DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES 714/744 P STREET SACRAMENTO, CA 95814

July 1, 1988

TO: All County Welfare Directors All County Administrative Officers Letter No.: 88-43

SUBJECT: ANALYSIS OF THE MEDI-CAL QUALITY CONTROL DATA FOR THE OCTOBER 1986 - SEPTEMBER 1987 REVIEW YEAR

The purpose of this letter is to:

- Provide you with a preliminary analysis of the Quality Control (QC) data covering the October 1986 - September 1987 review year which was sent to all county welfare directors on April 15, 1988.
- Provide you with the results of a chi-square analysis of factors contributing to QC errors for the same period which was prepared by the QC Section
- o Identify statewide error trends which will require corrective action
- o Request your ideas in statewide corrective action planning

### Analysis of Statewide Data

The statewide case error rate for the October 1986 - September 1987 review year was 8.49 percent, excluding liability overstated and state assumed errors. This represents an increase from the 6.79 percent for the previous review year, but remains at a very low level when compared to the high of 20.31 percent for the October 1981 - March 1982 period. The Trend Analysis Table (Attachment I) depicts the statewide case and regressed (federal) dollar error rates for the past twelve review periods. Remember that the regressed dollar error rates represent data from the federal sample only and always include those errors that are based on compliance issues as well as other errors.

Over fifty two percent of all case errors which occurred in the October 1986 - September 1987 review year were caused by the beneficiary. The program element which had the highest number of all case errors was Wages and Salaries (79 errors; 21.01 percent), which occurred primarily in aid codes 34 and 82. Most of these (63) were due to the failure of the beneficiary to report changes in earned income. This is an area which merits attention at both the county and state levels. All County Welfare Directors Page 2

Other program elements with high case error rates due to the beneficiary were: 150 - Living Arrangements, occurring primarily in aid codes 13 and 34 (total 33 errors; 19 of which were beneficiary), 211 - Bank Accounts or Cash on Hand, primarily in aid code 13 (total 15 errors; 14 of which were beneficiary), 332 - Veterans Benefits, primarily in aid code 13 (total 15 errors; 10 of which were beneficiary), and 346 - Other Government Benefits, also in aid code 13 (29 errors; 18 of which were beneficiary caused). Development of a statewide corrective action initiative to reduce beneficiary errors in all elements is planned this year and should help decrease errors in these elements.

Most of the agency caused errors occurred in elements 185 - Blindness or Disability, all of which were in aid code 64 (12 errors; all due to the agency), element 186 - Other Categorical Relatedness, primarily in aid codes 34 and 86 (19 errors; 18 due to the agency), and 331 - RSDI, primarily in long-term care cases (45 errors; 29 due to the agency). At least six of the errors in element 186 were in cases with aid code 86 (Medically Indigent Pregnant Women - No Share of Cost) and were due to the agency's failure to discontinue the recipient timely after the birth of her child. Failure of the agency to take appropriate action after a change in the household composition was also a factor in the 14 agency errors which occurred in element 150 - Living Arrangements. Counties should be aware of this error trend and take steps to ensure that workers take appropriate action on reported changes. We also suggest that county staff review All County Welfare Directors (ACWD) Letter 87-62 covering this subject.

Errors in element 185 are usually due to the agency's failure to verify disability or blindness. These errors have the potential of resulting in very high misspent dollars. All counties should remind their staff to always verify disability or blindness per Title 22, California Code of Regulations, Section 50167 (a) (1) and ACWD Letter 87-47 to avoid such errors.

A further analysis of the causes of the errors in elements 186 and 331 is planned, and the results as well as any statewide corrective actions implemented will be shared with counties at a later date.

A comprehensive chi-squared error analysis (Attachment II) has been prepared by Quality Control for your review and consideration when analyzing individual county errors.

### County Case Error Rates

In reviewing the statewide QC data for the review year, several county error patterns are apparent. Thirty-eight counties increased their case error rates from the previous year, nineteen counties decreased, and one county had no change. There were eighteen counties with a case error rate exceeding ten percent. Of those, five counties had error rates which exceeded fifteen percent. These data represent an increase in county error rates from the previous year (see Trend Analysis of Case Error Rates by County table All County Welfare Directors Page 3

Attachment III). Staff from the Corrective Action Unit will work closely with those counties having problems to identify individual error trends and assist them in developing corrective actions.

### County Corrective Action Plans

Welfare and Institutions Code, Section 14016 h requires that an individual county corrective action plan (CAP) be required from all counties which exceed a fifteen percent case error rate. This year there are five counties meeting that criteria. A county CAP must follow the format described in the Medi-Cal Corrective Action Handbook which was transmitted to all counties via ACWD Letter 85-63. Those counties required to complete a CAP have been individually notified by letter, and corrective action staff will be available to assist them in the development of their CAPs.

We hope this information has been helpful to counties in analyzing the QC data and identifying statewide and county specific error trends. We encourage counties with suggestions for statewide corrective actions to reduce the errors discussed in this letter to share their ideas with the corrective action liaison assigned to their county.

Sincerely,

Original signed by

Frank S. Martucci, Chief Medi-Cal Eligibility Branch

Attachment

cc: Medi-Cal Liaisons Medi-Cal Program Consultants

Expiration Date: June 30, 1989

## TREND ANALYSIS

# MEDI-CAL QUALITY CONTROL ERROR RATES

REGRESSION ERROR RATE

	01	STATE		ILE	ILE	2.0453%	1.4735%	XXXXX	XXXXX	XXXXX	XXXXX	ххххх	XXXXX	XXXXX	XXXXX	
COMPLIANCE ISSUES INCLUDED	Yes	HCFA		NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE	6.5981%	3.3992%	3.0824%	3.1500%	5.4417%	3.0255%	4.3866%	1.1151%	6.0961%	3.6957%	
		OVERALL	<b>LES</b>		1.31%	1.63%	1.14%	1.07%	1.63%	1.91%	2.66%	2.22%	1.28%	. 89	1.04%	-
		AFDC	ERROR RATES		0.15%	0.19%	0.44%	0.33\$	0.45%	0.03%	0.36%	0.01%	0.54%	0.03%	0.22%	- - - -
	TOTAL	MAO	PAYMENT	3.36%	1.98%	2.60%	1.63%	1.59%	2.53%	3.33\$	4.46%	3.37%	1.89%	5.49%	3.14%	
	n∕s	soc			0.76%	0.30%	0.44%	0.42%	0.61%	0.67%	1.00%	0.76%	1.17%	2.69%	<b>%06.0</b>	
	Inel-	igible			1.22%	2.30%	1.19%	1.17%	1.92\$	2.66%	3.46%	2.61%	0.72%	2.80%	24	
	REVIEW	PERIOD		Apr87-Sep87	Oct86-Mar87	Apr86-Sep86	Oct85-Mar86	Apr85-Sep85	Oct84-Mar85	Apr84-Sep84	Oct83-Mar84	Apr83-Sep83	Oct82-Mar83	Apr82-Sep82	Oct81-Mar82	

CASE ERROR RATES (excluding overstated liability errors)

TOTAL ERRORS	179 202	175 163	212	208 81	83	128	348	208	TRW DRPTOD
SAMPLE SIZE EI		2495	2595	2585 976	<b>P</b>	910 875	1005	1024	METVER TOBONCO
TOTAL MAO		01	• •	8.05% 8.30%	•	8.68% 14.63%	19.80%	31%	ACFECMENT
U/S SOC		ເທ c	. 28	3.95% 3.18%	.06	5.05% 3.89%	5.27%	5.18%	DENATURY AS
Inel- igible	2.	.16	• •	4.10% 5.12%	47	3.63% 10.74%	14.53%	15.14%	TUCT DE
	Apr87-Sep87 Oct86-Mar87	Apr86-Sep86	Apr85-Sep85	Oct84-Mar85 Apr84-Sep84	Oct83-Mar84	Apr83-Sep83 Oct82-Mar83	Apr82-Sep82	Oct81-Mar82	+

×

ATTACHMENT II

### ERROR RATE ANALYSIS

In order to identify characteristics of the errors, Chi-squared analysis was done on possible relationships between aid code, element code, nature code, responsibility, and initial findings. The Chi-squared test shows only the existence of a relationship, not the strength of any relationship. With this type of test, it is possible to identify factors that have a statistically significant relationship to error proneness, allowing a targeted approach to corrective action.

Once the existence of a relationship is identified, it is then necessary to analyze the relationship to determine why some instances have high error counts or amounts. To concentrate on only those instances where the actual frequency exceeds the expected frequency is to incorrectly presume that errors with fewer than the expected frequency are acceptable, regardless of magnitude. The objective of this analysis is to identify the overall relationships and then identify those instances that are error prone and therefore merit more frequent and/or intensive reviews.

### <u>ANALYSIS</u>

The Chi-squared analysis indicates that there is a significant relationship between:

Element Code and Responsibility Nature Code and Responsibility Initial Findings and Responsibility Aid Code and Existence of Errors

There was not a significant relationship between Aid Code and Responsibility.

### AID CODES

The aid codes producing the greatest numbers of errors are 13 and 34. The next order of magnitude include 14, 63, 64 and 82.

For each of these aid codes, the following are the primary element and nature codes accounting for the errors. For reference, attached is a list of the descriptions of each of the element and nature codes.

Aid Code 13:

Element Code: 331, 346, 332 and 550. Nature Code: 59, 37, 99 and 29.

Aid Code 34:

Element Code: 311, 150 and 184 Nature Code: 37, 39, 99, 7 and 22 Aid Code 82: Element Code: 311 Nature Code: 37 Aid Code 64: Element Code: 185 Nature Code: 27 Aid Code 14: Element Code: 211, 311, 346 Nature Code: 99, 37, 29

### RESPONSIBILITY

A review of the agency caused errors indicates that the higher incidence of errors occurs in element codes 185, 186, 331, 362 and 530. The nature codes having a higher incidence of agency caused error are 7, 27, 37, 38, and 99.

There is a higher incidence of agency caused error for cases resulting in a liability overstated, eligible with ineligible members, and ineligible errors. There is a major difference for eligible with ineligible members errors.

### SUMMARY

This analysis has highlighted aid code, element code and nature codes that have high incidences of error. The above tests support the inference that the population of errors are concentrated in certain aid codes, element and nature codes. It is necessary to determine what makes the aid codes susceptible to error and why there is a high incidence of error associated with certain element codes and nature codes. With this information, counties can review their procedures and develop controls that will reduce or eliminate the errors.

### Element

- 150 Living Arrangements and Household Composition
- 184 Unemployed Parent
- 185 Blindness/Disability Determination
- 211 Bank Account or Cash on Hand
- 311 Wages and Salaries
- 331 RSDI Benefits
- 332 Veterans Benefits
- 346 Other Unearned Income
- 550 Other State Medicaid Criteria

### Nature

- 7 Ineligible Person(s) Included
- 22 Employed Full Time
- 27 Not Disabled During Review Month
- 29 Exceeds Prescribed Limits
- 37 Not Including Certain Income
- 39 Employment status changed from unemployed to employed
- 59 Unearned income increased
- 99 Other

.

### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES MEDI-CAL QUALITY CONTROL

### TREND ANALYSIS OF CASE ERROR RATES BY COUNTY

COUNTY	10/84-	4/85-	TWELVE	10/85-	4/86- 9/86	TWELVE MONTHS	CHANGE BETWEEN YEARS	10/86- 3/87	4/87- 9/87	TWELVE MONTHS	CHANGE BETWEEN YEARS
	3/85	9/85	MONTHS	3/86							
ALAMEDA	7.35%	4.55%	5.97%	4.48%	3.03%	3.76%	-2.21X	14.81%	14.55%	14.68%	10.92%
ALPINE	33.33%	0.00%	14.29%	16.67%	12.50%	14.29%	0.00%	14.29%	16.67%	15.38%	1.09%
AMADOR	3.57%	7.14%	5.36%	10.71%	0.00%	5.56%	0.20%	8.00%	4.17%	6.12%	0.56%
BUTTE	2.56%	12.50%	7.59%	10.26%	2.63%	6.49%	-1.10%	18.92%	16,13%	17.65%	11.16%
CALAVERAS	3.57%	10.00%	8.62%	0.00%	13.04%	6.12%	-2.50%	11.54%	0.00%	6.52%	0.40%
COLUSA	0.00%	6.67%	3.57%	12.00%	3.85%	7.84%	4.27%	4.17%	0.00%	2.13%	-5.71%
CONTRA COSTA	6.67%	6.12%	6.38%	4,65%	6.52%	5.62%	-0.76%	Z.27%	2.86%	2.53%	-3.09%
DEL NORTE	7.14%	3.70%	7.27%	4.17%	0.00%	2.00%	-5.27%	0.00%	13.04%	7,14%	5.14%
EL DORADO	10.34%	7.41%	8.93%	3.70%	0.00%	1.85%	-7.08%	4.17%	15.00%	9.09%	7.24%
FRESNO	8.82%	21.21%	15.67%	8.70%	9.09%	8.89%	-6.78%	11.29%	14.06%	12.70%	3.81%
GLENN	7,41%	22.22%	14.81%	7.41%	7.14%	7.27%	-7.54%	12.50%	8.33%	10.42%	3.15%
HUMBOLDT	5.26%	4.00%	4.55%	2.00%	2.22%	2.11%	-2.44%	0.00%	26.47%	13.64%	11.53%
IMPERIAL	1.89%	0.00%	1.05%	7.14%	6.52%	6.82%		12.77%	4.65%	8.89%	2.07%
INYO	0.00%	3.45%	1.79%	0.00%	3.57%	2.04%		0.00%	5.00%	2.50%	0.46%
KERN	2.04%	4.08%	3.06%	0.00%	3.85%	1.98%		2.08%	2.44%	2.25%	0.277
KINGS	3.45%	0.00%	1.72%	3.57%	7.14%	5.36%		0.00%	20.83%	14.29%	
LAKE	14.81%	0.00%	11.54%	3.33%	11.54%	7.27%		4.17%	25.00%	14.58%	7.312
LASSEN	18.52%	14.29%	16.36%	7.69%	3.85%	5.77%		4.76%	7.69%	6.38%	
LASSEN	15.03%	8.67%	10.97%	10.19%	9.77%	9.98%		11.91%	9.06%	10.46%	
	7.69%	7.89%	7.79%	5,00%	5.00%	5.00%		2,50%	8.82%	5.41%	
MADERA		2.50%	3.85%	2.56%	2.44%	2.50%		4,88%	12.12%	8.11%	
MARIN	5.26%	6.25%	9.52%	0.00%	15.79%	11.54%		11,54%	0.00%	6.52%	
MARIPOSA	11.50%			8.33%	18.18%	13.33%		8.70%	4.17%	6.38%	
MENDOCINO	10.81%	15.00%	12.99%	2.70%	12.20%	7.69%		8.11%	18.52%	12.50%	
MERCED	9.76%	13.16%	11.39%	16,00%	13.64%	14.89%		11.54%	18.18%	14.58%	
NODOC	11,54%	7.69%	9.62%	0,00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
MONO	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		8.00%	9.18%		10.00%	8.89%	9.47%	
MONTEREY	14.00%	13.46%	13.73%	10.42%		15.38%		3.85%	12.00%	7.84%	
нара	3.57%	6.67%	5.17%	18.52%	12.00%	3.85%		8.11%	17.39%	14.587	
NEVADA	7.14%	3.45%	5.26%	0.00%	7.69%			1.61%	5.00%	3.28%	
ORANGE	1.43%	8.96%	6.57%	10.45%	4.84%	7.75%		17.65%	13.79%	15.87%	
PLACER	10.71%	7.41%	9.09%	3.70%	6.90%	5.36%				4.44%	
PLUMAS	3.70%	7,14%	5.45%	17.24%	3.85%	10.91%		8.70%	0.00%		
RIVERSIDE	10.29%	7.04%	8.63%	6.06%	3.08%	4.58%		6.67%	8.00%	7.27%	
SACRAMENTO	5.97%	8.57%	7.30%	10.61%	9.52%	10.00%		8.20%	5.00%	6.61%	
SAN BENITO	3.33%	6.90%	5.08%	7.14%	7.41%	7.27		20.00%	21.74%	20.75%	
SAN BERNARDING	8,70%	5.63%	7.14%	2.78%	13.43%			5.26%	3.77%		
SAN DIEGO	8.75%	3.70%	6.21%	5.95%	5.13%	5.56%		7.69%	4.23%		
SAN FRANCISCO	5.71%	20.90%	13.14%	3.17%	8.62%	5.793		28.57%	10.42%		
SAN JOAQUIN	7.69%	5.88%	6.80%	5.77%	2.00%	3.962	<b>6 -2.84</b> %	8.89%	2.08%	5.382	1.42

.

EXCLUDES OVERSTATED LIABILITY ERRORS and STATE ASSUMED ERRORS

.

### DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES MEDI-CAL QUALITY CONTROL

## TREND ANALYSIS OF

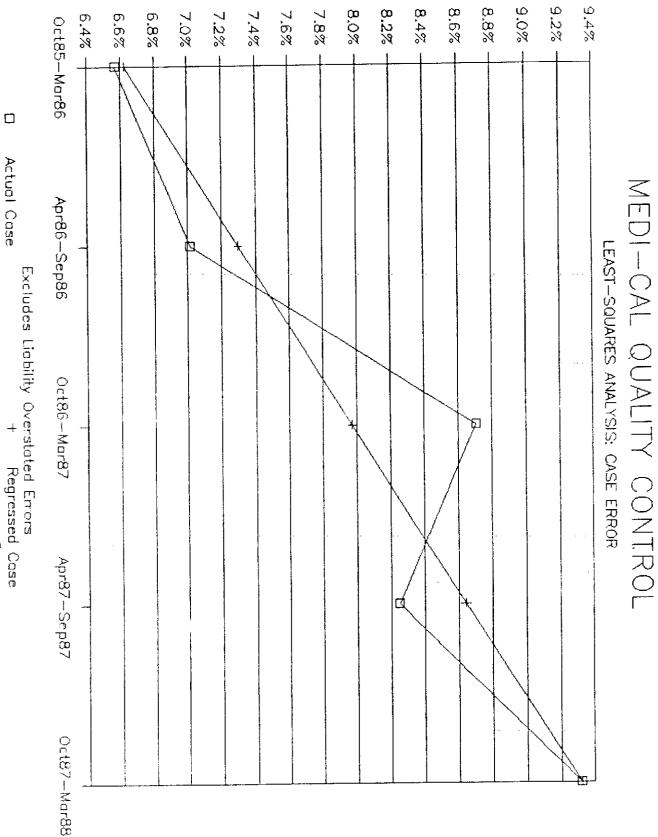
CASE ERROR RATES BY COUNTY
----------------------------

							CHANGE				CHANGE
COUNTY	10/84-	4/85-	TWELVE	10/85-	4/86-	TWELVE	BETWEEN	10/86-	4/87-	TWELVE	BETWEEN
	3/85	9/85	MONTHS	3/86	9/86	MONTHS	YEARS	3/87	9/87	MONTHS	YEARS
SAN LUIS OBISPO	5.26%	19.44%	12.16%	11.11%	4.88%	7.79%	-4.37%	13.16%	6.45%	10.14%	2.35%
SAN MATEO	7.69%	2.00%	4.90%	2.00%	12.77%	7.22%	2.32%	2.94%	9.68%	6.15%	
SANTA BARBARA	6.12%	6.52%	6.32%	8.00%	8.51%	8.25%	1.93%	7.69%	6.06%	6.94%	-1.31%
SANTA CLARA	1.92%	1.96%	1,94%	1.89%	1.85%	1.87%	-0.07%	12.28%	10.71%	11.50%	9.63%
SANTA CRUZ	2.56%	7.69%	5.13%	5.26%	0.00%	2.63%	-2.50%	8.57%	0.00%	4.62%	1.99%
SHASTA	2.56%	8.11%	5.26%	2.63%	5.13%	3.98%	-1.36%	10.53%	15.15%	12.68%	8.70%
SIERRA	15.00%	13.64%	14.29%	7.14%	18.18%	12.00%	-2.29%	11.11%	0.00%	5.56%	-6.44%
SISKIYOU	6.90%	3.45%	5.17%	6.90%	0.00%	3.57%	-1.60%	12.00%	4.00%	8.00%	4.43%
SOLANO	9.76%	7.32%	8.54%	0.00%	2,63%	1.30%	-7.24%	0.00%	10.00%	4.62%	3.32%
SONOMA	0.00%	7.69%	3.88%	12.24%	9.62%	10.89%	7.01%	1.96%	2.17%	2.06%	-8.83%
STANISLAUS	3.77X	10.20%	6.86%	5.88%	7.84%	6.86%	0.00%	6.52%	0.00%	3.23%	-3.63%
SUTTER	6.67%	0.00%	3,51%	6.90%	3.57%	5.26%	1.75%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-5.26%
TEHAMA	3.85%	7.14%	7.41%	12,00%	6.90%	9.26%	1.85%	3.45%	12.50%	7.55%	-1.71%
TRINITY	3.85%	0.00%	1.85%	0.00%	3.57%	1.82%	-0.03%	13.64%	0.00%	6.82%	5.00%
TULARE	1.89%	12.96%	7.48%	5.77%	16.00%	10.78%	3.30%	10.00%	9.80%	9.90%	-0.88%
TUOLUMNE	3.57%	3.33%	3.45%	3.70%	3.45%	3.57%	0.12%	3.85%	9.09%	6.25%	2.68%
VENTURA	11.32%	3.92%	7.69%	6.12%	6.52%	6.32%	-1.37%	8.51%	4.44%	6.52%	0.20%
YOLO	7.69%	7.32%	7.50%	0.00%	5.41%	2.60%	-4.90%	5.41%	3.45%	4.55%	1.95%
YUBA	10.34%	6.90%	8.62%	3.57%	6.90%	5.26%	-3.36%	3,70%	0.00%	1.89%	-3.37%
STATE	7.50%	7.94%	7.74%	6.49%	6.95%	6.72%	-1.02%	8.71%	8.25%	8.49%	1.77%

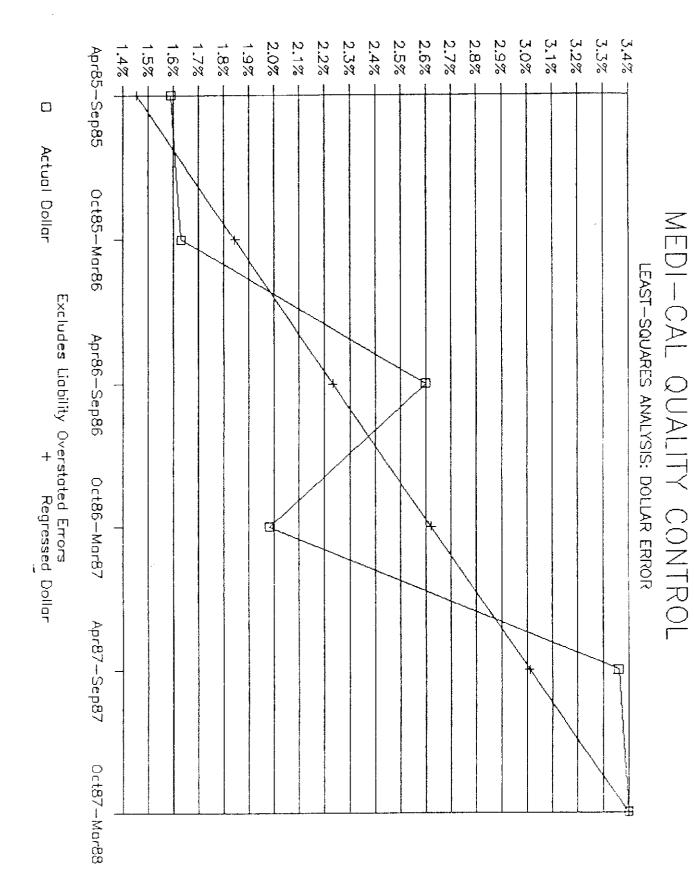
EXCLUDES OVERSTATED LIABILITY ERRORS and STATE ASSUMED ERRORS

.

.



PERCENT ERROR



PERCENT ERROR

				PERCENT					
ELEMENT	AGENCY	CLIENT	TOTAL	AGENCY	E1,1	£1,2	X1,1	X1,2	X^2
110	4	2	6	66.67%	3	3	0.333333	0.333333	0.666666
120	- 0	1	1	0.00%	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1
130	9	0	9	100.00%	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	9
140	ź	8	10	20.00%	5	5	1.8	1.8	3.6
150	14	21	35	40.00%	17.5	17.5	0.7	0.7	1.4
182	3	0	3	100.00%	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3
183	2	2	4	50.00%	2	2	0	0	0
184	8	5	13	61.54%	6.5	6.5	0.346153	0.346153	0.692307
185	12	0	12	100.00%	6	6	6	6	12
186	19	1	20	95.00%	10	10	8.1	8,1	16.2
211	1	14	15	6.67%	7.5	7.5		5.633333	11.26666
. 213	0	1	1	0.00%	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1
221	2	2	4	50.00%	2	2	0	0	0
223	3	0	3	100.00%	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3
224	1	Ô	1	100.00%	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1
225	0	3	3	0.00%	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3
311	17	64	81	20.99%	40.5	40.5		13.63580	
312	1	1	2	50.00%	1	1	0	0	Û
331	41	24	65	63.08%	32.5			2.223076	
332	7	10	17	41.18%	8.5			0.264705	
334	2	2	4	50.00%	2	2		0	0
336	4	10	14	28.57%	7	7		1.285714	
342	2	0	2	100.00%	1	1	1	1	2
346	12	22	34	35.29%	17			1.470588	
362	10	Z	12	83.33%	6	_			5.333333
365	1	2	3	33.33%	1.5				0.333333
371	11	5	16	68.75%	8	8		1.125	2.25
372	11	10	21	52.38%	10.5				0.047619
520	2	0	2	100.00%	1	1		1	
530	11	0	11	100.00%	5.5	5.5		5.5	11
550	5	5	10	50.00%	5	5	0	0	0
TOTAL	217	217	434	50.00X					
AVERAGE				56.99%					

X^2 127.5497

. \_ . . . . . . .

ł

۰.

CRITICAL VALUE 48.52

If the  $X^2$  (Chi-Squared) value is greater than the critical value there is a 95% confidence level that that the element code is related to the source of the error.

.

CHI-SQUARED TEST: AID CODE

			NO		PERCENT					
AID	CODE	ERROR	ERROR	TOTAL	ERROR	E1,1	E1,2	X1,1	X1,2	x^2
	13	162	836	998	16.23%	98 30.645	899.6935	41.26756	4.509166	45.77672
		25	348	373	6.70%	36 76179	336.2582	3.752393	0.410011	4.162404
	14			111	2.70%		100.0661			
	16	3	108				23.43890			
	17	3	23	26	11.54%		3.605986			
	23	0	4	4	0.00%					
	24	1	1	<u></u> 2	50.00%	0.197006	1.802993	3.2/29/3	0.357620	3.630391
	26	0	1	1	0.00%		0.901496			
	30	Ð	1	1	0.00%		0.901496			
-	34	111	1250	1361	8.16%		1226.936			
	37	0	9	9	0.00%		8.113468			
	38	10	122	132	7.58%		118.9975			
	39	6	136	142	4.23%	13,98749	128.0125	4.561219	0.498358	5.059608
	54	0	.58	3	0.00%	0.295510	2.704489	0.295510	0.032289	0.327799
	59	a	5	5	0.00%	0.492517	4.507482	0.492517	0.053815	0.546333
		_	146	174	16.09%		156.8603			
	63	28			11.60%		225.3741			
	64	29	221	250			35.15836			
	66	2	37	39	5.13%					
	67	2	9	11	18.18%					0.859845
	82	39	638	677	5.76%					12.75095
	83	2	3	5	40.00%	0.492517	4.507482	4.614059	0.504162	5.118221
	86	15	37	52	28.85%					21.13018
	40	3	98	101	2.97%	9.948849	91.05115	4.853476	0.536322	5.383799

TOTAL	441	4036	4477	9.85%
AVERAGE				10.71%
COUNT	22			

x^2 127.4999

ĩ

CRITICAL VALUE 33.92

If the  $X^2$  (Chi-Squared) value is greater than the critical value there is a 95% confidence level that that the aid code is related to the source of the error.

CHI-SQUARED TEST: AID CODE

				PERCENT					
AID CODE	AGENCY	CLIENT	TOTAL	AGENCY	E1,1	E1,2	X1,1	X1,2	X^2
13	83	79	162	51.23%		81.93533			
14	12	13	25	48.00%		12.64434			
16	1	2	3	33.33%		1.517321			
17	1	2	3	33.33%		1.517321			
24	1	0	1	100.00%		0.505773			
34	46	62	108	42.59%		54.62355			
38	9	1	<sup>-</sup> 10	90.00%		5.057736			
39	4	2	6	66.67%		3.034642			
- 63	17	11	28	60.71%	13.83833	14.16166	0.722349	0.705857	1.428206
64	17	12	29	58.62%					0.981540
66	1	1	2	50.00%					0.000266
67	0	2	2	0.00%		1.011547			
82	11	27	38	28.95%	18.78060	19,21939	3.223418	3.149824	6.373243
83	1	0	1	100.00%					1.023364
86	10	5	15	66.67%	7.413394	7,586605	0.902491	0.881886	1.784378

ł.

.`

s.

TOTAL	214	219	433	49.42%			
AVERAGE				55.34%			
COUNT	15						
					X^2	•	24.73932
					CRI	TICAL VALUE	26.119

If the  $X^2$  (Chi-Squared) value is greater than the critical value there is a 95% confidence level that that the aid code is related to the source of the error.

CH1 - SQUARE	D TEST: I	INITIAL FI	NDING						
INITIAL FINDING	AGENCY	CLIENT	TOTAL	PERCENT AGENCY	E1,1	E1,2	X1,1	x1,2	X^2
2 3 4 5 6 7	109 34 38 28 9 0	154 21 27 7 8 2	263 55 65 35 17 2	41.44% 61.82% 58.46% 80.00% 52.94% 0.00%	27.43707 32.42562 17.45995 8.480549	27.56292 32.57437 17.54004 8.519450	1.569848 0.958303 6.362/00 0.031817	3.738967 1.562679 0.953928 6.333653 0.031672 0.993155	3.132528 1.912232 12.69635 0.063489
TOTAL AVERAGE COUNT	218	219	437	49.89% 49.11%					
							X^2 CRITICAL	VALUE	27.29056 11.07

ł

If the  $X^2$  (Chi-Squared) value is greater than the critical value there is a 95% confidence level that that initial findings is related to the source of the error.

.

.

				PERCENT				~ 7	X^2
NATURE	AGENCY	CLIENT	TOTAL	AGENCY	E1,1	E1,2	X1,1	X1,2	X 2
	4	0	6		2	2	2	2	4
1 2	<b>4</b> 0	1	1	0.00%	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1
2	0	1	1	0,00%	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1
3	20	17	37	54.05%	18.5	18.5		0.121621	
, 9	2		10	20.00%	5	5	1.8	1.8	3.6
12	3	1	4	75.00%	2	2	0.5	0.5	1
22	8	5	13	61.54%	6.5	6.5	0.346153	0.346153	
27	12	0	12	100.00%	6	6	6	6	12
29	7	16	23	30.43%	11.5	11.5	1.760869	1.760869	3.521739
30	1	2	3	33.33%	1.5			0,166666	
- 36	0 0	1	1	0.00%	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1
37	49	43	92	53.26%	46			0.195652	
38	10	7	17	58.82%	8.5	8.5	0.264705	0.264705	0.529411
39	1	22	23	4.35%	11.5			9,586956	
41	0	19	19	0.00%	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	19
42	4	2	6	66.67%	3			0.333333	
43	1	0	1	100.00%	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1
45	0 0	1	1	0.00%	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1
52	1	2	3	33,33%	1.5			0.166666	
53	8	2	10	80.00%	5	5	1.8	1.8	3.6
59	17	36	53	32.08%	26.5				6.811320
77	2	0	2	100.00%	1	1	1	1	2
83	6	0	6	100.00%	3	3	3	3	6
84	1	0	1	100,00%	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1
99	57	28	85	67.06%	42.5	42.5	4_947058	4.947058	9.894117
TOTAL AVERAGE	214	214	428	50.00% 50.80%					
COUNT	25						X^2		99.79069

.

ł

•

CRITICAL VALUE 40.11

.

If the  $X^2$  (Chi-Squared) value is greater than the critical value there is a 95% confidence level that that the nature code is related to the source of the error.