's ① Property Limit					
(Check one) Excess property - FAIL Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS					

MBU NUMBER					
Person na	ame/number	Net Nonexempt ☐ Property ☐ Income			
1.					
2					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
	TOTAL				
MBU's	☐ Property Limit ☐ MBSAC				
(Check one) ① Excess property - FAIL ① Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL ○ Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS					

	MBU NUME	BER	•
Person name	/number	Net Nonexempt O Property	⊖ Income
1.			
2			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
	TOTAL		
	D Property Limit D MBSAC		
	perty - FAIL igibility at or exceeds N ible - below MBSAC - I		

MBU NUMBER					
Person name/number Net Nonexempt O Property O Incom					
t.					
2					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
TOTAL					
MBU's O Property Limit O MBSAC					
(Check one) © Excess property - FAIL © Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL © Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS					

MC 175-31,2A (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 4 of 4

PENDING

State of California—Health And Human Services Agency

Department of Health Services

SECTION	N 1931 (b) SNEEDE V. KIZER NET NONEXEMPT INCOM	E DETERMINATION
	AND MINI BUDGET UNIT (MBU) DETERMINATION - R	ECIPIENT

Case Name		County District	County District		County use	
Case Number	Effective Date Month Year					
CASE TYPE: RECIPIENT						
PART 1						
	n applicable to the Section 1931(b) uses, as provided in Section 50547			ns.		
ENTER NAME OF EACH MI (Do not list unborns)	FBU MEMBER	Name	Name	Name	Name	Name
Person Type		Parent A or Caretaker Relative	Parent B or Caretaker Relative	[] Child	Child	Child
A. NONEXEMPT UNEARNE JEXCLUDING DISABILIT						
Source and amount of non	exempt unearned income *:					
2. Net child/spousal support i	received ®					
3. In-kind income (IKI) Ø					·	
 Income available from PA/o (see MC 175-6, line A.4). 	other PA					
5. Total nonexempt unearned (add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4).	income					
Sources include; net income fi	rom property, Social Security nond	tisability payments,	etc.			
Child/Spousal Support Payments Received Unearned IKI	Child support is income to the cl Divide the \$50 per month child/s Any unused remainder will be pr the deduction. Prorate the unearned IKI among of four receives free housing. Use	pousal support ded orated among the ri the persons who re	luction by the numb emaining persons v eceive the income,	er of persons for wh who still have suppor Example: Medi-Cal I	t payments to app Family Budget Uni	y against t (MFBU)
	IKI to the pregnant woman's sha give the unborn's share to the fat	re. If the pregnant	woman is Public As	sistance (PA)/Other		
Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations:						
B DISABILITY-BASED INCO	OME					
6. Source and amount of disability-based income. (Continue to line 7, even if no disability income)						
7. Section 1931(b) \$240 dedu	ction.					
 Remaining nonexempt disal income (subtract line 7 from 	bility-based in line 6). Enter 0 if negative.					
Unused Section 1931(b) de enter \$240. Otherwise, sul Enter 0 if negative)						

MC 175-31.2R (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 1 of 4

PENDING

SECTION NO.: 50226 MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219

DATE: MARCH 1, 2000

C. NONEXEMPT FARNED INCOMES.				
Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI).				
11. Section 1931(b) deduction from line 9.				
Remaining nonexempt earned income (subtract line 11 from fine 10).				
13. 50% earned income deduction (one-half of line 12)				
14. Child care deduction.				
15. Other deductions.				
16. Total deductions (add lines 13, 14 and 15).	<u> </u>			
17. Total net nonexempt earned income (subtract line 16 from line 12).				
D. TOTAL COUNTABLE INCOME				
18. Total countable nonexempt unearned income (line 5).		 		
19. Total countable disability-based income (line 8).		 		
Total countable nonexempt earned income (line 17)			j	-
21. Income allocated from LTC/B&C person to family members at home (from MC 175W, Part B, or from MC 175-7, line C.2).			:	
22. Total countable income (add lines 18, 19, 20 and 21).		1000	02/00/ 476/00 0 2000 0000	
E TOTAL NET COUNTABLE INCOME AFTER OTHER DEDUCTIONS				
23. Court-ordered child support or alimony.	<u> </u>			
24. Income used to determine PA eligibility (MC 175-6, line B.3 or B.4).	<u> </u>	 		
25. Other deductions:				:
26. Total deductions (add lines 23, 24 and 25).		 		
 Total net countable income (subtract line 26 from line 22). Enter this amount on MC 175-4 if no parent in MFBU. If parent in MFBU, continue. 				
F PARENTAL/SPOUSAL (P/S) ALLOCATION COMPLITATION (SEP IT NO PARENT IN METRIC)				
28. P/S accepted (subtract \$1 from MBSAC for one person).				
29. Total unearned in-kind income, income from PA or income allocated from LTC/B&C spouse (add lines 3, 4 and 21).				
30. Parent's total net nonexempt income (subtract line 29 from line 27).				
31. Parent's net nonexempt income less P/S allocation (subtract line 28 from line 30); if negative, enter 0.				
32. Number of persons for whom Parent A is responsible (MC 175-2, Section A). DO NOT COUNT PARENT A.				

MC 175-31 2R (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 2 of 4

PENDING

33. Number of persons for whom Parent B is responsible (MC 175-2, Section B). DO NOT COUNT PARENT B.	-			
34. Child's natural/adoptive parent - check if Parent A and/or B (see MC 175-2).		OA OB	□А □В	OA OB
35. Parent A's affocation to spouse (if any) and natural fadopted children (divide parent A's line 31 by line 32 and enter in applicable box). Do not enter under Parent B if unmarried.				
36. Parent B's aflocation to spouse (if any) and natural /adopted children (divide parent B's line 31 by line 33 and enter in applicable box) Do not enter under Parent A if unmarried.				
37. Enter the lesser of either line 28 or 30.				
38. Parent's total net nonexempt income (add lines 29, 37, and 35 or 36).	-			
39. Child's total net nonexempt income (add lines 27, 35 and 36) enter on MC 175-4.				

PART 2	•
` ,	MBU DETERMINATION - PROPERTY AND TANDARD OF ADEQUATE CARE (MBSAC)
D SECTION 1931(B) MBSAC TEST	☐ SECTION 1931(B) PROPERTY DETERMINATION
1. Include unborn in the mother's MBU and properly limit/MBSA If pregnant woman is PA/Other PA, include the unborn in the 2. Do not include an excluded child 3. Do not list MBU members in more than one MBU. 4. If any MBU has excess properly, check to see if Medi-Cal link 5. Properly determinations: enter the allocation for each spouse.	age still exists for other family members

<u> </u>	MBU NUMBER						
Person n	ame/number	Net Nonexempt © Property	[] Income				
1.							
2							
3.							
4.							
5.							
6.							
	TOTAL						
MBU's	☐ Property Limit ☐ MBSAC						
Check	(Check one)						

- (Check one)

 D Excess property FAIL

 Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC Property eligible FAIL

 Income eligible below MBSAC Property eligible PASS

	MBU NUM	IBER
Person na	ame/number	Net Nonexempt O Property O Income
1.		
2.		
3,		
4		
5,		
6.		
	TOTAL	
MBU's	☐ Property Limit ☐ MBSAC	
☐ Income	property - FAIL ineligibility at or exceeds	MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL - Property eligible - PASS

MC 175-3[2R (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 3 of 4

PENDING

SECTION NO.: 50226 **DATE: MARCH 1, 2000** 8G-35 **MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219**

MBU NUM	BER
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt ☐ Property ☐ Income
1.	
2.	
3. •	
4.	·
5.	
6.	
_ TOTAL	
MBU's Property Limit	
(Check one) D Excess property - FAIL Income ineligibility at or exceeds A	

MBU NUMBER					
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt Property Income				
1.					
2.					
3.					
4					
5.					
6.					
TOTAL					
MBU's					
(Check one) © Excess property - FAIL © Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL © Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS					

	MBU NUMBER						
Person n	ame/number	Net Nonexempt O Property	() Income				
<u>.</u> j.							
2							
3.							
4.							
5.							
6.							
	TOTAL						
MBU's	O Property Limit ☐ MBSAC						
(Check one)							

MBU NUMBER						
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt ☐ Property ☐ Income					
1.						
2						
3.						
4.						
5						
6.						
TOTAL						
MBU's O Property Limit O MBSAC						
(Check one) D Excess property - FAIL Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS						

☐ Excess property - FAIL
☐ Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL
☐ Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS

Page 4 of 4 MC 175-3L2R (4/99) 1931 Group

PENDING

SECTION NO.: 50226 **MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219**

DATE: MARCH 1, 2000

8G-35A

State of California—Health And Human Services Agency

Department of Health Services

SEC. 1931 PROGRAM WORKSHEET: APPLYING THE \$240 & ½ DEDUCTION TO RECIPIENT FAMILIES WITH 3 OR MORE PERSONS WITH EARNINGS

	NAME:		I			
1	Family's Non-exempt earned income	s	\$	s	\$	
2	Non-exempt earned income of two highest earners	s				
3	Unused \$240 deduction (from box 7a Recipient Budget Sheet (MC176M 1931 RECIP); if result is 0 or less, enter 0)	-\$				
4	Remaining Non-exempt earned income of two highest earners (if deduction exceeds earned income, enter '0.')	= \$				
5	Non-exempt earned income of 3rd highest earner	s				
6	\$120 deduction	- \$120				
7.	His/her remaining Non-exempt earned income (if deduction exceeds earned income, enter *0.*)	= \$				
8	Non-exempt earned income of 4th highest earner	\$				
9	\$120 deduction	-\$120				
10	His/her remaining Non-exempt earned income (if deduction exceeds earned income, enter "0")	= \$				
11	Other remainder Non-exempt earned income (If 5 or more persons with earnings, enter Total of their remainder earned income after subtracting \$120 from earnings of each.) (If deduction exceeds earned income, enter "0")	= \$				
12	Non-exempt earned income Subtotal (total of all remainder earned income: add lines 4, 7, 10 & 11 this worksheet); enter amount on Section 1931 Program Budget Sheet (line 10)	= \$				

MC 176M-A -1931Group- 3+earner (5/99)

PENDING

State of California—Health And Human Services Agency

Department of Health Services

SECTION 1931 (b) SNEEDE V. KIZER NET NONEXEMPT INCOME DETERMINATION AND MINI BUDGET UNIT (MBU) DETERMINATION - APPLICANT

Case Name	County District	County District County use						
Case Number Effective Date Month Year								
CASE TYPE: APPLICANT	CASE TYPE: APPLICANT							
PART 1	PART 1							
NOTE: The only deduction applicable to the Section 1931(b) program is the deduction for Educational Expenses, as provided in Section 50547, Title 22, California Code of Regulations.								
ENTER NAME OF EACH MFBU MEMBER Name Name Name Name Name Name								
Person Type	Parent A or Caretaker Retative	Parent B or Caretaker Relative	Child	Child	☐ Child			
A. NONEXEMET UNEARNED INCOME (EXCLUDING DISABILITY BASED INCOME)								
Source and amount of nonexempt unearned income ":								
2 Net child/spousal support received,®								
3. In-kind income (IKI).©								
Income available from PA/other PA (see MC 175-6, line A.4).								
5 Total nonexempt unearned income (add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4).								
* Sources include: net income from property, Social Security nonc					~			
Child/Spousal Support Payments Received Divide the \$50 per month child/s Any unused remainder will be pr the deduction.	pousal support ded	tuction by the numb	per of persons for wh					
of four receives free housing. U	O Unearned IKI Prorate the unearned IKI among the persons who receive the income. Example: Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) of four receives free housing. Use IKI for four and each person receives one-fourth of the IKI. Add an unborn's share of IKI to the pregnant woman's share. If the pregnant woman is Public Assistance (PA)/Other PA, and not in the MFBU, give the unborn's share to the father of the unborn if he is in the MFBU.							
Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations:								
B. DISABILITY-BASED INCOME:	JA							
Source and amount of disability-based Income.								
C? NONEXEMPT EARBYED INCOME								
Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI).								
8 \$90 work expense deduction.								

MC 175-31.2A (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 1 of 4 -

PENDING

SECTION NO.: 50226

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219

DATE: MARCH 1, 2000

					·
Remaining nonexempt earned income (subtract line 8 from line 7).				· <u>.</u>	
10. Child care deduction.					
11. Other deductions.					
12 Total deductions (add lines 10 and 11).					
Total net nonexempt earned income (subtract line 12 from line 9).					
DE TOTAL COUNTABLE INCOME					
14. Total countable nonexempt unearned income (line 5).					
15. Total countable disability-based income (fine 6).					
16. Total countable nonexempt earned income (line 13).					
17. Income allocated from LTC/B&C person to family members at home (from MC 176W, Part B, or from MC 175-7, line C.2).					
18. Total countable income (add lines 14, 15, 16 and 17).		<u> </u>			
E TOTAL NET COUNTABLE INCOME AFTER DINER DEDUCTIONS					
19. Court-ordered child support or alimony	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
20 Income used to determine PA eligibility (MC 175-6, line B.3 or B.4).					
21. Other deductions:					
22. Total deductions (add lines 19, 20 and 21).					
'23. Total net countable income (subtract line 22 from line 18). Enter this amount on MC 175-4 if no parent in MFBU. If parent in MFBU, continue.					
F. PARENTAL/SPOUSAE (P/S) ALLOCATION COMPUTATION (Ship if no parent in MFBU).					
24. P/S allocation (subtract \$1 from MBSAC for one person)				4.7	
25. Total unearned in-kind income, income from PA or income allocated from LTC/B&C spouse (add lines 3, 4 and 17).					
26. Parent's total net nonexempl income (subtract line 25 from line 23),					
27. Parent's net nonexempt income less P/S allocation (subtract line 24 from line 26); if negative, enter 0.					
Number of persons for whom Parent A is responsible (MC 175-2, Section A). DO NOT COUNT PARENT A.		19			
Number of persons for whom Parent B is responsible (MC 175-2, Section B). DO NOT COUNT PARENT B.			**************************************		
Child's natural/adoptive parent - check if Parent A and/or B (see MC 175-2).			OA OB	OA OB	□А □В
 Parent A's allocation to spouse (if any) and natural /adopted children (divide parent A's line 26 by line 28 and enter in applicable box). Do not enter under Parent B if unmarried. 					

MC 175-3] 2A (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 2 of 4

PENDING

32. Parent B's allocation to spouse (if any) and natural /adopted children (divide parent B's line 26 by line 29 and enter in applicable box). Do not enter under Parent A if unmarned.			
33. Enter the lesser of either line 24 or 26.			
34. Parent's total net nonexempt income (add lines 25, 33, and 31 or 32).			
35. Child's total net nonexempt income (add lines 23, 31 and 32) enter on MC 175-4.			

PART 2	
SECTION 1931(b) N MINIMUM BASIC ST	MBU DETERMINATION - PROPERTY AND ANDARD OF ADEQUATE CARE (MBSAC)
O SECTION 1931(B) MBSAC TEST	☐ SECTION 1931(B) PROPERTY DETERMINATION
 Include unborn in the mother's MBU and property limit/MBSAC If pregnant woman is PA/Other PA, include the unborn in the set. Do not include an excluded child Do not list MBU members in more than one MBU. If any MBU has excess property, check to see if Medi-Cal links. Property determinations: enter the allocation for each spouse fig. Enter each person's not nonexempt income from lines 34 or 35 	age still exists for other family members rom MC 324, fine 29.

ł _	MBU NUMBER						
Person na	ame/number	Net Nonexempt D Property	☐ Income				
1.							
2.							
3.							
4							
5.							
6.							
_	TOTAL						
MBU's	☐ Property Limit ☐ MBSAC						
D Excess D Income	(Check one) □ Excess property - FAIL □ Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL □ Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS						

MBU NUMBER			
Person name/numb	er	Net Nonexempt O Property	☐ Income
1.			
2			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
	TOTAL		
MBU's O Proj	perty Limit SAC		
(Check one) ☐ Excess property - FAIL ☐ Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL ☐ Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS			

MC 175-31.2A (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 3 of 4

PENDING

SECTION NO.: 50226

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219

DATE: MARCH 1, 2000

1	MBU NUME	BER	
Person n	ame/number	Net Nonexempt Property	☐ Income
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			-
6.			-
	TOTAL		
MBU's	☐ Property Limit ☐ MBSAC		
□ Income	ne) property - FAIL ineligibility at or exceeds N eligible - below MBSAC - I		

MBU NUMBER		
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt ☐ Property ☐ Income	
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
TOTAL		
MBU's ☐ Property Limit☐ MBSAC		
(Check one) □ Excess property - FAIL □ Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL □ Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS		

MBU NUI	MBER	
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt ☐ Property ☐ Income	
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
TOTAL		
MBU's		
(Check one) ☐ Excess property - FAIL ☐ Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL ☐ Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS		

MBU NUMBER			
Person na	ame/number	Net Nonexempt ☐ Property	☐ Income
1.			
2			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
	TOTAL		
MBU's	☐ Property Limit ☐ MBSAC		
(Check one) © Excess property - FAIL © Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL			

MC 175-31.2A (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 4 of 4

PENDING

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219 DATE: MARCH 1, 2000 SECTION NO.: 50226

State of California—Health And Human Services Agency

Department of Health Services

SECTION 1931 (b) SNEEDE V. KIZER NET NONEXEMPT INCOME DETERMINATION AND MINI BUDGET UNIT (MBU) DETERMINATION - RECIPIENT

Case Number Effective Oate Month Year CASE TYPE: RECIPIENT PART 1 NOTE: The only deduction applicable to the Section 1931(b) program is the deduction for Educational Expenses, as provided in Section 50547. Title 22, California Code of Regulations. ENTER NAME OF EACH MFBU MEMBER Name Na	Case Name		County District	County District County use			
PART 1 NOTE: The only deduction applicable to the Section 1931(b) program is the deduction for Educational Expenses, as provided in Section 50547, Title 22, Caldornia Code of Regulations. ENTER NAME OF EACH MFBU MEMBER Name	1 0000				Year		
NOTE: The only deduction applicable to the Section 1931(b) program is the deduction for Educational Expenses, as provided in Section 50547, Title 22, Caldronia Code of Regulations. ENTER NAME OF EACH MFBU MEMBER Name	CASE TYPE: REC	CIPIENT					
ENTER NAME OF EACH MFBU MEMBER Name Nam	PART 1						
Depart Bigs					ns.		
Divide the \$50 per morth child/spousal support proceives and anount of nonexempt unearned income ': 2. Net child/spousal support received.00 3. In-kind income (IKI).00 4. Income available from PA/other PA (see MC 175-6, fine A.4) 5. Total nonexempt unearned income (see MC 175-6, fine A.4) 6. Sources include, red income from property, Social Security nondisability payments, etc. O Child/spousal Support O'Child/spousal Support O'Child/s		BU MEMBER	Name	Name	Name	Name	Name
ESCI (UDING DISABILITY BASED INCOME) 1. Source and amount of nonexempt unearned income: 2. Net child/spousal support received. 3. In-kind income (IKI), 4. Income available from PA/other PA (see MC 175-6, fine A.4) 5. Total nonexempt unearned income (add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4). 5. Sources include: net income from property. Social Security nondisability payments, etc. Child/Spousal Support Payments Received Divide the \$50 per month child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainded with be prorated among the remaining persons who still have support payments to apply against the deduction. ② Unearned IXI Prorate the unearned IXI among the persons who receive the income. Example: Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) of four neceives free housing. Use IXI for four and each person receives one-fourth of the IXI, Add an unborn's share of IXI to the pregnant woman's share of IXI to the pregnant woman's share of IXI to the pregnant woman's share of the unborn's share to the batter of the unborn's in the MFBU. Child/Spousal support and/or IXI computations: B. BBABILITY-BASED INCOME 6. Source and amount of disability-based income. (Continue to line 7, even if no disability necome.) 7. Section 1931(b) \$240 deduction. 8. Remaining nonexempt disability-based income (subtract line 7 from line 6). Enter 0 if negative. 9. Unused Section 1931(b) deduction, (If line 6 is 0, enter \$240. Otherwise, subtract line 6 from line 7.	Person Type		Caretaker	Caretaker	☐ Childs	Child	Child
2. Net child/spousal support received.® 3. In-kind income (IKI).® 4. Income available from PAluther PA (see Mc 175-6, fine A.4) 5. Total nonexempt uneamed income (sold lines 1, 2, 3 and 4). 5. Total nonexempt uneamed income (sold lines 1, 2, 3 and 4). 6. Child/Spousal Support Payments Received O Child/Spousal Support Payments Received Divide the \$50 per month child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who still have support payments to apply against the deduction. © Uneamed IKI Prorate the uneamed IKI among the persons who receive the income. Example: Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) of four receives free housing. Use IKI for four and each person receives one-fourth of the IKI. Add an unborn's share of IKI to the pregnand warnan's share. If the pregnand warnan's share of IKI to the pregnand warnan's share. If the pregnand warnan's share of IKI to the pregnand warnan's share of the unborn of the is in the MFBU. Child/Spousal support and/or IKI computations: B OBABILITY-BASED INCOME 6. Source and amount of disability-based income. (Continue to line 7, even if no disability income.) 7. Section 1931(b) \$240 deduction. 8. Remaining nonexempt disability-based income. (Continue to line 7, even if no disability-based income (subtract fine 6 from line 6). Enter 0 if negative. 9. Unused Section 1931(b) deduction. (If fine 6 is 0. enter \$240. Otherwise, subtract fine 6 from line 7	A NONEXEMPT UNEARNED	INCOME BASED INCOME)					
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(add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4). Sources include: net income from property, Social Security nondisability payments, etc. O Child/Spousal Support Payments Received Child support is income to the child, not to the parent or caretaker relative. Divide the \$50 per month child/spousal support deduction by the number of persons for whom the income is intended. Any unused remainder will be prorated among the remaining persons who still have support payments to apply against the deduction. Prorate the unearned IKI among the persons who receive the income. Example: Medi-Cal Family Budget Unit (MFBU) of four and each person receives one-fourth of the IkI. Add an unborn's share of IkI to the pregnant woman's bars. If the pregnant woman is part wo		her PA					
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B. DISABILITY-BASED INCOME 6. Source and amount of disability-based income. (Continue to line 7, even if no disability income.) 7. Section 1931(b) \$240 deduction. 8. Remaining nonexempt disability-based income (subtract line 7 from line 6). Enter 0 if negative. 9. Unused Section 1931(b) deduction, (If line 6 is 0, enter \$240. Otherwise, subtract line 6 from line 7		of four receives free housing. Use IKI for four and each person receives one-fourth of the IKI, Add an unborn's share of IKI to the pregnant woman's share. If the pregnant woman is Public Assistance (PAYOther PA, and not in the MFBU,			n's share of		
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(Continue to line 7, even if no disability income.) 7. Section 1931(b) \$240 deduction. 8. Remaining nonexempt disability-based income (subtract line 7 from line 6). Enter 0 if negative. 9. Unused Section 1931(b) deduction, (If line 6 is 0, enter \$240. Otherwise, subtract line 6 from line 7							
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9 Unused Section 1931(b) deduction. (If line 6 is 0, enter \$240. Otherwise, subtract line 6 from line 7	7. Section 1931(b) \$240 deduct	ion.					
enter \$240. Otherwise, subtract line 6 from line 7							
	enter \$240. Otherwise, subti	9 Unused Section 1931(b) deduction. (If line 6 is 0, enter \$240. Otherwise, subtract line 6 from line 7					

MC 175-31.2R (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 1 of 4

PENDING

a	NONEXEMPT EARNED INCOME			7. 17.	
10.	Source and amount of nonexempt earned income (include TWC, SDI and earned IKI).				
11.	Section 1931(b) deduction from line 9.				3 1
12.	Remaining nonexempt earned income (subtract line 11 from line 10).			·	
13.	50% earned income deduction (one-half of line 12).				
14.	Child care deduction.	<u> </u>			
15.	Other deductions.		 		
16.	Total deductions (add lines 13, 14 and 15).	<u> </u>			
]	Total net nonexempt earned income (subtract line 16 from line 12).				
à	TOTAL COUNTABLE INCOME				
18.	Total countable nonexempt unearned income (line 5).				
19.	Total countable disability-based income (line 8).		 		
20	Total countable nonexempt earned income (line 17).		 		
21.	Income allocated from LTC/B&C person to family members at home (from MC 176W, Part 8, or from MC 175-7, line C.2).				
	Total countable income (add lines 18, 19, 20 and 21).				
	OTAL NET COUNTABLE INCOME AFTER.				
23.	Court-ordered child support or alimony.				
24.	Income used to determine PA eligibility (MC 175-6, line B.3 or B.4).				
25.	Other deductions:				
26.	Total deductions (add lines 23, 24 and 25).				
i	Total net countable income (subtract line 26 from line 22). Enter this amount on MC 175-4 if no parent in MFBU, If parent In MFBU, continue.				
Fa I	ARENTALISPONSAL (PIS) ALLOCATION OMPUTATION (Skip it no patrent in NF BU);				
28.	P/S allocation (subtract \$1 from MBSAC for one person).				
ł	Total unearned in-kind income, income from PA or income allocated from LTC/B&C spouse (add lines 3, 4 and 21).				
	Parent's total net nonexempt income (subtract line 29 from line 27).				
	Parent's net nonexempt income less P/S attocation subtract line 28 from line 30); if negative, enter 0.				
	Number of persons for whom Parent A is responsible (MC 175-2, Section A) DO NOT COUNT PARENT A.				

MC 175-31,2R (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 2 of 4

PENDING

Number of persons for whom Parent B is responsible (MC 175-2, Section B). DO NOT COUNT PARENT B.			
34. Child's natural/adoptive parent - check if Parent A and/or B (see MC 175-2).	ОА ОВ	OA OB	OA OB
35. Parent A's allocation to spouse (if any) and natural /adopted children (divide parent A's line 31 by line 32 and enter in applicable box). Do not enter under Parent B if unmarried.			
36. Parent B's allocation to spouse (if any) and natural /adopted children (divide parent B's line 31 by line 33 and enter in applicable box). Do not enter under Parent A if unmarried.			
37. Enter the lesser of either line 28 or 30.			
38. Parent's total net nonexempt income (add lines 29, 37, and 35 or 36).			
39. Child's total net nonexempt income (add lines 27, 35 and 36) enter on MC 175-4.			

PART 2	
	MBU DETERMINATION - PROPERTY AND STANDARD OF ADEQUATE CARE (MBSAC)
O SECTION 1931(B) MBSAC TEST	D SECTION 1931(B) PROPERTY DETERMINATION
1. Include unborn in the mother's MBU and property limit/MBS. If pregnant woman is PA/Other PA, include the unborn in the 2. Do not include an excluded child. 3. Do not list MBU members in more than one MBU. 4. If any MBU has excess property, check to see if Medi-Cal lin 5. Property determinations; enter the allocation for each spouse 6. Enter each person's net nonexempt income from lines 38 or	okage still exists for other family members. Is from MC 324, line 29.

Ĺ	MBU NUME	BER		
Person n	ame/number	Net Nonexempt D Property	() Income	
1.				
2				
3.				
4.	4.			
5.				
6.				
	TOTAL			
MBU's	☐ Property Limit ☐ MBSAC			
☐ Income	ne) property - FAIL ineligibility at or exceeds N eligible - below MBSAC -			

M8U NUMB	ER
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt Property Income
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
TOTAL	
MBU's ☐ Property Limit ☐ MBSAC	
(Check one) Dexcess property - FAIL Income ineligibility at or exceeds M Income eligible - below MBSAC - F	

MC 175-3[.2R (4/99) 1931 Group

Page 3 of 4

PENDING

MBU NUMBER		
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt ☐ Property ☐ Income	
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6		
_ TOTAL		
MBU's		
(Check one) □ Excess property - FAIL □ Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL		

MBU NUME	BER
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt O Property O Income
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
TOTAL	
MBU's	
(Check one) □ Excess property - FAIL □ Income ineligibility at or exceeds N □ Income eligible - below MBSAC - I	

MBU NUMBER					
Person na	ame/number	Net Nonexempt O Property	☐ Income		
,1 .					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
	TOTAL				
MBU's	☐ Property Limit ☐ M8SAC				
(Check one) © Excess property - FAIL © Income ineligibility at or exceeds MBSAC - Property eligible - FAIL © Income eligible - below MBSAC - Property eligible - PASS					

MBU NUMBER				
Person name/number	Net Nonexempt O Property I Income			
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
TOTAL				
MBU's				

Page 4 of 4

MC 175-3I.2R (4/99) 1931 Group

PENDING

SECTION NO.: 50226 MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219

DATE: MARCH 1, 2000

				\				
State of California—Hamilto and Human Services Agency Department of Health Service Department								
PROPERTY RESERVE WORK SHEET Case Number Month								
Name	_ Case Nun							
L NONEXEMPT OTHER REAL PROPERTY (ORP)		II. PROPERTY RESERVE: USE REVERSE TO ITEMIZE OR T				OR TO		
A. Determine market value and encumbrances of	ORP on revers	0, 1	. Excess va	lue ORP			ł	
and list in 1 and 2. Note: If ORP owned join	itly with person	15	a. Enter l	from Col. I, line C1			4	
not in MFBU, list only the share of market va		الما	b. Enter t	from Col. I, fine C5	L		4	
encumbrances of persons in MFBU.	15	⊣	c. Line 1:	a1b			S	
1. Market Value per Section 50412	<u> </u>	- 2	. Notes, mo	ortgages, deeds of tr	ust NOT I	rom the		
2. Encumbrances per Section 50413	<u> </u> \$	⊣		al property owned by			\$	
3. Net Market Value (fine 1 minus line 2)	<u> </u>	3.	. Liquid ass	ets (money, checking)	savings a	ocounts,		
4. Life Estate (determine value per Section 50442		1	stocks, bo	onds, etc. (other than	for busin	ess)]	\$	
and procedure 9A)	\$	- 4	. CSV of no	onexempt life insuran	ce		S	
Net Market Value of notes, mortgages, deeds of trust from sale of real property owned by MFBU				ls, vaults, or crypts n		ily use		
trust from sale of real property owned by wired frembet	s		•	kempt as ORP		.,	s	
6. Total net ORP (add lines 3, 4, and 5)		-		signated burial lunds	0.0000	4 61 50		
Enter in Column I, line C1	s			ess vehicles, boats,"			1	SATE :
B. INCOME FROM NONEXEMPT ORP	mineral markets	_ 1		one exempt for trans				
		-	CATION THAN	Market Value	зропалот.			
1. Rental income Yearly, if yes, \$+ 1:	z I s	1		a.g., DMV Scense			1	Deve-
	1000	-{	hem	lee x 50 or appraised value	Encum	ntvance		
2. Upkeep and Repair	25 7	<u>:</u>		47			S	el americ
, a, \$x.15	A STATE OF THE STA	<u> </u>			- 		\$	
Line B1 \$	33.33	<u> </u>			1		\$	
b. + \$4.17			lewelpt no	ot exempt and valued	Lover \$10	10	\$	
c. Une a + b						<u> </u>	s	
d. Actual upkeep and repair \$	Company of the Company	_		stable property			3	
e. Greater of line 2c or 2d	\$	-	-	roperty reserve 1 through 9)		İ	S	
☐ Monthly 3. Interest ☐ Yearly, If yes, \$+ + 12	s			care insurance exert	ntion			
4. Taxes and Monthly			(benefits pa		puon	- 1	- \$	
Assessments Yearly, if yes, \$+ 12	s			spouse resource allo			<u>-</u>	
[] Monthly	 					-4 12		
5. Utilities	s			nty reserve (line 10 n	וו צטחווי	12)	<u> </u>	
Monthly		1		persons in MFBU nit for MFBU		i	•	
6. Insurance Yearly, If yes, \$+ 12	s			reater than line 13?				
7. Total expenses (add lines 2e through 6)	s	•	•	perty eligible				
8. Net rental income (line 1 minus line 7) Enter	<u> </u>	1 (No-exc	ess property—ineligi	ble	•		
on MC 176 M Column I or II)	s			erty requirements.	un balour			
9. Income from ORP other than rental income	!			nplete Sneede Screenir OPERTY SCREENIJ			.3.5	-7
(Section 50508) (Enter on MC 176 M, Column I or II)	S			ty and MFBU includes			the los	owines =
10. Total income from ORP (line 8 plus line 9)	S			FBU INCLUDE:			YE\$	NO
-C: UTILIZATION-NONEXEMPT ORP		1. /	A stepparer	nt with property?			0	
1. Total Net Market Value of ORP (from Col. 1, line A6)	S			ed couple with mutua	child(ren)?	D	0
2. 6% per year utilization requirement	\$ X.005			own nonexempt proj		"	Ö	7
3. Income needed \$				caretaker relative in		. 1		
4. a. Is 810 greater than C3? Yes () No () If	yes, utilization			the child(ren) for who				
met. If no, recompute rental income with actua	l upkeep and			d the caretaker want			0_	
repair, if lower.	. ⊓ № □			of the above, stop h				- - -
 b. Is 810 now greater than or equal to C37 Yes If yes, utilization met. 	יט יייי ט			my of the above and: BU includes a pa			-	15.2
	: [] № []	•		3P, and MC175-4.	rent, co	ייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי		13-2,
5. Exemption: If 4a, b, or c is yes, enter lesser		•	2) the MFB	U does not include a		complete		
of \$5,000 or line C1. Otherwise, enter Ø.	<u>s</u>		and MC					
ligibility Worker Signature	Worker Number	97	Computation	on Date		County	Use	
i	·							

MC 178 P (1/99)

PENDING

State of Cartorna—Heaven and Welfort Agency

Department of Health Service

SECTION 1931(b) SNEEDE V. KIZER PROPERTY WORK SHEET

Case .tame	County district	County use
Case number	Ellicovo date	
	Month .	Year

INSTRUCTIONS

- List all nonexempt property from MC 176P-1931.
- If property is owned by more than one person, equally divide the net market value by the number of owners unless evidence
 is provided to rebut the division.
- Joint bank accounts: If available to anyone in the MFBU, do not count the money in a joint account against the MFBU more than once. Equally prorate the bank account among the owners in the MFBU (subject to rebuttal).
- · Stepparent property is exempt.

L ALLOCATION FROM SPOUSE/PARENT

- A. For a married couple, enter their total community property in Column III. Enter each spouse's separate property in Column III.
- B. For an unmarried couple or a single parent, enter their separate property in Column III; leave Column II blank.

LIST EXEMPT PROPERTY AND	L LIST ONLY THE PARENT'S IL COMMUNIT		DIL SEPAR	ATE PROPERTY
NAME OF OWNER	NONEXEMPT PROPERTY	PROPERTY	Parent A	Parent B
	Nonexempt Other Real Property			
	2. Checking			
	3. Savings 4. Other			
	5. Cash			
	6. Nonexempt Vehicle			
	7. Other			
•	8.		1	
	9.		1	
	10.			
	11. Subtotal Net Nonexempt Property	s	s	S
	12. Enter each spouse's share of community property (divide line 11, Column II, by 2)		s	s
	13. Parent's total net nonexempt property	(add lines 11 and 12)		
-	Number of persons for whom each parent is responsible (see totals on MC 175-2)		1	
	15. Allocation to each person for whom pa (divide line 13 by line 14)	rent is responsible	(A) S Enter on line 27.	(B) \$ Enter on line 28.

NC 324 (9/98) 1931 Group

PENDING

SECTION NO.: 50226

MANUAL LETTER NO.: 219

DATE: MARCH 1, 2000

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State of California—Heaton and Weffare Agency

VEHICLE DETERMINATION WORK SHEET

·	FOR 1931 GROUP		• • •
Case name			Case number
DIRECTIONS	VEHICLE NUMBER ONE	VEHICLE NUMBER TWO	VEHICLE NUMBER THREE
List all vehicles owned by anyone in the MFBU. NOTE: Complete additional work sheets if more than three vehicles.	Make Model Year	Make Model Year	Make Model Year
STEP ONE—Only Licensed Valicles and Unificensed Vehicles, Go to Step Two.			
A vehicle used for any reason listed below is exempt. 1. On the job or for income producing purposes even i 2. Long distance travel essential to individual's employ 3. Home (only one vehicle per household). 4. Transportation of disabled individual living in the hor 5. Transportation of primary fuel/water for the home.	rment, e.g., traveling sales, (
Is vehicle exempt? If yes, fist reason and STOP. If NO, go to Step Two.	Yes No	☐ Yes ☐ No	Peasor:
STEP TWO Only Vehicles Not Elemen in Step One.	8.6 & 4. (1.5) to 1. (1.5) The Control of the Contr		
A. Enter estimate of Fair Market Value (FMV).	FMV \$	FMV \$	FMV 5
B. Licensed Only—II Unlicensed, Go to Step Two (C). Enter excess FMV (estimate of FMV minus \$4,650). If zero, then exempt, STOP. If not zero, go to Step Two (C).	- 4,650 Extess FMV \$	- 4,650 Excess FMV \$	- 4.650 Excess FMV S
C. All Remaining Vehicles—Enter encumbrance (amount owed).	Amount owed \$	Amount owed \$	Amount owed \$
D. Determine equity value (EV) of vehicle (FMV of vehicle from Step Two (A) minus encumbrance in Step Two (C)).	EV \$	EV \$	EV \$
STERTHREE-Countable Vehicle Value			
A. Compare Step Two (B) and Step Two (D). Enter the <i>lesser value</i> .	Check One Excess FMV S Or EV S	Check One Excess FMV S Of EV S	Check One Excess FMV S Or EV S
 Enter \$1,500 in the column under the one vehicle with the highest equity value. If excess FMV is the lesser amount, enter zero. Enter zero in all columns where \$1,500 is not entered. 	- s	- s	-\$
C. Subtract Step Three (B) from Step Three (A) and enter result. If zero, then car is exempt. If not zero, then enter amount on Property Reserve Work Sheet (MC 176 P. (Bock) 1931)	- \$	- \$	-\$

MC 176 P-Y (10/98) 1931 Group

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