

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH TRANSFORMATION

MHSA VERSUS BHSA Comparing The Funding Allocations

CURRENT MHSA ALLOCATION

COUNTY ALLOCATION

95%

76% Community Services and Supports (CSS)

51% of this is for Full Service Partnerships.

The rest is allocated for General System Development, Outreach and Engagement, CSS and MHSA Housing.

19% Prevention and Early Intervention

The goal is to help counties implement services that promote wellness, foster health, and prevent the suffering that can result from untreated mental illness.

5% Innovation

The goal is to increase access to underserved groups, increase the quality of services, promote interagency collaboration, and increase access to services.

STATE DIRECTED

5%

Administrative functions performed by a variety of state entities.



BHSA ALLOCATION

COUNTY ALLOCATION

90%

35% Full Service Partnerships (No longer under CSS)

Includes mental health, supportive services, and substance use disorder treatment services.

35% Behavioral Health Services and Supports

Includes early intervention; outreach and engagement; workforce education and training; capitol facilities; technological needs; and innovative pilots and projects.

51% of BHSS funds must be used for early intervention programs. 51% of early intervention funding must be used to serve individuals age 25 & younger.

30% Housing Interventions

For children and families, youth, adults, and older adults living with SMI/SED and/or SUD who are experiencing or at risk of homelessness. Includes rental subsidies, operating subsidies, shared and family housing, capital, and the non-federal share for certain transitional rent.

50% is prioritized for housing interventions for the chronically homeless. Up to 25% may be used for capital development.

STATE DIRECTED

10%

4% Population-Based Prevention

51% of funding must be used to serve individuals age 25 & younger.

3% Behavioral Health Workforce

3% State Administration

(\$20 million gets directed to the BHSA Innovation Partnership Fund annually)

Note: counties will have the flexibility within the above funding areas to move up to 7% from one category into another, for a maximum of 14% more added into any one category, to allow counties to address their different local needs and priorities - based on data and community input.